## **Rare Earth Development Project**

# 11750 La Bar Meadows Road, City of Grass Valley, CA (APN: 22-160-06 and 22-160-33)

### **Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination**



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### **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

Greg Matuzak, a Wildlife Biologist, and Carolyn Chainey-Davis, a Botanist and Wetlands Ecologist, conducted a reconnaissance-level biological resources survey and required background research related to biological resources to develop this Biological Resources Inventory. In addition, potential California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) and United States Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) jurisdiction was assessed within the Rare Earth Development Project (Project) area located at 11750 La Barr Meadows Road within the City of Grass Valley in Nevada County, California (APN: 22-160-06, 25.49 acres and APN: 22-160-33, 8.3 acres). The proposed Project is located within the two parcels and is approximately 33.79 acres in total size. As part of the delineation of potential "waters of the U.S.," including wetlands, within the Project area, Corps protocols for mapping the jurisdictional boundaries of such features subject to regulation under the Clean Water Act (CWA) were implemented. Therefore, this report includes a Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination for the Project area.

The Project area covered under this Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination is located along La Barr Meadows Road approximately 2.25 miles to the south of downtown Grass Valley in Nevada County. It is located on the western side of La Barr Meadows Road (see Appendix A for Project Vicinity and Project Location Figures). The surrounding area includes residential, industrial, and commercial developments and land uses and State Hwy 49 (SR 49) borders the Project area to the west. The Project area does not contain any previously permitted residences; however, the Project area does contain a Nevada Irrigation District (NID) water pipeline dedicated easement for an existing NID water pipeline that crosses the Project area.

There are currently two entrances into the Project area along La Barr Meadows Road, one of which is paved for access to existing parking and storage areas maintained within a fenced area within the eastern section of the Project area. The other entrance is located in the southeastern area of the Project area and also partially paved and connects to the western section of the Project area located adjacent to SR 49. The proposed development within the Project area will include several industrial lots along with related infrastructure for the development. See the attached photo log (Appendix B) for photos documenting existing conditions within the Project area. The proposed Project per the Project Conceptual Plan (dated April 2018) includes up to 14 indsutrial lots ranging between 1.00 and 5.19 acres as well as an approximate 2.47-acre encapsulation pad (Lot A on Project Conceptual Plan). Common Open Space within the Project area will be approximately 9.51 acres and there is a proposed trail system through the Project area. A proposed sewer easement and a proposed sewer maintenance access road are also included within the Project Conceptual Plan. The Project area is located at approximately 2,4000 feet above Mean Sea Level (MSL). The Project area is relatively flat in the central and eastern sections with gentle to medium slopes towards the western portions of the Project area. The highest point within the Project area is located within the southeastern corner of the Project area is approximately 2,455 feet above MSL and the lowest point within the Project area is approximately 2,355 feet above MSL and is located within the northwestern section of the Project area where one of two seasonal ponds is located (see attached Project Location Figure in Appendix A as well as the Project Vicinity Figure). In general, the Project area slopes gently towards the western area towards the lowest areas where the two seasonal ponds are located and then goes up in elevation from the ponds west towards SR 49. Little Wolf Creek runs along the western side of SR 49 and no other streams were identified within the Project area.

In addition, a small, intermittent drainage enters the Project area through a culvert under La Barr Meadows Road. Once the drainage enters the Project area it feeds a large, mapped seasonal forested and shrub-scrub wetland that is dominated by riparian associated trees and vegetation. The mapped seasonal forested and shrub-scrub wetland is dominated by thick Himalayan blackberry bushes and large willow trees and also contains other wetland associated vegetation within and along the fringes of the mapped seasonal forested and shrub-scrub wetland. Only the two seasonal ponds are identified within the National Wetland Inventory (NWI) and National Hydrography Data (NHD) covering the Project area. mapping covering the Project area either. The seasonal pond within the northwestern corner is mapped as a freshwater pond within the NWI and a water body (none) within the NHD. The second seasonal pond located to the south of the larger pond in the northwest corner of the Project area is only mapped under the NHD and is identified as a water body (none).

The Project area is covered mostly by the following habitat types: Ponderosa Pine, Annual Grassland, and Foothill Riparian wetland habitats. Foothill Riparian wetland habitats are associated with the intermittent drainage along the southern edge of La Bar Meadows Road as well as with the leaking NID water pipeline along the southern edge of La Bar Meadows Road. The Foothill Riparian wetland habitats have been documented as seasonal forested and shrub-scrub wetland, dominated by riparian wetland associated species as stated above.

Previous assessments of sensitive biological resources within the Project area have been developed. A Biological Resources Assessment for the Nevada County Corporation Yard Project was developed by Galloway Enterprises (July 2014) and the reporting covers the southern sections of the Project area included in this Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination. Additionally, surveys for the California Red-Legged Frog (CRLF) were conducted for the South Hill Project in Nevada County, CA and those surveys along with a letter report detailing the results was implemented and developed by Foothill Associates (December 9, 2003). The Foothill Associates reporting included all of the Project area within their assessment area and concluded that it is very unlikely CRLF would occur within the Project area. Galloway Enterprises also concludes that it is very unlikely that CRFL would occur within the southern section of the Project area covered in their reporting. Galloway Enterprises also concludes that there is a very low likelihood of California black rail occurring within the southern section of the Project area covered in their reporting and that no federally or State of California listed plant or other species have the potential to occur within the southern section of the Project area covered in their reporting.

The purpose of this Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination is to identify the location and extent of sensitive biological resources within the Project area, including special-status plant and wildlife species, and the presence of drainage/stream/wetland features that could potentially meet the Corps criteria as a "waters of the United States," including wetlands, pursuant to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA). In addition, this Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional includes an assessment streams within the Project area that could be under the jurisdiction of CDFW Code Section 1600 et. seq.

For the purposes of this Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination, potential impacts to sensitive species and wetlands subject to local land use and other regulatory permit requirements are evaluated based on the presence of such sensitive resources within the Project area and the potential to impact such sensitive resources based on the Project layout and design. If avoidance of such sensitive biological resources is infeasible as part of Project design, then minimization of impacts to sensitive biological resources such as wetlands and special-status species would require mitigation measures to be implemented (see Section 5.0 of this Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination).

This Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination also evaluates the City of Grass Valley General Plan and Development Code requirements for any parcel(s) subject to land use changes. Grass Valley Development Code requires a Resource Management Plan for encroachment into a 30-foot stream setback to identify potential impacts to a stream due to any development within the setback. The Resource Management Plan identifies minimization and mitigation measures to implement to limit the potential impact to the stream in the case that development is approved within the 30-foot stream setback. This includes Best Management Practices (BMPs), including erosion control and sedimentation measures to avoid water quality impacts. The proposed Project will not be located within 30-feet from any stream resources given the lack of such resources within the Project area. In addition, the large mapped wetland areas and the two seasonal ponds will be avoided by any Project area development and they will be placed in a parcel set aside as Open Space.

# **2.0 REGULATORY OVERVIEW AND DEFINITIONS**

#### **Federal Regulations**

#### Section 404 of the Clean Water Act

The United States Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulate the discharge of dredge or fill material into waters of the U.S. under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA). Waters of the United States include wetlands and lakes, rivers, streams, and their tributaries. Wetlands are defined for regulatory purposes as areas inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated solid conditions (33 CFR 328.3, 40 CFR 230.3). Project proponents must obtain a permit from the Corps for all discharges of fill material into waters of the U.S., including wetlands, before proceeding with a proposed action. The Project area contains a large riparian wetland that would be subject to regulation under the CWA if dredge or fill material are placed within any jurisdictional wetlands.

#### Section 401 of the Clean Water Act

CWA Section 401 compliance is required for any project requiring a federal action (i.e. Corps permit or federal funding) with construction that could have an impact to surface water quality. The Project area contains a large riparian wetland that would be subject to regulation under the CWA if dredge or fill material are placed within any jurisdictional wetlands.

#### Endangered Species Act of 1973

For the proposed Project area, consultation with the USFWS would be necessary if a proposed action may affect suitable habitat for a federally listed species. This consultation would proceed under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) if a federal action is part of the proposed action or through Section 10 of the ESA if no such nexus were available (USFWS, 1973). There are two federally protected plant species under the ESA that have been previously documented within 3 miles of the Project area (CDFW 2019). Stebbins' morning glory (*Calystegia stebbinsii*) and Pine Hill Flannelbush (*Fremontodendron decumbens*) are each ESA listed species as Endangered (USFWS 2019, CDFW 2019); however, the Project area does not contain suitable habitat for either federally protected species.

#### Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 and Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act

The Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) (16 USC Section 703-711) and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BAGEPA) (16 USC Section 668) protect certain species of

birds from direct "take" (i.e. harm or harassment as described above). The MBTA protects migrant bird species from take through setting hunting limits and seasons and protecting occupied nests and eggs (USFWS, 1918). BAGEPA prohibits the take or commerce of any part of the bald or golden eagles (USFWS, 1940). The USFWS administers both Acts and reviews actions that may affect species protected under each Act.

#### **State Regulations**

#### **California Endangered Species Act**

The California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) has jurisdiction over plant and wildlife species listed as threatened or endangered under section 2080 of the CDFW Code. The California Endangered Species Act (CESA) prohibits take of statelisted threatened and endangered species. The state Act differs from the federal Act in that it does not include habitat destruction in its definition of *take*. The CDFW defines *take* as "hunt, pursue, catch, capture, or kill, or attempt to hunt, pursue, catch, capture, or kill." The CDFW may authorize *take* under the CESA through Sections 2081 agreements. If the results of a biological survey indicate that a state-listed species would be affected by the project, the CDFW would issue an Agreement under Section 2081 of the CDFW Code and would establish a Memorandum of Understanding for the protection of state-listed species. CDFW maintains lists for Candidate-Endangered Species and Candidate-Threatened Species.

California black rail (*Laterallus jamaicensis coturniculis*) is listed as threatened under CESA and the Scadden Flat checkerbloom (*Sidalcea stipularis*) and Stebbins' morning glory (*Calystegia stebbinsii*) are both CESA listed species as Endangered and each of these species has been previously documented within 3 miles of the Project area. Pine Hill Flannelbush (*Fremontodendron decumbens*) is listed as a Rare species by CDFW and has been previously documented within 3 miles of the Project area. No other candidate species or CESA protected species has been documented within 3 miles of the Project area (CDFW 2019); however, none of these species has been documented within the Project area. The Project area does contain marginal suitable habitat for Scadden Flat checkbloom within the mapped riparian wetlands, but the species is considered absent from the Project area given it has not been identified during previous surveys conducted by Gallaway Enterprises (dated July 2014) and for the development of this Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination.

#### California Special Species of Concern, Fully Protected, and Special Status Species

California designates Species of Special Concern (SSC) as species of limited distribution, declining populations, diminishing habitat, or unusual scientific, recreational

or educational values. These species do not have the same legal protection as listed species but may be added to official lists in the future (CDFW 2014). For example, the coast horned lizard (*Phrynosoma blainvillii*) and western pond turtle (*Actinemys marmorata*) are designated as SSC and the coast horned lizard is evaluated as part of this Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination.

In the 1960's California created a designation to provide additional protection to rare species. This designation remains today and is referred to as "Fully Protected" species, and those listed "may not be taken or possessed at any time" (CDFW 2014c). The California black rail (*Laterallus jamaicensis coturniculus*) has been known to occur in Nevada County and has been identified within 3 miles of the Project area and is designated as Fully Protected by the state of California.

California special status species are identified by the California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB) and includes those species considered to be of greatest conservation need by the CDFW (CDFG 2011).

#### Streambed Alteration Agreements: CDFG Code Section 1600 et seq.

CDFW has jurisdictional authority over wetland resources associated with rivers, streams, and lakes under Sections 1600–1616. CDFW has the authority to regulate all work under the jurisdiction of the State of California that would substantially divert, obstruct, or change the natural flow of a river, stream, or lake; substantially change the bed, channel, or bank of a river, stream, or lake; or use material from a streambed.

In practice, CDFW marks its jurisdictional limit at the top of the stream or lake bank, or the outer edge of the riparian vegetation (where present) and extends its jurisdiction to the edge of the 100-year floodplain.

#### Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act & Section 1601 – Section 1607 of CDFG Code

These acts and codes pertain to projects with potential impacts to water quality or waterways. The proposed Project site contains waters of the State as defined by the State Water Resources Board (State Board 2014), including the large riparian wetlands and the two seasonal ponds within the Project area.

#### California Department of Fish and Game Code Sections 3503, 3503.5, and 3800: Nesting Migratory Bird and Raptors

Sections 3503, 3503.5, and 3800 of the CDFG Code prohibit the take, possession, or destruction of birds, their nests or eggs. Implementation of the take provisions requires that project-related disturbance within active nesting territories be reduced or eliminated during critical phases of the nesting cycle (approximately March 1 – August 31). Disturbance that causes nest abandonment and/or loss of reproductive effort (e.g. killing or abandonment of eggs or young), or the loss of habitat upon which birds are

dependent, is considered "taking", and is potentially punishable by fines and/or imprisonment (LCC 2013). Such *taking* would also violate federal law protecting migratory birds (e.g. MBTA above).

#### California Environmental Quality Act Guidelines Section 15380

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines section 15380(b) provides that a species not listed on the federal or state list of protected species may be considered rare or endangered if the species can be shown to meet certain specific criteria. This section was included in the guidelines to deal primarily with situations in which a public agency is reviewing a project that may have a significant effect on, for example a "candidate species" that has not yet been listed by the USFWS or CDFW. CEQA, therefore, enables an agency to protect a species from significant project impacts until the respective government agencies have had an opportunity to list the species as protected, if warranted (CNRA 2012).

Plants appearing on the California Native Plant Society (CNPS) California Rare Plant Rank (CRPR) are considered to meet CEQA's Section 15380 criteria. Ranks include: 1A) plants presumed extirpated in California and either rare or extinct elsewhere, 1B) plant rare, threatened, or endangered in California and elsewhere, 2A) plants presumed extirpated in California, but more common elsewhere, and 2B) plants rare, threatened, or endangered in California, but more common elsewhere. Impacts to these species would therefore be considered "significant" requiring mitigation.

#### State Oak Woodland Regulations

State laws that regulate protection of oak woodlands include Professional Forester's Law (PFL) and CEQA according to Public Resources Code Section 21083.4. Oak woodlands are defined as areas having 10% oak canopy cover or greater. "Oaks" are defined in Public Resources Code Section 21083.4 as a native tree species in the genus Quercus, that is 5 inches diameter at breast height (DBH) or greater. The Oak Woodlands Conservation Act (SB 1334) provides funding for the conservation and protection of oak woodlands in California. Oak trees and oak woodland habitats are protected under both the State and the City of Grass Valley Tree Preservation and Protection Ordinance as discussed below.

#### City of Grass Valley Tree Ordinance

The City of Grass Valley acknowledges the importance of trees to the community's health, safety, welfare, and tranquility. Trees increase property values, provide visual continuity, provide shade and cooling, decrease wind velocities, control erosion, conserve energy, reduce stormwater runoff, filter airborne pollutants, reduce noise, provide privacy, provide habitat and food value, and release oxygen. In December 2005, the City Council adopted the Tree Ordinance, Chapter 12.36 of the

Municipal Code, to ensure that the community trees would be prudently protected and managed so as to ensure these multiple civic benefits.

- What Types of Trees Are Protected Under This Ordinance?
- Any woody plant having a trunk ten (10) caliper inches or larger in Diameter at Breast Height (DBH) (54" above ground height) and as further defined within the definitions section of the Tree Preservation and Protection Ordinance, Chapter 12.36.

#### City of Grass Valley Development Code 17.50 Creek and Riparian Resource Protection

The City of Grass Valley Development Code 17.50 for Creek and Riparian Resource Protection states that a Resource Management Plan must be prepared for encroachment within the 30-foot stream setback, "and shall include measures which will minimize impacts to the watercourse and enhance runoff filtration." The measure should include: enhancement and/or restoration of the riparian vegetation area; removal of non-native vegetation; decompaction of soils and/or incorporation of organic material to improve runoff filtration; incorporation of bioswales in drainage plans to filter parking areas and other impervious surfaces; and, incorporation of other Best Management Practices (BMP's) which provide long-term protection of the water quality.

#### City of Grass Valley 2020 General Plan

The Conservation and Open Space Elements were combined in the 2020 Grass Valley General Plan Update. Both are mandatory General Plan Elements under State law. The Conservation/Open Space Element addresses those aspects of conservation and open space determined most important to Grass Valley. It supplements, but does not replace, the Mineral Resources Element adopted by the City in 1993.

#### Conservation/Open Space Goals and Objectives

- 1-COSG Provide a balance between development and the natural environment, protecting and properly utilizing Grass Valley's sensitive environmental areas/features, natural resources and open space lands.
  - 1-COSO Inventory of sensitive environmental areas and features.
  - 2-COSO Multi-purpose open space lands, accommodating the needs and requirements of open space/conservation, habitat, recreation, and aesthetics.
  - 3-COSO Protection of rare and endangered animals and plants.
  - 4-COSO Reduction of urban development impacts on native vegetation, wildlife and topography.
  - 5-COSO Encouragement of wildlife through habitat protection.

- 6-COSO Assurance of appropriate resource conservation and environmental protection measures as prerequisites to development.
- 2-COSG Protect, enhance and restore hydrologic features, including stream corridors, flood plains, wetlands, and riparian zones.
  - 7-COSO Development of an extensive trail network providing recreational and educational opportunities.
  - 8-COSO Minimize interference with the natural functions of flood plains and naturally flood-prone areas.
- 3-COSG Ensure the protection of Grass Valley's trees and forested areas.
  - 9-COSO Identification of heritage trees for special recognition and protection.
  - 10-COSO Identification of significant groves and groupings of trees for permanent open space designation.
- 4-COSG Protect and enhance town entryways, visual corridors and important viewsheds including ridgelines.
  - 11-COSO Identification of particular corridors and views requiring protection or enhancement.
  - 12-COSO Identification of specific aesthetic considerations important to the protection/enhancement of particular corridors and views.
- 5-COSG Maintain close relationships with public agencies and private organizations regarding conservation, open space and environmental protection.
  - 13-COSO Ongoing communication of information, plans, and concepts
  - 14-COSO Creation of joint efforts and shared funding responsibilities.
- 6-COSG Assure compliance with and understanding of air and water quality regulations and standards.
  - 15-COSO Protection of ground- and surface water quality.
  - 16-COSO Inclusion of air and water quality considerations in land use decisions rendered by the Planning Commission and City Council.

Conservation/Open Space Policies

1-COSP Continue to identify mineral resources and to develop policies addressing their protection from competing land uses, minimizing impacts on mining activities, in compliance with State law.

- 2-COSP Establish an active program of land/development rights acquisition in order to protect sensitive environmental areas and features.
- 3-COSP Encourage clustering, density averaging, and other techniques in largerscale new developments, as means of preserving open space and natural systems.
- 4-COSP Establish standards for inclusion and management of permanent open space in new developments.
- 5-COSP Carefully regulate development on steep slopes.
- 6-COSP Prevent excessive alteration of the natural topography.
- 7-COSP Recognize and reinforce Grass Valley's public park system.
- 8-COSP Study the potential for inter-jurisdictional transfer of development rights.
- 9-COSP Carefully regulate development for location in flood hazard areas.
- 10-COSP Establish a city trail network program for friendly acquisition, development and administration of a natural trails system.
- 11-COSP Return to open space, areas within which flooding poses a clear danger to life and property.
- 12-COSP Enhance the City's tree ordinance addressing tree maintenance and protection both within new developments and elsewhere in the City.
- 13-COSP Assist property owners wishing to preserve and protect heritage trees and significant groves.
- 14-COSP Establish a program to identify and administer a viewshed/view corridor protection program.
- 15-COSP Assign responsibility for the viewshed/view corridor program.
- 16-COSP Incorporate viewshed/view corridor standards into the Design Element of the General Plan, City Design Guidelines and other appropriate developmental documents.
- 17-COSP Utilize the services and expertise of organizations involved in resource conservation and open space protection.
- 18-COSP Develop and achieve agreement with the County of Nevada on a strategy for conservation and open space protection within the Grass Valley Planning Area and City's Sphere of Influence.
- 19-COSP Enlist the interest and efforts of appropriate state and federal agencies and private foundations regarding conservation and open space protection.
- 20-COSP Establish, in cooperation with Nevada County, an urban limit line beyond which urban land uses, densities, facilities and services will not extend.
- 21-COSP Continue to implement water quality improvement plans, including storm water separation and sewage treatment plant expansion.
- 22-COSP Implement circulation/transportation measures designed to reduce reliance on the automobile.
- 23-COSP Respond appropriately to state and federal air and water quality policies and policy changes, understanding the implications of regulations and standards, and maintaining a continuing public education program.

## **3.0 METHODS**

In order to evaluate the Project area for the presence of any sensitive biological resources, baseline information from databases and reporting for similar projects in the City of Grass Valley and Nevada County was collected and reviewed prior to conducting reconnaissance-level field biological surveys and a delineation of potential "waters of the U.S.," including wetlands, within the Project area. The database searches, background research, and habitat level field surveys characterized the baseline conditions of the Project area. Based on the baseline conditions of the Project area, an assessment was implemented to determine if any special status plant or wildlife species have the potential to use the Project area at any time during their life cycle. The baseline conditions identified the presence of any sensitive habitat or communities, if they were identified within the Project area. Additionally, a delineation of potential "waters of the U.S.," including wetlands (jurisdictional determination), within the Project area was conducted following the protocols as outlined by the Corps.

#### Sensitive Biological Resources

The following information was used to identify potential special status plant and wildlife species within the Project region that could be found to use the Project area:

- California Department of Fish and Wildlife's California Natural Diversity Database records search of a 3-mile buffer around the Project area (CDFW, 2019);
- California Native Plant Society's online Inventory of Rare and Endangered Plants of California for the Project area 7.5-minute Grass Valley USGS quadrangle and Nevada County (CNPS, 2019);
- The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Information, Planning, and Consultation System (IPaC) for endangered, threatened, and proposed listed species for the Project area (USFWS, 2019);
- National Wetland Inventory (NWI, 2019);
- United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Soils Mapper (USDA, 2019);
- Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Hydric Soils List for Nevada County (NRCS, 2019); and
- City of Grass Valley 2020 General Plan (Quad-Knopf, 1999).

In addition, the following reporting was previously developed for the Project area and was reviewed as part of the background research for this Biological Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination:

- Biological Resources Assessment for the Nevada County Corporation Yard Project (Galloway Enterprises, July 2014); and
- Results of Surveys for the California Red-Legged Frog for the South Hill Project in Nevada County, CA (Foothill Associates, December 9, 2003)

#### **Jurisdictional Determination**

A delineation of "waters of the U.S.," including wetlands (jurisdictional determination), was implemented for the entirety of the Project area. This Jurisdictional Determination implemented the protocols for identifying aquatic features subject to regulation under the CWA, including the Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratories, 1987) and the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys and Coast Regions (Version 2.0) (Corps, 2010). The extent or boundary of wetland habitats was further defined using routine on-site wetland determination protocol currently in use by the Corps, published Corps regulatory guidance letters, and Sacramento District regulatory policy.

#### Reconnaissance-level Biological Resources Field Surveys

A reconnaissance-level biological field survey was conducted on foot of the entire Project area by Greg Matuzak, Wildlife Biologist, and Carolyn Chainey-Davis, Botanist and Wetlands Ecologist, on September 20<sup>th</sup>, 2018. Follow up site visits were conducted on September 25<sup>th</sup> and 26<sup>th</sup>, 2018 to finalize the mapping of potential "waters of the U.S.," including wetlands, within the Project area. The purpose of the site surveys were to identify any sensitive habitat and vegetation types (streams, ponds, riparian vegetation, wetlands, etc.) within the Project area and to determine the potential of any special-status plant and wildlife species identified within the desktop analysis and background research to occur within the Project area. Additionally, the surveys were conducted to map the jurisdictional boundaries of the large riparian wetland within the central and eastern sections of the Project area and to conduct an assessment of the two seasonal ponds within the western section of the Project area to identify the potential presence of standing water and habitat for amphibians and other aquatic species within those features.

A photo log of the Project area and a list of plant and wildlife species observed during the field surveys was compiled (see Appendix B and Appendix C). A figure documenting the CNDDB database results within 3 miles of the Project area is located in Appendix D. A USDA Soils Map of the Project area is attached in Appendix E and a National Wetland Inventory Map of the Project area is attached in Appendix F. As part of the jurisdictional determination mapping conducted as part of the development of this Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination, mapping of potential "waters of the U.S.," including wetlands and "waters of the State of California," is included as an attachment to Appendix H.

### 4.0 RESULTS

#### **Environmental Setting**

The Project area is located at approximately 2,400 feet above Mean Sea Level (MSL). The Project area is relatively flat in the central and eastern sections with gentle to medium slopes towards the western portions of the Project area. Along the western edge of the Project area, where the dominance of ponderosa pine are located, the topography slopes back up towards SR 49. In addition, a small drainage enters the Project area through a culvert under La Barr Meadows Road, which creates much of the hydrology for the mapped riparian wetlands within the central section of the Project area. Additionally, an NID water pipeline enters the Project area at the southeast corner of the mapped riparian wetlands and given the NID pipeline is leaking and creating additional wetland hydrology, that area has been included within the mapped riparian wetlands within the time of the site survey in 2018, the ponds did not contain any standing water. The ponds did contain some riparian vegetation, including willow trees and dense Himalayan blackberry shrubs along the banks of each of the ponds.

#### **Plant Communities**

Plant communities have been classified based on the California Wildlife Habitat Relationships System developed by CDFW. The CDFW also manages the California Natural Diversity Data Base (CNDDB), which is a database inventory of the locations of rare and endangered plants, wildlife, and natural communities in California. A list of plants and wildlife documented during the field survey are attached in Appendix C to this Biological Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination. A photo log is attached in Appendix B.

The dominant plant communities are discussed below.

#### Ponderosa Pine

The Ponderosa Pine habitats within the Project area is dominated by ponderosa pine (*Pinus ponderosa*) and includes some scattered incense cedar (*Calocedrus decurrens*) and California black oak (*Quercus kelloggii*). This habitat type is dominant within the western section of the Project area.

The Project area does not contain any heritage trees as designated by the City of Grass Valley. However, the Project area would be subject to the City of Grass Valley Tree Ordinance and a Tree Removal Permit would be required prior to the removal of any tree that is 10 inches or greater DBH. Scattered trees along La Barr Meadows Road, the larger willow trees within the mapped riparian wetland, and the Ponderosa Pine habitat type contain many trees that would be subject to a Tree Removal Permit by the City of Grass Valley if they are to be removed given they are 10 inches or greater DBH.

#### Annual Grasslands

Annual grassland species occur as the dominant habitat type in the eastern and central sections of the Project area. This habitat type is dominated by wild oats (Avena fatua), ripgut brome (Bromus diandrus), soft chess (Bromus hordeaceus), medusa head (Taeniatherum caput medusae), and filaree (Erodium cicutarium). Orchard grass (Dactylis glomerata), wild rye (Elymus glaucus), and tall fescue (Festuca arundinacea), among other native and non-native grasses, were also identified in these areas of the Project area. Non-native grasslands are known to out-compete native grasses and forbs throughout the valley and foothill regions.

#### **Riparian and Wetland Vegetation**

The drainage entering the Project area through a culvert from the east as well as the leaking NID pipeline entering the Project area from La Barr Meadows Road have created the hydrology for associated Foothill Riparian habitats to persist within the Project area. This habitat type within the Project area is dominated by white alders (*Alnus rhombifolia*) and willows (*Salix laevigata* and *S. lasiolepis*) in addition to Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus armeniacus*), Baltic rush (*Juncus balticus*), and iris-leaved rush (*Juncus xiphioides*). This habitat is located along the central portion of the Project area and along the eastern edge of the Project area where the drainage and NID pipeline enter the Project area from under La Barr Meadows Road. The Project area does not contain any streams. Little Wolf Creek is located on the western side of SR 49 and therefore, none of the drainage within the Project area connects with Little Wolf Creek. Given the topography includes higher elevation areas along the western edge of the Project area, it is assumed that the two seasonal ponds within the western section of the Project area are manmade from historical land uses and still collect direct precipitation and runoff from within the Project area.

In addition, wetlands associated with the mapped riparian wetlands within the Project area contain a diverse palette of native herbaceous wetland species, such as clustered field sedge (Carex praegracilis), umbrella sedge (Cyperus eragrostis), Baltic rush (Juncus balticus), and iris-leaved rush (Juncus xiphioides). The obligate wetland species, cattail (Typha sp.) is also present in the topographic low area where the NID pipeline is leading water along La Barr Meadows Road.

In total, a single, large area was mapped within the Project area as a seasonal forested and shrub-scrub wetland (specific wetland type within the area of Foothill Riparian habitat). The mapped wetland is 1.96 acres in total size. The two seasonal ponds were mapped individually within the western section of the Project area and the

larges seasonal pond located in the northwestern corner of the Project area was mapped as 0.36 acres and the smaller pond located south of the larger pond was mapped as 0.12 acres. In total, 0.48 acres of seasonal ponds were mapped within the Project area and a total of 2.44 acres of potential "waters of the U.S.," including wetlands, was mapped within the Project area and could be subject to regulation under the CWA and by CDFW.

#### SPECIAL STATUS SPECIES

Special status species were considered for this Biological Inventory is based on a current review of the California Natural Diversity Data Base (CNDDB) and database information provided by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) for the Project area. The Project area does not contain any Designated Critical Habitat (DCH) for any federally listed species projected by the USFWS. The database searches did reveal ten (10) species, which includes the following: Scadden Flat checkerbloom, Stebbins' morning glory, Pine Hill flannelbush, dubious pea, finger rush, chaparral sedge, brownish beaked-rush, coast horned lizard, California black rail, and the Townsend's big-eared bat that have been previously identified within 3 miles of the Project area. None of these species were observed during field surveys. In addition, western pond turtle, foothill yellow-legged frog, and California red-legged frog are also discussed below given the presence of two seasonal ponds within the Project area.

#### Scadden Flat Checkerbloom (Sidalcea stipularis) – CA State Endangered and California Native Plant Society List 1B.1

Scadden Flat checkerbloom inhabits marshes and swamps. It is found in wet montane marshes fed by springs, normally between 700 and 740 meters above MSL. This species has been identified within 3 miles of the Project area with the closest location being approximately 0.8 miles to the west of the Project area. The species was not identified during field surveys though the riparian wetlands within the Project area contain marginal suitable habitat for this species. Given the species was not identified within the Project area, any development within the Project area would not have an impact on this species.

# Stebbins' Morning Glory (Calystegia stebbinsii) – CA State and Federally Endangered and California Native Plant Society List 1B.1

Stebbins' morning glory inhabits chaparral and cismontane woodland. It is found in red clay soils of the pine hill formation on gabbro or serpentine soils in open areas, normally between 180 and 725 meters above MSL. This species has been identified approximately 3 miles to the west of the Project area in an area along McCourtney Road. However, the species was not identified during field surveys and suitable habitat for this species does not occur within the Project area given the lack of gabbro or serpentine soils within the Project area.

#### Pine Hill Flannelbush (Fremontodendron decumbens) – Federally Endangered and CA State Rare and California Native Plant Society List 1B.2

Pine Hill flannelbush inhabits rocky ridges on gabbro and serpentine soils within chaparral and cismontane woodlands. This species is endemic to these soil types and is normally documented between 425 and 760 meters above MSL. This species has been identified approximately 2.25 miles to the northeast of the Project area. However, the species was not identified during field surveys and suitable habitat for this species does not occur within the Project area given the lack of gabbro and serpentine soils within the Project area.

#### Dubious Pea (Lathyrus sulphureus var. argillaceus) – California Native Plant Society List 3

Dubious pea inhabits lower and upper montane coniferous forest and cismontane woodlands, normally between 150 and 930 meters above MSL. This species has been identified within 3 miles of the Project area within the City of Grass Valley to the north of the Project area. Marginal suitable habitat for this species does occur within the forested western sections of the Project area; however, the species was not identified within the Project area during the surveys conducted in 2018. Therefore, it is assumed that the species is not located within the Project area and would not be impacted by any development within the Project area.

#### Finger Rush (Juncus digitatus) – California Native Plant Society List 1B.1

Finger rush inhabits open chaparral habitat surrounded by mixed oak/conifer woodland on low gradient, north-facing, and vernally moist slopes. This species also associates with sandy clay loam soil within substrates underlain by granitic bedrock. This species has been identified approximately 2.8 miles to the northeast of the Project area. The areas mapped as riparian wetlands contain marginal suitable habitat for this species within the Project area. However, the species was not identified during field surveys conducted in 2018 and it is assumed the species does not occur within the Project area.

#### Chaparral Sedge (Carex xerophila) – California Native Plant Society List 1B.2

Chaparral sedge inhabits openings within chaparral habitat, cismontane woodland, and lower montane coniferous forests. This species is found in areas containing serpentine and gabbroic microhabitats between 250 and 770 meters above MSL. This species has been identified approximately 2.9 miles to the northwest of the Project area along SR 20. However, the species was not identified during field surveys and suitable habitat for this species, including rocky gabbro soils, does not occur within the Project area.

# Brownish Beaked-Rush (*Rhynchospora capitellata*) – California Native Plant Society List 2B.2

Brownish beaked-rush inhabits meadows and seeps, marshes and swamps, and it is found in upper and lower montane coniferous forests, normally between 45 and 2000 meters above MSL. This species is normally identified on mesic sites and has been identified approximately 2.1 miles to the northwest of the Project area in a marshy area along the northwest corner of the Nevada County Fairgrounds along Hwy 20. The species was not identified during field surveys and the riparian wetlands mapped within the Project area contain marginal suitable habitat for this species. Given the species was not documented during surveys conducted in 2018, it is assumed that the species does not occur within the Project area.

#### Townsend's Big-eared Bat (Corynorhinus townsendii) – CA State Species of Concern

This species inhabits lower montane coniferous and mixed conifer forest habitats where abandoned buildings and structures occur for roosting. This species has been identified approximately 1.4 miles of the Project area within an abandoned building within the Empire State Mine to the north of the Project area. However, the species was not identified during field surveys and suitable habitat for this species does not occur within the Project area given there are no abandoned structures that have suitable roosting sites for this species.

#### California Black Rail (Laterallus jamaicensis coturiculus) – CA State Threatened

California black rail inhabits freshwater marshes, wet meadows and shallow margins of saltwater marshes bordering larger bays. The species requires water depths of about 1 inch that does not fluctuate during the year and dense vegetation for nesting habitat. This species has been identified within 3 miles to the west of the Project area. The species was not identified during field surveys and suitable habitat for this species does not occur within the Project area.

#### Coast horned lizard (Phrynosoma blainvillii) – CA State Species of Concern

The coast horned lizard occurs in open sandy areas, scattered low bushes, chaparral, manzanita, and oak woodland habitats. It is found in the Sierra Nevada foothills from Butte County to Kern County and throughout the central and southern California coast. Coast horned lizards forage on the ground in open areas, usually between shrubs and often near ant nests. The species relies on camouflage for protections. Predators and extreme heat are avoided by burrowing into loose soil.

Periods of inactivity and winter hibernation are spent burrowed in the soil under surface objects such as logs or rocks, in mammal burrows, or in crevices (Zeiner et al. 2000). They inhabit mostly open country, especially sandy areas, washes, flood plains and windblown deposits in a wide variety of habitats and can be found at elevations up to 8,000 feet (2,438 meters) (CaliforniaHerps, 2014).

There is minimal potential suitable habitat within the Project area for the coast horned lizard except for the open, gravelly areas located in the eastern section of the Project area. The species has been previously documented within 3 miles of the Project area. No coast horned lizards were observed during the 2018 surveys of the Project area and given the gravelly soils within the eastern portion of the Project area is mostly fill material, it is unlikely that the species would occur within the Project area.

#### Western Pond Turtle (Emys marmorata) - CA State Species of Concern

Western pond turtles associate with permanent ponds, lakes, streams, irrigation ditches, and permanent pools along intermittent streams. They are most commonly associated with permanent or nearly permanent water in a wide variety of habitats. This species requires basking sites such as partial submerged logs, rocks, mats of floating vegetation, or open mud banks. During the spring or early summer, females move overland for up to 100 m (325 ft) to find suitable sites for egg laying. This species has not been identified within 3 miles of the Project area. The species was not identified during field surveys and suitable habitat for this species does not occur within the Project area given the lack of a permanent water source. Therefore, the potential for the species to occur within the Project area is considered very low.

#### Foothill Yellow-legged Frog (Rana boylii) - Candidate for Listing under the CA ESA

Foothill yellow-legged frogs inhabit partly shaded, shallow streams and riffles with a rocky substrate in a variety of habitats. The species requires at least some cobblesized substrate for egg laying. The species requires at least 15 weeks to attain metamorphosis. This species has not been identified within 3 miles of the Project area. The species was not identified during field surveys and suitable habitat for this species does not occur within the Project area given the lack of required habitat and low flows of water within the intermittent streams within the Project area.

# CA Red-legged Frog (*Rana aurora draytonii*) – Federal Threatened and CA State Species of Concern

CA red-legged frog (CRLF) is known in Nevada County in the North Bloomfield USFS Quadrangle within the Rock Creek watershed. CRLF has not been identified within 3 miles of the Project area. The species was not identified during field surveys and suitable reproductive habitat for this species does not occur within the Project area. If suitable breeding locations are located within 1.25 miles of the Project area and connected by barrier-free dispersal habitat that is at least 300 feet in width, then suitable dispersal habitat could be located within the Project area; however, since CRLF have not been identified in the Grass Valley USGS Quadrangle or the watershed associated with the Project area, the potential for this species to occur is extremely low and is considered absent from the Project area. Foothill Associates (2003) also concluded that the Project area and its ponds do not contain CRLF, nor is it likely that the Project area would contain suitable habitat for the species, whether aquatic or dispersal habitat.

# Nesting raptors and other migratory birds species - Protected under MBTA, Protected under CA State DFG Code Sections 3503, 3503.5, and 3800

There is a low to moderate potential for nesting raptors and other nesting migratory bird species protected under the MBTA and by CDFW to occur within the Project area given the presence of the forested areas within the mapped riparian wetlands and the ponderosa pine dominated western portion of the Project area. The Project area represents potential habitat for bird species protected under the MBTA and by CDFW, such as ground nesting species like the spotted towhee (*Pipilo maculatus*) and dark-eyed junco (*Junco hyemalis*). Active and inactive nests within and adjacent to the proposed areas to be developed within the Project area were not identified during field surveys; however, given the presence of large trees along La Barr Meadows Road, within the mapped riparian wetlands, and within the western portion of the Project area, as well as open grasslands within the central and eastern portions of the Project area.

#### **Critical Deer Habitat**

Known migratory deer ranges outlined in the Nevada County General Plan was reviewed for deer migration corridors, critical range, and critical fawning areas. The Project area is not located in any known major deer corridors, known deer holding areas, or critical deer fawning area. Per the Migratory Deer Ranges Nevada County General Plan map, the Project area is located in an area of potential Resident Deer Herd (includes some areas of migratory deer winter range). The field survey did not record any observations of deer or deer trails while walking the Project area. The Project area does not contain any known major deer migration corridors, known deer holding areas, nor critical deer fawning areas.

### **5.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

The Project area is surrounded by development, mostly industrial and commercial with some residential, and with City of Grass Valley streets and infrastructure, as well as SR 49 along the western edge of the Project area. The Project area is mostly disturbed throughout with greater disturbance within the eastern and southern sections of the Project area where previous development and disturbance has occurred historically as well as more recent. Therefore, the Project area does not contain suitable habitat for many special-status species given the level of disturbance historically and more recently within the Project area. However, given the Project area does contain a large wetland, two seasonal ponds, and marginal habitat for a few sensitive resources, the following recommendations are included for this Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination.

#### Potential Impacts to Protected Nesting Bird Species

Given the Project area does contain some larger trees (see Photo Log in Appendix C) and those trees contain suitable habitat for nesting raptors and MBTA/CDFW protected nesting bird species, removal of such trees and blackberry bushes should be done outside the breeding season if possible to avoid potential impacts to such nesting species. The breeding season for most protected birds in the vicinity of the Project area is generally from March 1 to August 31. Vegetation clearing or tree removal outside of the breeding season for such bird species would not require the implementation of any avoidance, minimization, or mitigation measures. However, construction or development activities during the breeding season could disturb or remove occupied nests of migratory birds or raptors and could require the implementation of a pre-construction survey within 250 feet of the disturbance area within the Project area for nesting migratory birds and raptors prior to development.

If any nesting raptors or migratory birds are identified during surveys, active nests should be avoided and a no-disturbance buffer should be established around the nesting site to avoid disturbance or destruction of the nest site until after the breeding season or after a wildlife biologist determines that the young have fledged. The extent of these buffers would be determined by a wildlife biologist and would depend on the special-status species present, the level of noise or construction disturbance, line of sight between the nest and the disturbance, ambient levels of noise and other disturbances, and other topographical or artificial barriers. These factors should be analyzed to make an appropriate decision on buffer distances.

#### Potential Impacts to Aquatic and Upland Special-Status Species

The Project area does not contain suitable aquatic habitat or upland areas immediately associated with aquatic habitat. Therefore, the Project area does not

provide habitat for sensitive amphibians or other sensitive aquatic species. As a result, no impact would be expected to California red-legged frog, foothill yellow-legged frog, western pond turtle, or CA black rail from developing the Project area.

However, the Project area does provide marginal suitable habitat for the coast horned lizard. There is potential suitable habitat within the sandy and rocky locations within the Project area. In addition, the Project area includes the required open areas of exposed, sandy soils for this species. Therefore, this species has a low potential to occur within the Project area though the species has not been identified within the Project area. Therefore, it is recommended that prior to disturbance within the Project area, a pre-construction survey for the species shall be conducted prior to any disturbance in order to avoid direct impacts to the species. If the species is documented during pre-construction surveys, a qualified wildlife biologist (approved by CDFW) would have the authority to move individual coast horned lizards outside of the proposed disturbance area(s) in order to avoid an impact to this species. Once the coast horned lizard(s) have been removed from the disturbance area(s) and out of harms way, the proposed work would no longer pose a risk to individuals of the species.

#### Potential Impacts to Special-Status Plant Species

Given the developed and disturbed site conditions of the Project area, including the lack of soil and habitat types for special-status plant species previously recorded within 3 miles of the Project area, potential for any listed or other sensitive plant species to occur within the Project area is considered very low to nil. Marginal suitable habitat for the special-status plant species dubious pea occurs within the forested areas within the western section of the Project area; however, this species was not identified during September 2018 surveys or surveys conducted previously within the southern section of the Project area. Therefore, it is assumed that the Project area does not contain any special-status plant species and it is concluded that the development of the Project area would not have an impact on any special-status plant species.

#### Potential Impacts to Clean Water Act Regulated "Waters of the U.S.," including Wetlands

The large mapped wetland feature and two seasonal pond features included as part of the mapping associated with this Biological Resources Inventory and Jurisdictional Determination are assumed to fall under Corps jurisdiction pursuant to Section 404 of the CWA. The RWQCB pursuant to Section 401 of the CWA also has jurisdiction over areas subject to regulation by the Corps under Section 404 of the CWA. As detailed in the CWA, any proposed action that would place fill or dredge material within areas identified as Corps jurisdictional wetlands or waters would require a Department of the Army Section 404 permit and a RWQCB Section 401 Water Quality Certification, or waiver thereof, prior to the placement of fill or dredge material within such features. Fill or dredge impacts to any features regulated under Sections 404 and 401 of the CWA would be required to be mitigated at a minimum of a 1:1 ratio. Compensatory mitigation would be included as a Section 404 and Section 401 permit condition to be implemented prior to the placement of such dredge and fill material within a "waters of the U.S.," including wetlands, and would ensure the no net loss of such features within the Project area. It is assumed that no such fill or dredge impacts will occur within the mapped wetland and seasonal pond features within the Project area given they will remain within a large area designated as Open Space and therefore, development within the Project area should avoid any permitting or other regulatory requirements under the CWA as well as State of California requirements.

However, if any fill and/or dredge material is to be placed within any of the mapped features in Appendix H, under the CWA, any fill within "waters of the U.S.," including wetlands of 0.5 acres or less would meet the general conditions of a previously authorized Nationwide Permit and therefore, authorization under such an existing permit would be justified. If any fill within "waters of the U.S.," including wetlands of 0.5 acres or greater, then most likely an Individual Permit would be required prior to the filling of 0.5 acres or greater of such CWA regulated features. Typically, an Individual Permit has a longer timeline than a Nationwide Permit for approval given it includes a 404(b)(1) alternatives analysis that demonstrates that the proposed project has minimized and reduced impacts to the aquatic environment.

#### Potential Impacts to Stream and Riparian Zones Under CDFW Jurisdiction

Perennial, intermittent, and ephemeral streams fall under CDFW jurisdiction as these areas each contain a bed and bank. Any substantial alteration of the bed or bank of any stream river or lake would most likely require a Streambed Alteration Agreement from the CDFW pursuant to Section 1600 *et.* seq. of the California Fish and Wildlife Code prior to construction. Therefore, any proposed disturbance within the mapped wetlands and ponds within the Project area would not be subject to CDFW jurisdiction and a Streambed Alteration Agreement from the CDFW pursuant to Section 1600 *et.* seq. of the California Fish and Wildlife Code.

#### Recommendations to Minimize Potential Indirect Impacts to Mapped Wetlands/Ponds

It is assumed that the wetlands within the central and eastern sections of the Project area as well as the two seasonal ponds within the southern section of the Project area will not be directly impacted by the development of the Project area given those features will remain protected within a designated Open Space area within the Project area. However, it is recommended that the BMPs listed below be implemented for any disturbance within 30 feet of any of the wetland and pond features mapped and attached in Appendix H in order to minimize potential indirect impacts to those features. These measures are intended for inclusion into the Project within the 30 feet from the edges of the wetland areas and the edges of the two seasonal ponds.

- Limit construction to periods of extended dry weather and the dry summer season, where feasible;
- Establishing the area around the wetlands and seasonal ponds as Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA) where those areas will not be impacted by construction or thereafter;
- No fill or dredge material will enter or be removed from the wetlands or seasonal ponds during construction and thereafter;
- Placement of soil erosion control devices (such as wattles, etc.) between the disturbances within the Project area and the edges of the wetlands and seasonal ponds to limit potential runoff and sedimentation into those features;
- Use appropriate machinery and equipment to limit disturbance in those areas;
- No dewatering of the drainage will occur during construction or thereafter; and
- Implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) during and following construction.

#### IMPLEMENTATION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES DURING CONSTRUCTION

To protect the wetlands and seasonal ponds, the contractor shall implement standard Best Management Practices (BMPs) during and after construction. These measures should include, but are not limited to:

- Minimize the number and size of work areas for equipment and spoil storage sites in the vicinity of the stream. Place staging areas and other work areas outside of the 30-foot setbacks from the seasonal ponds and wetlands.
- The contractor shall exercise reasonable precaution to protect the areas adjacent to the seasonal ponds and wetlands from pollution with fuels, oils, and other harmful materials. Construction byproducts and pollutants such as oil, cement, and wash water shall be prevented from discharging into or near these resources and shall be collected for removal off the site. All construction debris and associated materials and litter shall be removed from the work site immediately upon completion.
- No equipment for vehicle maintenance or refueling shall occur within the 30-foot setback areas to the wetlands and seasonal ponds where feasible. The contractor shall immediately contain and clean up any petroleum or other chemical spills with absorbent materials such as

sawdust or kitty litter. For other hazardous materials, follow the cleanup instruction on the label.

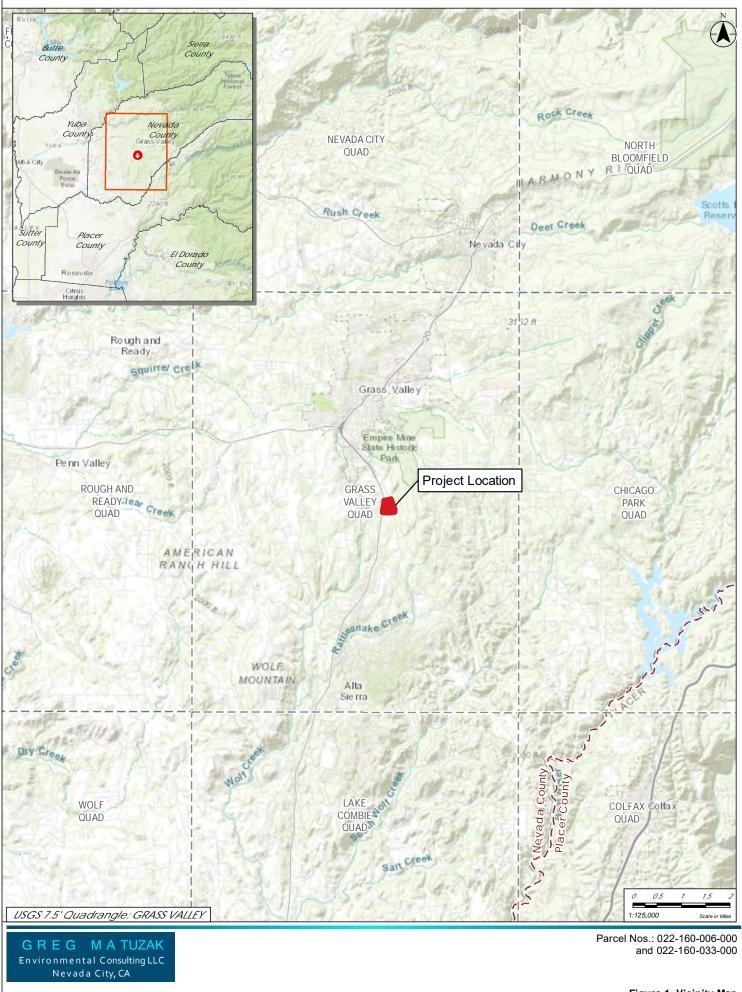
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Appendix A

**Project Vicinity and Project Location Figures** 



Prepared: Melissa Nugent 5/9/2019 C: 2019\_Matsuzak 20190427\_NevadaCounty\_LaBarMeadowsRoad/mxd/Fig1\_Vicinity\_NevadaCounty\_LaBarMeadowsRoad.mx

Figure 1. Vicinity Map



Figure 2. Project Location Map

Prepared: Melissa Nugent 5/9/2019 C:2019\_Matsuzak/20190427\_NevadaCounty\_LaBarMeadowsRoad/mxd/Fig2\_SiteMap\_NevadaCounty\_LaBarMeadowsRoad.mxd

Appendix B

Photo Log

Photo Log of the Rare Earth Project Area on September 20th, 2018



Photo 1: Project area frontage along La Barr Meadows Road.



Photo 2: NID pipeline along La Barr Meadows Road leaking and creating additional roadside wetlands along the eastern edge of the proposed Project area.



Photo 3: NID pipeline and wetlands along the eastern border of the Project area.



Photo 4: Photo is looking west from La Barr Meadows Road and the leaking NID pipeline. Wetland edge is mapped along the edge of wetland and upland plants in photo.



Photo 5: Photo is looking west along the southern wetland edge as mapped within the Project area.



Photo 6: Photo is looking east towards La Barr Meadows Road and the leaking NID pipeline. Wetland edge is mapped to the left along the edge of wetland and upland plants in photo. Upland annual grasslands dominate to the right of the willow wetlands.



Photo 7: Photo from entrance to the Project area towards the southwest section of the Project area. Parking and storage area within the fence line in the photo. Area dominated by annual grasslands with ponderosa pine in background within the western section of the Project area.



Photo 8: Clear distinction between willow trees to the right and the upland annual grassland species that dominate along the edge of the willows to the left. Wetland mapping was done along the edge of the riparian wetlands and upland border.



Photo 9: Photo within the western section of the Project area. Western section of the Project area is dominated by ponderosa pine trees and manzanita shrubs.



Photo 10: Western section of the Project area looking east towards the lower area containing annual grasslands and the riparian wetlands. NID pipeline to right.



Photo 11: Photo within the western section of the Project area. Western section of the Project area is dominated by ponderosa pine trees and manzanita shrubs.



Photo 12: Photo within the western section of the Project area. Western section of the Project area is dominated by ponderosa pine trees and manzanita shrubs.



Photo 13: Photo within the western section of the Project area looking down into one of the empty ponds within the Project area.



Photo 14: Photo within the western section of the Project area along the upland edge of one of the empty ponds. Western section of the Project area is dominated by ponderosa pine trees and manzanita shrubs with other scattered trees and vegetation.



Photo 15: Photo within the eastern section of the Project area along the upland edge of La Barr Meadows Road to the right. Photo is looking north along road grade.



Photo 16: Photo within the eastern section of the Project area along the upland edge of La Barr Meadows to the right. Large wetland area to left and open grasslands with scattered trees looking north in photo.



Photo 17: Photo within the eastern section of the Project area along the upland edge of La Bar Meadows Road. Photo is looking southwest towards the large wetland area.



Photo 18: Eastern section of the Project area dominated by annual grassland species and manzanita and other shrubs.

Appendix C

Plants and Wildlife Observed

#### List of Plants Observed in the Rare Earth Project Area\*, Grass Valley, CA

\*September 20, 2018 survey focused on the uplands, riparian wetland boundaries, and ponds

			Riparian		
Family	Scientific name	Common Name	Wetlands	Ponds	Upland
-	GYMNOSPERMS				
Cupress		CYPRESS FAMILY			
	Calocedrus decurrens	incense cedar			Х
Pinacea		PINE FAMILY			
	Pinus ponderosa	ponderosa pine			Х
	Pseudotsuga menziesii	Douglas fir			Х
	MONOCOTYLEDONS				
Agavace	eae	AGAVE FAMILY			
	Chlorogalum pomeridianum	Indian soap plant			Х
Alismat	aceae	WATER-PLANTAIN FA	AMILY		
	Alisma triviale	American water-plantain		х	
Cyperac		SEDGE FAMILY			
Cypera	Carex praegracilis	clustered field sedge	х		
	Cyperus eragrostis	rall nutsedge	X		
	Eleocharis bella	annual spikerush	А	37	
-		-		Х	
Juncace		RUSH FAMILY			
	Juncus balticus ssp. ater	Baltic rush	х		
	Juncus effusus var. pacificus	Pacific rush	х		
	Juncus xiphioides	iris-leaved rush	Х		
Poaceae		GRASS FAMILY			
	Avena barbata	wild oat			Х
	Bromus diandrus	ripgut			Х
	Bromus hordeaceus	soft chess	X		X
	Cynosurus echinatus	hedgehog dogtail-grass			Х
	Dactylis glomerata	orchard grass	х		Х
	Danthonia californica	California oatgrass	х		Х
	Echinochloa crus-galli	Barnyardgrass		Х	
	Elymus glaucus ssp. jepsonii	blue wildrye			Х
	Festuca arundinacea	tall fescue	Х		Х
	Festuca myuros	rattail			Х
	Hordeum marinum ssp. gussoneanum	Mediterranean barley	х		Х
	Lolium perenne	Italian ryegrass	Х		Х
	Muhlenbergia rigens	deer grass	Х		Х
-	Phalaris aquatica	Harding grass	х		
Potamo	getonaceae	PONDWEED FAMILY			
	Potamogeton natans	floating-leaf pondweed		Х	
Typhace		CATTAIL FAMILY			
	Typha latifolia	broadleaf cattail	Х	х	
	DICOTYLEDONS				
Anacaro	liaceae	SUMAC FAMILY			
	Toxicodendron diversilobum	poison oak			х
Apiacea		CARROT FAMILY			

#### List of Plants Observed in the Rare Earth Project Area\*, Grass Valley, CA

\*September 20, 2018 survey focused on the uplands, riparian wetland boundaries, and ponds

Daucus carota	Queen Anne's lace	Х		х
Apocynaceae	DOGBANE FAMILY			
Asclepias speciosa	showy milkweed			х
Vinca major	periwinkle	х		х
Asteraceae	SUNFLOWER FAMILY			
Baccharis consanguinea	coyote brush			х
Bidens frondosa	beggar's-ticks		х	
Centromadia pungens	Fitch's spikweed	Х		х
Centaurea solstitialis*	yellow star-thistle*	A		x
Cirsium vulgare*	bull thistle*			x
Cichorium intybus	chicory	Х		x
Erigeron philadelphus	Philadelphia daisy			x
Grindelia camporum	curlycup gumweed			x
Xanthium strumarium	cocklbur	х	х	
Betulaceae	BIRCH FAMILY	A	A	
Alnus rhombifolia	white alder	Х		
Boraginaceae	BORAGE FAMILY	Α		
Brassicaceae	MUSTARD FAMILY			
Caprifoliaceae	HONEYSUCKLE FAMILY			
Lonicera hispidula var. vacillans	hairy honeysuckle			v
Ericaceae	HEATH FAMILY			Х
Arctostaphylos viscida	whiteleaf manzanita			v
	Pacific madrone			X
Arbuttus menziesii				Х
Fabaceae	LEGUME FAMILY			
Cytisus scoparius*	Scotch broom*	Х		Х
Lathyrus latifolius	perennial sweetpea OAK FAMILY			Х
Fagaceae				
Quercus chrysolepis	canyon live oak			Х
Quercus douglasii	blue oak			Х
Quercus kelloggii	black oak			Х
Quercus wislizenii	interior live oak			Х
Geraniaceae	STORK'S-BILL FAMILY			
Geranium dissectum	cutleaf geranium	Х		Х
Geranium molle	dove-foot geranium			Х
Lythraceae	LOOSESTRIFE FAMILY			
Lythrum hyssopifolia	hyssop loosestrife			Х
Hypericaceae	ST. JOHN'S WORT FAMI	LY		
Hypericum perforatum	St. John's wort	Х		Х
Lamiaceae	MINT FAMILY			
Mentha pulegium	pennyroyal	Х		
Prunella vulgaris	self-heal	X		Х
Onagraceae	EVENING-PRIMROSE FA	MILY		
Epilobium ciliatum	ciliate willow-herb	Х		
Phrymaceae	LOPSEED FAMILY			
Mimulus gutattus	seep-spring monkeyflower	Х		
Plantaginaceae	PLANTAIN FAMILY			
Plantago lanceolata	English plantain	Х		Х
Polygonaceae	BUCKWHEAT FAMILY			
Eriogonum nudum	nude buckwheat			Х
Rumex acetosella	sheep sorrel			Х

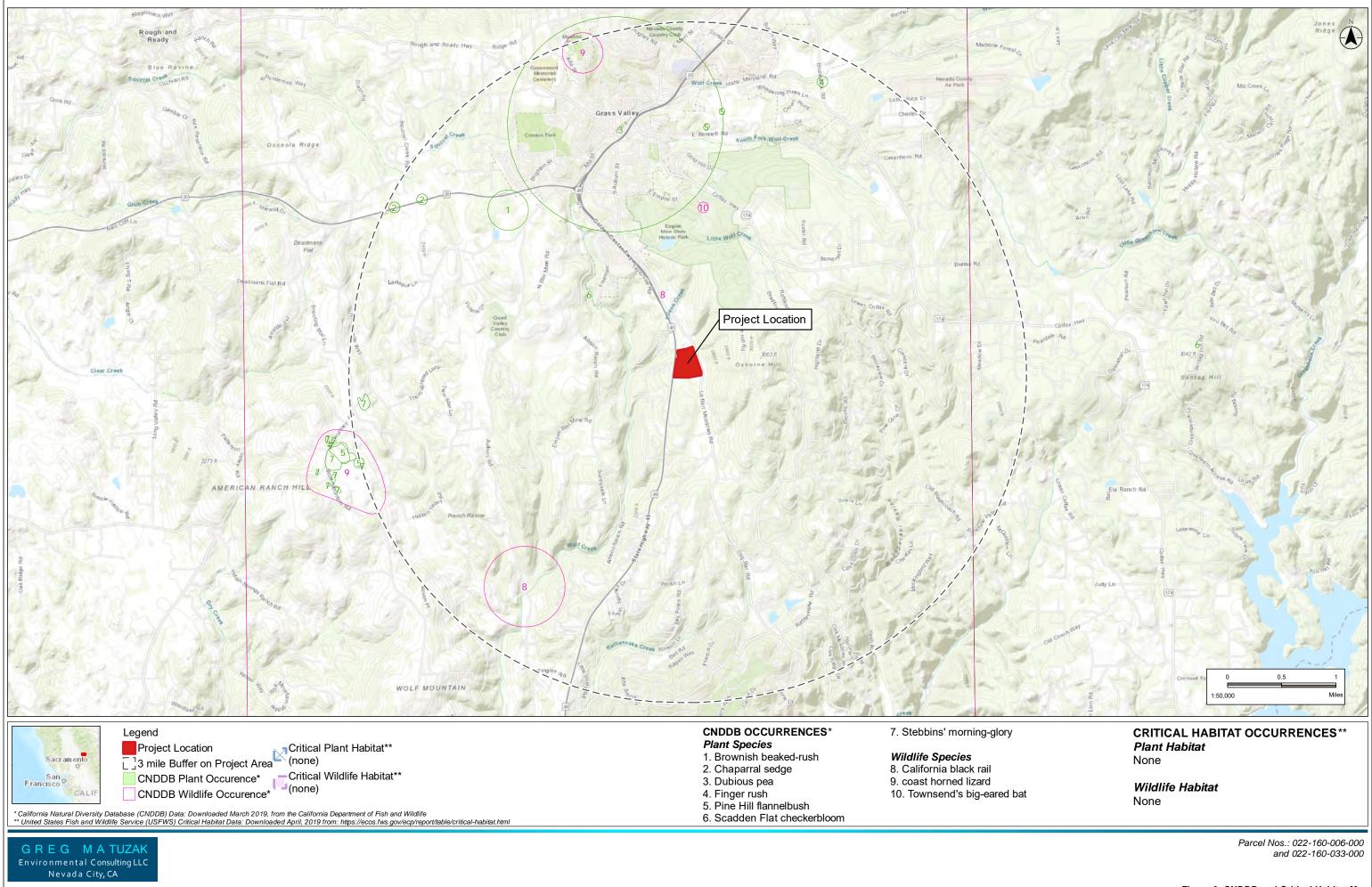
#### List of Plants Observed in the Rare Earth Project Area\*, Grass Valley, CA

\*September 20, 2018 survey focused on the uplands, riparian wetland boundaries, and ponds

	Rumex crispus	curly dock	х	х	
Rham	naceae	BUCKTHORN FAMILY			
	Ceanothus cuneatus	buckbrush			х
	Frangula california ssp. tomentella	hoary coffeeberry			х
Rosac	eae	ROSE FAMILY			
	Crataegus monogyna	single-seed hawthorn			Х
	Prunus cerasifera	sweet cherry-plum (cultivated)			х
	Rosa canina	dog rose	Х		Х
	Rubus armeniacus	Himalayan blackberry	Х	х	Х
Rubia	ceae	MADDER FAMILY			
	Cephalanthus occidentalis	California button willow	х		
	Galium aparine	common bedstraw	х		
Salica	ceae	WILLOW FAMILY			
	Populus fremontii	Fremont cottonwood	х		
	Populus nigra	Lombardy poplar	х		Х
	Salix exigua	sandbar willow	х		
	Salix laevigata	red willow	х		
	Salix lasiolepis	arroyo willow	х	Х	
Scrop	hulariaceae	FIGWORT FAMILY			
	Verbascum thapsus	woolly mullein	х		Х
Simar	oubaceae	QUASSIA FAMILY			
	Ailanthus altissima	tree-of-heaven			Х
Vitace	eae	GRAPE FAMILY			
	Vitis californica	California wild grape			

Appendix D

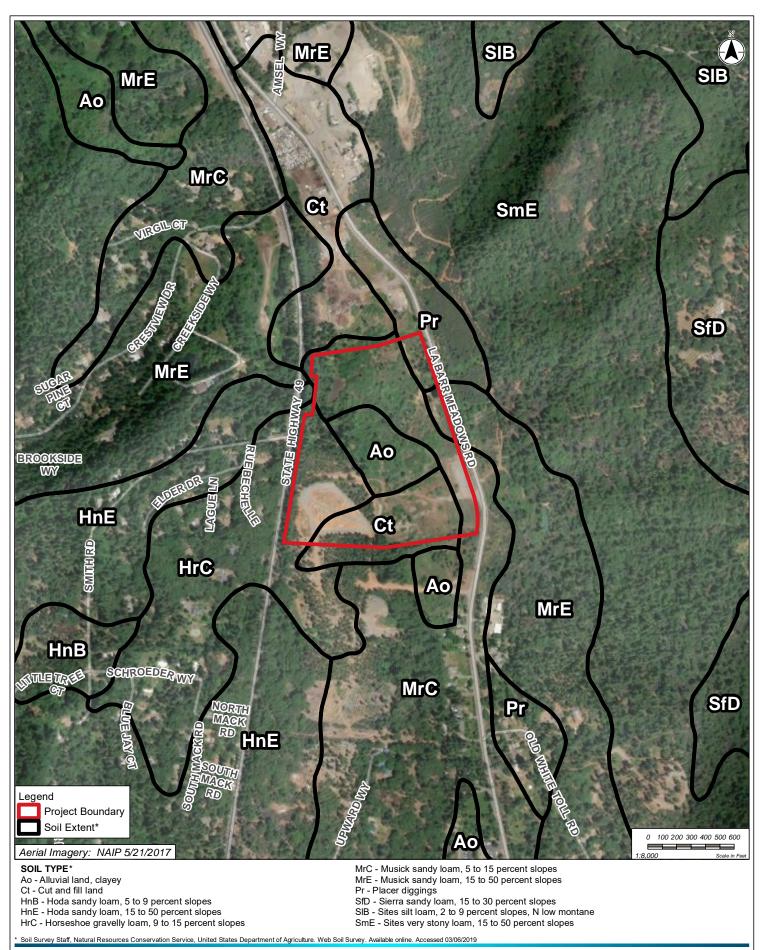
CNDDB Locations of Special Status Species within 3 Miles of Project Area



a Nugent 5/9/2019 C:2019\_Matsuzak/20190427\_NevadaCounty\_LaBarMeadowsRoad/mxd/Fig3\_CNDDB\_NevadaCounty\_LaBarM

Appendix E

USDA Soils Map of Project Area



GREG MATUZAK Environmental Consulting LLC Nevada City, CA Parcel Nos.: 022-160-006-000 and 022-160-033-000 Appendix F

National Wetland Inventory (NWI) Figure



Nugent 5/9/2019 C:12019\_Matsuzak120190427\_Neva County\_

Appendix G

**CNDDB Occurrence and USFWS IPaC Reports** 



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife



#### California Natural Diversity Database

 Query Criteria:
 Mapndx<span style='color:Red'> IS </span>(12076<span style='color:Red'> OR </span>22745<span style='color:Red'> OR</span>22745<span style='color:Red'> OR</span>22745<span style='color:Red'> OR</span>22745<span style='color:Red'> OR</span>22745<span style='color:Red'> OR</span>22745<span style='color:Red'> OR</span>22745<span style='color:Red'> OR</span>2010

 Style='color:Red'> OR</span>30554<span style='color:Red'> OR </span>3983<span style='color:Red'> OR </span>41294<span style='color:Red'> OR</span>50474<span style='color:Red'> OR </span>68011<span style='color:Red'> OR </span>79239<span style='color:Red'> OR </span>83108<span style='color:Red'> OR </span>99346<span style='color:Red'> OR</span>41292

Map Index Num	nber:	68011				EO Index:		68166		
Key Quad:		Grass Valley (	(3912121)			Element Code:		ABNME0304	1	
Occurrence Nu	imber:	135				Occurrence Last Up	pdated:	2009-09-24		
Scientific Name	e: Late	erallus jamaice	ensis coturnici	ulus		Common Name:	California	black rail		
_isting Status:		Federal:	None			Rare Plant Rank:				
* SENSITIVE	*	State:	Threatened	ł		Other Lists:	BLM_S-S			
CNDDB Elemer	nt Ranks:	Global:	G3G4T1					P-Fully Protecte -Near Threater		
		State:	S1				NABCI_R	WL-Red Watch		ncern
General Habita	t:					Micro Habitat:				
				WS AND SHALL G LARGER BAYS		NEEDS WATER DE DURING THE YEAR				
ast Date Obse	erved: 2	007-01-23				Occurrence Type:	Natural/N	lative occurren	ice	
ast Survey Da	ate: 2	007-01-23				Occurrence Rank:	Good			
Owner/Manage	er:					Trend:	Unknowr	n		
resence:	F	resumed Exta	ant							
ocation:										
oouton.										
	OCATION	INFORMATIC	ON SUPPRES	SSED.						
SENSITIVE* L		INFORMATIC	ON SUPPRES	SED.						
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT	ion: ACT THE (	CALIFORNIA		-	BASE, CA	ALIFORNIA DEPARTM	1ENT OF F	ISH AND WILI	DLIFE, FOR MO	RE
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT, NFORMATION	ion: ACT THE (	CALIFORNIA		-	BASE, CA	ALIFORNIA DEPARTM	IENT OF F	ISH AND WILI	DLIFE, FOR MO	RE
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT, NFORMATION Ecological: MEADOW/EME	ion: ACT THE ( : (916) 322 RGENT W	CALIFORNIA -2493 ETLAND HAB	NATURAL DI BITAT ASSOC	VERSITY DATAI	EEPAGE F	ALIFORNIA DEPARTM FROM A POND, DOM UBUS DISCOLOR; SI	INATED B	Y TYPHA DOM	/INGENSIS, CAI	REX SP.,
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT NFORMATION Ecological: MEADOW/EME JUNCUS EFFU	ion: ACT THE ( : (916) 322 RGENT W	CALIFORNIA -2493 ETLAND HAB	NATURAL DI BITAT ASSOC	VERSITY DATAI	EEPAGE F	FROM A POND, DOM	INATED B	Y TYPHA DOM	/INGENSIS, CAI	REX SP.,
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT, NFORMATION Ecological: MEADOW/EME UNCUS EFFU: Threats:	ACT THE ( : (916) 322 RGENT W SUS PACI	CALIFORNIA -2493 ETLAND HAB FICUS, EPILC	NATURAL DI BITAT ASSOC DBIUM SPP, S	VERSITY DATAI	EEPAGE F S, AND RI	FROM A POND, DOM	INATED B` URROUND	Y TYPHA DON DED BY HOME	IINGENSIS, CAI S. BISECTED B	REX SP., Y A ROAD.
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT, NFORMATION Ecological: MEADOW/EME UNCUS EFFU: Threats: JPLAND, NOXI	ACT THE ( : (916) 322 RGENT W SUS PACI	CALIFORNIA -2493 ETLAND HAB FICUS, EPILC	NATURAL DI BITAT ASSOC DBIUM SPP, S	VERSITY DATAI	EEPAGE F S, AND RI	FROM A POND, DOM UBUS DISCOLOR; SI	INATED B` URROUND	Y TYPHA DON DED BY HOME	IINGENSIS, CAI S. BISECTED B	REX SP., Y A ROAD.
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT, NFORMATION Ecological: MEADOW/EME UNCUS EFFUS INREATS: JPLAND, NOXI General:	ACT THE ( : (916) 322 RGENT W SUS PACI	CALIFORNIA -2493 ETLAND HAB FICUS, EPILC	NATURAL DI BITAT ASSOC DBIUM SPP, S MEADOW. SI	VERSITY DATAI	EEPAGE F S, AND R DOW DEGI	FROM A POND, DOM UBUS DISCOLOR; SI	INATED B` URROUND	Y TYPHA DON YED BY HOME DEVELOPMEN	IINGENSIS, CAI S. BISECTED B	REX SP., Y A ROAD.
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT. NFORMATION Ecological: MEADOW/EME UNCUS EFFUS Threats: JPLAND, NOXI General: PLSS:	ACT THE ( : (916) 322 RGENT W SUS PACI	CALIFORNIA -2493 ETLAND HAB FICUS, EPILC	NATURAL DI BITAT ASSOC DBIUM SPP, S MEADOW. SI <b>A</b>	VERSITY DATAI	EEPAGE F S, AND RI DOW DEGI 80 n	FROM A POND, DOM UBUS DISCOLOR; SI RADING WETLAND H	INATED B` URROUND	Y TYPHA DOM DED BY HOME DEVELOPMEN Ar	IINGENSIS, CAF S. BISECTED B IT PROPOSED I	REX SP., Y A ROAD. N 2007.
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT, NFORMATION Ecological: MEADOW/EME JUNCUS EFFUS Threats: JPLAND, NOXI General: PLSS: JTM:	ion: ACT THE ( : (916) 322 RGENT W SUS PACH US WEED	CALIFORNIA -2493 ETLAND HAB FICUS, EPILC	NATURAL DI BITAT ASSOC DBIUM SPP, S MEADOW. SI A La	VERSITY DATAI CIATED WITH SE SALIX LESIDEPIS PHON IN MEAD CCURACY:	EEPAGE F S, AND RI DOW DEGI 80 n	FROM A POND, DOM UBUS DISCOLOR; SI RADING WETLAND H	INATED B` URROUND	Y TYPHA DOM DED BY HOME DEVELOPMEN Ar	IINGENSIS, CAI S. BISECTED B IT PROPOSED I <b>rea (acres):</b>	REX SP., Y A ROAD. N 2007. 0
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT, NFORMATION Ecological: MEADOW/EME JUNCUS EFFUS Inreats: JPLAND, NOXI General: PLSS: JTM: County Summa	ion: ACT THE ( : (916) 322 RGENT W SUS PACH US WEED	CALIFORNIA -2493 ETLAND HAB FICUS, EPILC	NATURAL DI BITAT ASSOC DBIUM SPP, S MEADOW. SI Ar La Q	VERSITY DATAI CIATED WITH SE SALIX LESIDEPI PHON IN MEAD CCURACY: atitude/Longitud	EEPAGE F S, AND RI DOW DEGI 80 n <b>de:</b>	FROM A POND, DOM UBUS DISCOLOR; SI RADING WETLAND H	INATED B` URROUND	Y TYPHA DOM DED BY HOME DEVELOPMEN Ar	IINGENSIS, CAI S. BISECTED B IT PROPOSED I <b>rea (acres):</b>	REX SP., Y A ROAD. N 2007. 0
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT, NFORMATION Ecological: MEADOW/EME UNCUS EFFUS Threats: JPLAND, NOXI General: PLSS: JTM: County Summa	ion: ACT THE ( : (916) 322 RGENT W SUS PACH US WEED	CALIFORNIA -2493 ETLAND HAB FICUS, EPILC	NATURAL DI BITAT ASSOC DBIUM SPP, S MEADOW. SI Ar La Q	VERSITY DATAI CIATED WITH SE SALIX LESIDEPIS PHON IN MEAD ccuracy: atitude/Longitud	EEPAGE F S, AND RI DOW DEGI 80 n <b>de:</b>	FROM A POND, DOM UBUS DISCOLOR; SI RADING WETLAND H	INATED B` URROUND	Y TYPHA DOM DED BY HOME DEVELOPMEN Ar	IINGENSIS, CAI S. BISECTED B IT PROPOSED I <b>rea (acres):</b>	REX SP., Y A ROAD. N 2007. 0
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT, NFORMATION Ecological: MEADOW/EME JUNCUS EFFUS Threats: JPLAND, NOXI General: PLSS: JTM: County Summa Nevada Sources:	ACT THE ( : (916) 322 RGENT W SUS PACH US WEED	CALIFORNIA -2493 ETLAND HAB FICUS, EPILC S INVADING I	NATURAL DI BITAT ASSOC DBIUM SPP, S MEADOW. SI At La G	VERSITY DATAI CIATED WITH SE SALIX LESIDEPIS PHON IN MEAD ccuracy: atitude/Longitud uad Summary: rass Valley (3912	EEPAGE F S, AND RI DOW DEGI 80 n <b>de:</b> 2121)	FROM A POND, DOM UBUS DISCOLOR; SI RADING WETLAND H	INATED B' URROUND HABITAT. [	Y TYPHA DOM Ded by home Developmen Ar El	AINGENSIS, CAR S. BISECTED B IT PROPOSED I rea (acres): evation (feet):	REX SP., Y A ROAD. N 2007. 0 2,225
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT. NFORMATION Ecological: MEADOW/EME UNCUS EFFUS Threats: JPLAND, NOXI Seneral: PLSS: JTM: County Summa Nevada Sources: MOR07F0001	ACT THE ( : (916) 322 RGENT W SUS PACH US WEED US WEED ary: MORAN -01-23 RICHMC	CALIFORNIA -2493 ETLAND HAB FICUS, EPILC S INVADING I S INVADING I	NATURAL DI BITAT ASSOC DBIUM SPP, S MEADOW. SI A La C G G G CAL OUTRE AL. (UNIVER	VERSITY DATAI CIATED WITH SE SALIX LESIDEPIS PHON IN MEAD ccuracy: atitude/Longitud uad Summary: rass Valley (3912 EACH SERVICES SITY OF CALIFO	EEPAGE F S, AND RI DOW DEGI 80 m de: 2121) S) - FIELD DRNIA, BE	FROM A POND, DOM UBUS DISCOLOR; SI RADING WETLAND H meters	INATED B' URROUND HABITAT. [	Y TYPHA DOM DED BY HOME DEVELOPMEN Ar EI	AINGENSIS, CAR S. BISECTED B IT PROPOSED I rea (acres): evation (feet): ENSIS COTURN	REX SP., Y A ROAD. N 2007. 0 2,225
SENSITIVE* L Detailed Locati PLEASE CONT, NFORMATION Ecological: MEADOW/EME JUNCUS EFFU: Threats:	ACT THE ( : (916) 322 RGENT W SUS PACI US WEED US WEED Ary: MORAN -01-23 RICHMC SIERRA TECKLI	CALIFORNIA -2493 ETLAND HAB FICUS, EPILO S INVADING I S INVADING I , V. (ECOLOG DND O.M. ET NEVADA FO	NATURAL DI BITAT ASSOC DBIUM SPP, S MEADOW. SI AL GICAL OUTRI AL. (UNIVER OTHILLS. J. HAEFER (UNI	VERSITY DATAI CIATED WITH SE SALIX LESIDEPIS PHON IN MEAD ccuracy: atitude/Longituc uad Summary: rass Valley (3912 EACH SERVICES SITY OF CALIFO FIELD ORNITHO	EEPAGE F S, AND RI 80 m de: 2121) S) - FIELD DRNIA, BE DL. 79(4):3	FROM A POND, DOM UBUS DISCOLOR; SI RADING WETLAND H meters	INATED B' URROUND HABITAT. [ R LATERA UTION OF	Y TYPHA DOM DED BY HOME DEVELOPMEN Ar El LLUS JAMAIC CALIFORNIA	AINGENSIS, CAR S. BISECTED B IT PROPOSED I rea (acres): levation (feet): ENSIS COTURN BLACK RAILS IN	REX SP., Y A ROAD. N 2007. 0 2,225 NICULUS 20 N THE



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife



Map Index Number:	76676		EO Index:		77622	
Key Quad:	Grass Valley (	3912121)	Element Code:		ABNME03041	
Occurrence Number:	264	,	Occurrence Last U	nce Last Updated: 2009-09-23		
Scientific Name:	aterallus jamaice.	ensis coturniculus	Common Name:	California	a black rail	
Listing Status:	Federal:	None	Rare Plant Rank:			
	State:	Threatened	Other Lists:	BLM_S-S		
CNDDB Element Rank	s: Global:	G3G4T1			P-Fully Protected	
	State:	S1		NABCI_F	RWL-Red Watch List BCC-Birds of Conservation Cor	ncern
General Habitat:			Micro Habitat:			
	,	WET MEADOWS AND SHALLOW BORDERING LARGER BAYS.			ABOUT 1 INCH THAT DO NOT NSE VEGETATION FOR NEST	
Last Date Observed:	XXXX-XX-XX		Occurrence Type:	Natural/	Native occurrence	
Last Survey Date:	XXXX-XX-XX		Occurrence Rank:	Unknow	'n	
Owner/Manager:	UNKNOWN		Trend:	Unknow	'n	
Presence:	Presumed Exta	int				
Location:						
VICINITY OF OLD AUE	BURN RD ABOUT	2.1 MI NORTH OF JUNCTION W	/ITH HWY 49, ABOUT 4.3	MI SSW O	F GRASS VALLEY (PO).	
Detailed Location:						
	ERENCING FIGU	JRE 2 IN RICHMOND 2008. WITH	IIN THE CORE SURVEY A	REA.		
MAPPED BY GEOREF	ERENCING FIGU	JRE 2 IN RICHMOND 2008. WITH	IIN THE CORE SURVEY A	REA.		
<b>Ecological:</b> SURVEY MARSHES G	ENERALLY SMA	JRE 2 IN RICHMOND 2008. WITH ALL, GENTLY SLOPED, DENSELY RILY FROM IRRIGATION DITCHE	VEGETATED & HIGHLY	FRAGMEN		
MAPPED BY GEOREF <b>Ecological:</b> SURVEY MARSHES G HABITAT). WATER SO	ENERALLY SMA	ALL, GENTLY SLOPED, DENSELY	VEGETATED & HIGHLY	FRAGMEN		
MAPPED BY GEOREF Ecological: SURVEY MARSHES G HABITAT). WATER SO FOOTHILLS. Threats:	ENERALLY SMA	ALL, GENTLY SLOPED, DENSELY	VEGETATED & HIGHLY	FRAGMEN		
MAPPED BY GEOREF Ecological: SURVEY MARSHES G HABITAT). WATER SO FOOTHILLS. Threats: General: CA BLACK RAILS DET	ENERALLY SMA URCES PRIMAR	ALL, GENTLY SLOPED, DENSELY	VEGETATED & HIGHLY S. OCCURRENCE REPRE	FRAGMEN SENTS P/ CALL-PLA	ART OF A METAPOPULATION YBACK SURVEYS IN 1994-200	IN SIERRA 06. PART O
MAPPED BY GEOREF Ecological: SURVEY MARSHES G HABITAT). WATER SO FOOTHILLS. Threats: General: CA BLACK RAILS DET	ENERALLY SMA URCES PRIMAR ECTED BY RICH ENT BREEDING	ALL, GENTLY SLOPED, DENSELY RILY FROM IRRIGATION DITCHE MOND ET AL AT 1 SITE DURING	VEGETATED & HIGHLY S. OCCURRENCE REPRE	FRAGMEN SENTS P/ CALL-PLA	ART OF A METAPOPULATION YBACK SURVEYS IN 1994-200	IN SIERRA 06. PART O
MAPPED BY GEOREF Ecological: SURVEY MARSHES G HABITAT). WATER SO FOOTHILLS. Threats: General: CA BLACK RAILS DET YEAR-ROUND RESIDE PLSS: T15N, R08E, S	ENERALLY SMA URCES PRIMAR ECTED BY RICH ENT BREEDING	ALL, GENTLY SLOPED, DENSELY RILY FROM IRRIGATION DITCHE HMOND ET AL AT 1 SITE DURING POPULATION IN THE SIERRA FO	Y VEGETATED & HIGHLY S. OCCURRENCE REPRE G AT LEAST 1 PHASE OF DOTHILLS, DISCONTINUC	FRAGMEN SENTS P/ CALL-PLA	ART OF A METAPOPULATION YBACK SURVEYS IN 1994-200 THE SF BAY-DELTA POPULA	IN SIERRA 06. PART O TION.
MAPPED BY GEOREF Ecological: SURVEY MARSHES G HABITAT). WATER SO FOOTHILLS. Threats: General: CA BLACK RAILS DET YEAR-ROUND RESIDE PLSS: T15N, R08E, S UTM: Zone-10 N433	ENERALLY SMA URCES PRIMAR ECTED BY RICH ENT BREEDING Sec. 15, NW (M)	ALL, GENTLY SLOPED, DENSELY RILY FROM IRRIGATION DITCHE MOND ET AL AT 1 SITE DURING POPULATION IN THE SIERRA FO Accuracy:	Y VEGETATED & HIGHLY S. OCCURRENCE REPRE AT LEAST 1 PHASE OF ( DOTHILLS, DISCONTINUC 2/5 mile	FRAGMEN SENTS P/ CALL-PLA	ART OF A METAPOPULATION YBACK SURVEYS IN 1994-200 THE SF BAY-DELTA POPULA Area (acres):	IN SIERRA )6. PART O TION. 0
MAPPED BY GEOREF Ecological: SURVEY MARSHES G HABITAT). WATER SO FOOTHILLS. Threats: General: CA BLACK RAILS DET YEAR-ROUND RESIDE PLSS: T15N, R08E, S	ENERALLY SMA URCES PRIMAR ECTED BY RICH ENT BREEDING Sec. 15, NW (M)	ALL, GENTLY SLOPED, DENSELY RILY FROM IRRIGATION DITCHES HMOND ET AL AT 1 SITE DURING POPULATION IN THE SIERRA FO Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude:	VEGETATED & HIGHLY S. OCCURRENCE REPRE AT LEAST 1 PHASE OF ( DOTHILLS, DISCONTINUC 2/5 mile 39.15650 / -121.07821	FRAGMEN SENTS P/ CALL-PLA	ART OF A METAPOPULATION YBACK SURVEYS IN 1994-200 THE SF BAY-DELTA POPULA Area (acres):	IN SIERRA )6. PART O TION. 0



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife



Map Index Number:	99346		EO Index:		100891	
Key Quad:	Grass Valley (	(3912121)	Element Code:		AMACC08010	
Occurrence Number:	636		Occurrence Last U	Occurrence Last Updated: 2016-03-01		
Scientific Name: 0	Corynorhinus towr	nsendii	Common Name:	Townsen	d's big-eared bat	
Listing Status:	Federal:	None	Rare Plant Rank:			
	State:	None	Other Lists:	BLM_S-S		
CNDDB Element Rank	s: Global:	G3G4			SC-Species of Special Concel -Least Concern	'n
	State:	S2		USFS_S-		
General Habitat:			Micro Habitat:			
THROUGHOUT CALIF COMMON IN MESIC S	-	E VARIETY OF HABITATS. MOS			GING FROM WALLS AND CE EXTREMELY SENSITIVE TO	
Last Date Observed:	2015-07-24		Occurrence Type:	Natural/I	Native occurrence	
Last Survey Date:	2015-07-24		Occurrence Rank:	Good		
Owner/Meneror			Trend:	Unknow	2	
Owner/Manager:	DPR-EMPIRE I	DPR-EMPIRE MINE SHP		Ontrailow	11	
Owner/Manager: Presence:	Presumed Exta		rienu.	Children		
Presence:			rrenu.	CHILLION		
Presence: Location:	Presumed Exta					
Presence: Location: EMPIRE MINE STATE	Presumed Exta	ant				
Presence: Location: EMPIRE MINE STATE Detailed Location:	Presumed Exta	ant K, ABOUT 0.6 MI SE OF E EMPIR				
Presence: Location: EMPIRE MINE STATE Detailed Location: MAPPED TO LOCATIC	Presumed Exta	ant K, ABOUT 0.6 MI SE OF E EMPIR				
Presence: Location: EMPIRE MINE STATE Detailed Location: MAPPED TO LOCATIC Ecological: ATTIC OF VISITOR CE	Presumed Exta HISTORIC PARK ON OF VISITOR C	ANT K, ABOUT 0.6 MI SE OF E EMPIR CENTER. E HISTORIC PARK. PEOPLE ARE	E ST AT PINE ST & 0.8 MI IN AND OUT OF THE DOV	NE OF HV	VY 49 AT E MCKNIGHT WAY	
Presence: Location: EMPIRE MINE STATE Detailed Location: MAPPED TO LOCATIC Ecological: ATTIC OF VISITOR CE	Presumed Exta HISTORIC PARK ON OF VISITOR C	ant K, ABOUT 0.6 MI SE OF E EMPIR CENTER.	E ST AT PINE ST & 0.8 MI IN AND OUT OF THE DOV	NE OF HV	VY 49 AT E MCKNIGHT WAY	
Presence: Location: EMPIRE MINE STATE Detailed Location: MAPPED TO LOCATIC Ecological: ATTIC OF VISITOR CE ENTERED. SURROUN Threats:	Presumed Exta HISTORIC PARK ON OF VISITOR C ENTER IN STATE DED BY PONDE	ANT K, ABOUT 0.6 MI SE OF E EMPIR CENTER. HISTORIC PARK. PEOPLE ARE ROSA PINE, MIXED CONIFER A	E ST AT PINE ST & 0.8 MI IN AND OUT OF THE DOV ND BLACK OAK WOODLA	NE OF HV WNSTAIRS ND.	VY 49 AT E MCKNIGHT WAY S CONSTANTLY, BUT THE A	TTIC IS NEVI
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Presence: Location: EMPIRE MINE STATE Detailed Location: MAPPED TO LOCATIC Ecological: ATTIC OF VISITOR CE ENTERED. SURROUN Threats: PARK MANAGERS WA General: MATERNAL ROOST O PLSS: T16N, R08E, S UTM: Zone-10 N434	Presumed Exta HISTORIC PARK ON OF VISITOR C ENTER IN STATE DED BY PONDE ANT TO CLOSE C F ABOUT 40 BAT Sec. 35, NW (M)	ANT C, ABOUT 0.6 MI SE OF E EMPIR CENTER. HISTORIC PARK. PEOPLE ARE ROSA PINE, MIXED CONIFER A DFF THE ATTIC BECAUSE OF HI TS (ADULT FEMALES AND PUPS Accuracy:	E ST AT PINE ST & 0.8 MI IN AND OUT OF THE DOV ND BLACK OAK WOODLA UMAN HEALTH AND SAFE 6) OBSERVED ON 1 JUL & 80 meters	NE OF HV WNSTAIRS ND. TY ISSUE	VY 49 AT E MCKNIGHT WAY S CONSTANTLY, BUT THE A S (I.E. EVICT BAT COLONY). 115. <b>Area (acres):</b>	TTIC IS NEVI
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Presence: Location: EMPIRE MINE STATE Detailed Location: MAPPED TO LOCATIC Ecological: ATTIC OF VISITOR CE ENTERED. SURROUN Threats: PARK MANAGERS WA General: MATERNAL ROOST O PLSS: T16N, R08E, S UTM: Zone-10 N434 County Summary: Nevada Sources: LEW15F0004 LEW	Presumed Exta HISTORIC PARK ON OF VISITOR C ENTER IN STATE DED BY PONDE ANT TO CLOSE C F ABOUT 40 BAT Sec. 35, NW (M) 11565 E668643	AND AND AND AND ADD ADD ADD ADD	E ST AT PINE ST & 0.8 MI IN AND OUT OF THE DOWND BLACK OAK WOODLA UMAN HEALTH AND SAFE 3) OBSERVED ON 1 JUL & 80 meters 39.20699 / -121.04679	NE OF HV WNSTAIRS ND. 24 JUL 20	VY 49 AT E MCKNIGHT WAY S CONSTANTLY, BUT THE A S (I.E. EVICT BAT COLONY). 115. Area (acres): Elevation (feet):	0 2,600



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife



Map Index Numb	<b>ber:</b> 23	3689			EO Index:		7330		
Key Quad:	G	rass Valley (	3912121)		Element Code:		ARACF1210	0	
Occurrence Num	<b>ber:</b> 5	77			Occurrence Last	Updated:	1998-10-05		
Scientific Name:	Phryn	nosoma blain	villii		Common Name:	coast hor	ned lizard		
isting Status:		Federal:	None		Rare Plant Rank:				
		State:	None		Other Lists:	BLM_S-S			
NDDB Element	Ranks:	Global:	G3G4				SC-Species of C-Least Conceri	f Special Concern n	
		State:	S3S4						
eneral Habitat:					Micro Habitat:				
				OST COMMON IN TTERED LOW BUSH	OPEN AREAS FOI ES. LOOSE SOIL FOR OTHER INSECTS.	BURIAL, A			
ast Date Observ	<b>ved:</b> 19	95-XX-XX			Occurrence Type	Natural/	Native occurrer	nce	
ast Survey Date	<b>e:</b> 19	95-XX-XX			Occurrence Rank	: Exceller	ıt		
wner/Manager:	NE	V COUNTY,	, PVT		Trend:	Unknow	n		
resence:	Pre	esumed Exta	int						
ocation:									
BOUT 4 MILES	SW OF GI	RASS VALLE	EY, MOSTL	Y SOUTH OF MCCOU	JRTNEY ROAD IN AND A	ROUND CC	UNTY LANDFI	ILL.	
etailed Location	n:								
		NEY ROAD,	3 MILES S	W OF GRASS VALLE	Υ.				
AST SIDE OF M		NEY ROAD,	3 MILES S	W OF GRASS VALLE	Υ.				
AST SIDE OF M <b>cological:</b> ABITAT CONSIS	ICCOURT	HAPARRAL,			Y. WITH SOME GRAY PINE,	YELLOW P	INE, MACNAD	OCYPRESS, BLU	E OAK,
AST SIDE OF M cological: ABITAT CONSIS LACK OAK AND	ICCOURT	HAPARRAL,				YELLOW P	INE, MACNAD	) CYPRESS, BLU	E OAK,
AST SIDE OF M cological: Abitat consis ACK oak and Infeats:	ICCOURT STS OF C D LIVE OAI	HAPARRAL, K.				YELLOW P	INE, MACNAD	) CYPRESS, BLU	E OAK,
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AST SIDE OF M cological: ABITAT CONSIS LACK OAK AND hreats: EVELOPMENT, eneral: WO ADULT LIZA O 1995. LSS: T15N, R0 TM: Zone-10 ounty Summary evada	ICCOURTI STS OF C D LIVE OAI , COUNTY ARDS FOU 08E, Sec. N4337572	HAPARRAL, K. LANDFILL. JND IN A LE 08, SE (M)	DOMINAT	ED BY MANZANITA, N AREA. LIZARDS COI Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude:	WITH SOME GRAY PINE, MMON AT THIS LOCATIO nonspecific area 39.17205 / -121.10910		ORK DONE IN	THE TIME PERI	OD OF 1974 253
AST SIDE OF M cological: ABITAT CONSIS LACK OAK AND hreats: EVELOPMENT, eneral: WO ADULT LIZA O 1995. LSS: T15N, RC TM: Zone-10 ounty Summary evada ources: UR90F0018	ICCOURTI STS OF C D LIVE OAI , COUNTY ARDS FOU 08E, Sec. N4337572 <b>y:</b> BURRY, <sup>-</sup>	HAPARRAL, K. LANDFILL. JND IN A LE 08, SE (M) 2 E663345	DOMINAT ACHFIELD	ED BY MANZANITA, N AREA. LIZARDS COI Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary: Grass Valley (391212	WITH SOME GRAY PINE, MMON AT THIS LOCATIO nonspecific area 39.17205 / -121.10910	N, FIELDW	ORK DONE IN A El	THE TIME PERI rea (acres): levation (feet):	OD OF 1974 253 2,250
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AST SIDE OF M cological: ABITAT CONSIS LACK OAK AND hreats: EVELOPMENT, eneral: WO ADULT LIZA O 1995. LSS: T15N, R( TM: Zone-10 ounty Summary evada ources: UR90F0018 AR90F0010 AR91F0011	ICCOURTI STS OF C D LIVE OAI , COUNTY ARDS FOU 08E, Sec. N4337572 <b>y:</b> BURRY, <sup>7</sup> 1990-09-1 HART, B. 1990-08-2 HART, B.	HAPARRAL, (. LANDFILL. JND IN A LE 08, SE (M) 2 E663345 FIELD SUF 21 - FIELD SUF 21 - FIELD SUF	DOMINAT ACHFIELD JRVEY FO RVEY FOR	ED BY MANZANITA, N AREA. LIZARDS COI Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary: Grass Valley (391212 RM FOR PHRYNOSOM M FOR PHRYNOSOM M FOR PHRYNOSOM	WITH SOME GRAY PINE, MMON AT THIS LOCATIO nonspecific area 39.17205 / -121.10910 1) MA CORONATUM (FRON	N, FIELDW	ORK DONE IN A EI ULATION, CALIF	THE TIME PERI rea (acres): levation (feet):	OD OF 1974 253 2,250 ED LIZARD D LIZARD)
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Cological: ABITAT CONSIS BLACK OAK AND Threats: DEVELOPMENT, General: WO ADULT LIZA O 1995. PLSS: T15N, RC ITM: Zone-10 County Summary Ievada BOUR2050018 IAR90F0010 IAR91F0011 IIS90F0002 IIS93F0001	ICCOURTI STS OF C D LIVE OAI , COUNTY ARDS FOU 08E, Sec. N4337572 <b>y:</b> BURRY, <sup>7</sup> 1990-09-1 HART, B. 1990-08-2 HART, B. PHOTOG HISCOX, 1990-08-2 HISCOX,	HAPARRAL, K. LANDFILL. JND IN A LE 08, SE (M) 2 E663345 C FIELD SU 3 - FIELD SUF APHS IN E K FIELD S K FIELD S K FIELD S	DOMINAT ACHFIELD JRVEY FO RVEY FOR RVEY FOR RVEY FOR SURVEY FO SURVEY FO	ED BY MANZANITA, N AREA. LIZARDS COI Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary: Grass Valley (391212 RM FOR PHRYNOSOM M FOR PHRYNOSOM IN ELEMENT FILE LA DRM FOR PHRYNOSOM IN ELEMENT FILE LA DRM FOR PHRYNOSOM	WITH SOME GRAY PINE, MMON AT THIS LOCATIO nonspecific area 39.17205 / -121.10910 1) MA CORONATUM (FRON 1A CORONATUM (FRONT ABELED AS ABOVE) 1991 DMA CORONATUM (FRONT	N, FIELDW TALE POPU TALE POPU TALE POPU -06-10 NTALE POP ONTALE POP	ORK DONE IN AI EI ULATION, CALIF LATION, CALIF PULATION, CA	THE TIME PERI rea (acres): levation (feet): LIFORNIA HORNEI FORNIA HORNEI LIFORNIA HORNEI LIFORNIA HORNEI 993-04-12	OD OF 197 253 2,250 ED LIZARD D LIZARD) D LIZARD).



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife

#### California Natural Diversity Database



	39883		EO Index:		34885	
Key Quad:	Grass Valley	3912121)	Element Code:		ARACF12100	
Occurrence Number:	599		Occurrence Last U	Occurrence Last Updated: 1998-10-01		
Scientific Name: P	Phrynosoma blain	villii	Common Name:	coast hor	med lizard	
Listing Status:	Federal:	None	Rare Plant Rank:			
	State:	None	Other Lists:	BLM_S-S		
CNDDB Element Rank	s: Global:	G3G4			SC-Species of Special Concern C-Least Concern	
	State:	S3S4		_		
General Habitat:			Micro Habitat:			
		BITATS, MOST COMMON IN WITH SCATTERED LOW BUSHES			G, BUSHES FOR COVER, PATCHES OF ND ABUNDANT SUPPLY OF ANTS AND	
Last Date Observed:	1991-XX-XX		Occurrence Type:	Natural/	Native occurrence	
ast Survey Date:	1991-XX-XX		Occurrence Rank:	Poor		
Owner/Manager:	CITY OF GRAS	SS VALLEY	Trend:	Decreas	sing	
Presence:	Presumed Exta	int				
Location:						
	TMENT PLANT,	11808 ALTA VISTA AVE, GRASS	VALLEY.			
GRASS VALLEY TREA						
Detailed Location:						
Detailed Location: Ecological: GROUNDS COVERED	WITH PEA GRA	VLE, MANY BUSHES AND SHRUE	3S, MANY ANTS.			
Detailed Location: Ecological: GROUNDS COVERED Ihreats:			3S, MANY ANTS.			
Detailed Location: Ecological: GROUNDS COVERED Threats: TREATMENT PLANT U		VLE, MANY BUSHES AND SHRUE AJOR RECONSTRUCTION.	3S, MANY ANTS.			
Detailed Location: Ecological: GROUNDS COVERED Inreats: IREATMENT PLANT U General: DBSERVED LIZARDS I	INDERGOING M FROM 1983 TO	AJOR RECONSTRUCTION.	JNG OFF FLOATING RES	SERVOIR	COVER. YOUNG APPEAR 1ST 2 WEEKS C	
Detailed Location: Ecological: GROUNDS COVERED Threats: TREATMENT PLANT U General: OBSERVED LIZARDS I AUGUST. OBSERVED	NDERGOING M FROM 1983 TO FEWER EACH Y	AJOR RECONSTRUCTION. 1991; RESCUED DOZENS OF YOU	JNG OFF FLOATING RES	SERVOIR	COVER. YOUNG APPEAR 1ST 2 WEEKS C Area (acres): 0	
Detailed Location: Ecological: GROUNDS COVERED Inreats: IREATMENT PLANT U General: DBSERVED LIZARDS I AUGUST. OBSERVED PLSS: T16N, R08E, S	NDERGOING M FROM 1983 TO FEWER EACH N Sec. 22 (M)	AJOR RECONSTRUCTION. 1991; RESCUED DOZENS OF YOU 'EAR, WITH ONLY 1 SEEN IN 199	JNG OFF FLOATING RES	SERVOIR		
Detailed Location: Ecological: GROUNDS COVERED Threats: TREATMENT PLANT U General: OBSERVED LIZARDS I AUGUST. OBSERVED PLSS: T16N, R08E, S	NDERGOING M FROM 1983 TO FEWER EACH N Sec. 22 (M)	AJOR RECONSTRUCTION. 1991; RESCUED DOZENS OF YOU 'EAR, WITH ONLY 1 SEEN IN 199 <b>Accuracy:</b>	JNG OFF FLOATING RES 1. 1/5 mile	SERVOIR	Area (acres): 0	

BEA91F0001 BEATIE, J. - FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR PHRYNOSOMA CORONATUM (FRONTALE POPULATION, CALIFORNIA HORNED LIZARD) 1991-XX-XX



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife



•	22745		EO Index:		8145
Key Quad:	Grass Valley (	(3912121)	Element Code:		PDCON040H0
Occurrence Number:	21		Occurrence Last U	pdated:	2004-09-28
Scientific Name: C	alystegia stebbir	nsii	Common Name:	Stebbins'	morning-glory
Listing Status:	Federal:	Endangered	Rare Plant Rank:	1B.1	
	State:	Endangered	Other Lists:	SB_RSA	BG-Rancho Santa Ana Botanic Garden
CNDDB Element Rank	s: Global:	G1			
	State:	S1			
General Habitat:			Micro Habitat:		
CHAPARRAL, CISMON	ITANE WOODLA	ND.	ON RED CLAY SOII SERPENTINE; OPE		E PINE HILL FORMATION; GABBRO OR . 300-705 M.
ast Date Observed:	1991-06-12		Occurrence Type:	Natural/I	Native occurrence
ast Survey Date:	2004-06-16		Occurrence Rank:	None	
)wner/Manager:	UNKNOWN		Trend:	Unknow	n
resence:	Possibly Extirp	ated			
ocation:					
.5 KM (0.25 MI) SOUT	H OF FRENCH F	RAVINE ALONG EITHER SIDE OI	F MCCOURTNEY ROAD, S	OUTHWE	ST OF GRASS VALLEY.
Detailed Location:					
LONG EITHER SIDE	OF MCCOURTN	EY ROAD NEAR #14015 AND AC	ROSS THE ROAD NEAR 1	ELEPHO	NE POLE #14067.
Ecological:					
ROWING IN OPEN G		AD RECENTLY BEEN CLEARED BE SERPENTINE DERIVED.	OF ARCTOSTAPHYLOS S	SP., CUPR	ESSUS MACNABIANA, AND PINUS
GROWING IN OPEN G SABINIANA. SOILS AR			OF ARCTOSTAPHYLOS S	SP., CUPR	ESSUS MACNABIANA, AND PINUS
GROWING IN OPEN G GABINIANA. SOILS AR Threats:	E BELIVED TO E				
GROWING IN OPEN G GABINIANA. SOILS AR Threats: PRESENT LAND USE I	E BELIVED TO E	BE SERPENTINE DERIVED.			
GROWING IN OPEN G GABINIANA. SOILS AR <b>'hreats:</b> PRESENT LAND USE I <b>General:</b> 22 PLANTS SEEN IN 19	E BELIVED TO F S RURAL RESIE 991. MANY MOR	BE SERPENTINE DERIVED. DENTIAL. IN 2004 AREA ON EAS RE PLANTS MAY BE IN AREA AC	T SIDE OF ROAD HAD BE CORDING TO HISCOX, M	EN COMP OSTLY BL	LETELY LANDSCAPED.
GROWING IN OPEN G GABINIANA. SOILS AR Threats: PRESENT LAND USE I General: PLANTS SEEN IN 19 PLANTS NOT SEEN IN	E BELIVED TO E S RURAL RESIE 991. MANY MOR 2004; EAST SIE	BE SERPENTINE DERIVED. DENTIAL. IN 2004 AREA ON EAS RE PLANTS MAY BE IN AREA AC	T SIDE OF ROAD HAD BE CORDING TO HISCOX, M	EN COMP OSTLY BL	LETELY LANDSCAPED. OOMING PLANTS WERE NOTED IN 1991
GROWING IN OPEN G GABINIANA. SOILS AR Inreats: PRESENT LAND USE I General: 2 PLANTS SEEN IN 19 PLANTS NOT SEEN IN PLSS: T15N, R08E, S	E BELIVED TO B S RURAL RESIE 991. MANY MOR 2004; EAST SIE Sec. 05, SE (M)	BE SERPENTINE DERIVED. DENTIAL. IN 2004 AREA ON EAS RE PLANTS MAY BE IN AREA AC DE OF ROAD IS COMPLETELY L/	T SIDE OF ROAD HAD BE CORDING TO HISCOX, M ANDSCAPED, BUT SUITAE	EN COMP OSTLY BL	LETELY LANDSCAPED. OOMING PLANTS WERE NOTED IN 1991 FAT REMAINS ON THE WEST SIDE.
GROWING IN OPEN G GABINIANA. SOILS AR Threats: PRESENT LAND USE I General: PLANTS SEEN IN 19 PLANTS NOT SEEN IN PLSS: T15N, R08E, S JTM: Zone-10 N433	E BELIVED TO B S RURAL RESIE 991. MANY MOR 2004; EAST SIE Sec. 05, SE (M)	BE SERPENTINE DERIVED. DENTIAL. IN 2004 AREA ON EAS RE PLANTS MAY BE IN AREA AC DE OF ROAD IS COMPLETELY L/ Accuracy:	T SIDE OF ROAD HAD BE CORDING TO HISCOX, M ANDSCAPED, BUT SUITAE specific area	EN COMP OSTLY BL	ULETELY LANDSCAPED. OOMING PLANTS WERE NOTED IN 1991 FAT REMAINS ON THE WEST SIDE. Area (acres): 7
GROWING IN OPEN G SABINIANA. SOILS AR Inreats: PRESENT LAND USE I General: 22 PLANTS SEEN IN 19 PLANTS NOT SEEN IN PLSS: T15N, R08E, S JTM: Zone-10 N433 County Summary:	E BELIVED TO B S RURAL RESIE 991. MANY MOR 2004; EAST SIE Sec. 05, SE (M)	BE SERPENTINE DERIVED. DENTIAL. IN 2004 AREA ON EAS RE PLANTS MAY BE IN AREA AC DE OF ROAD IS COMPLETELY L/ Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude:	T SIDE OF ROAD HAD BE CORDING TO HISCOX, M ANDSCAPED, BUT SUITAE specific area 39.18139 / -121.10554	EN COMP OSTLY BL	LETELY LANDSCAPED. OOMING PLANTS WERE NOTED IN 1991 FAT REMAINS ON THE WEST SIDE. Area (acres): 7
SABINIANA. SOILS AR <b>Threats:</b> PRESENT LAND USE I <b>General:</b> 22 PLANTS SEEN IN 19 PLANTS NOT SEEN IN PLSS: T15N, R08E, S	E BELIVED TO B S RURAL RESIE 991. MANY MOR 2004; EAST SIE Sec. 05, SE (M)	BE SERPENTINE DERIVED. DENTIAL. IN 2004 AREA ON EAS RE PLANTS MAY BE IN AREA AC DE OF ROAD IS COMPLETELY L/ Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary:	T SIDE OF ROAD HAD BE CORDING TO HISCOX, M ANDSCAPED, BUT SUITAE specific area 39.18139 / -121.10554	EN COMP OSTLY BL	LETELY LANDSCAPED. OOMING PLANTS WERE NOTED IN 1991 FAT REMAINS ON THE WEST SIDE. Area (acres): 7



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife



Map Index Number: Key Quad:	22746 Grass Valley	(3912121)	EO Index: Element Code:		8144 PDCON040H0
Occurrence Number:	22	(	Occurrence Last U	pdated:	2017-12-08
Scientific Name: 0	Calystegia stebbii	nsii	Common Name:	Stebbins' r	morning-glory
Listing Status:	Federal:	Endangered	Rare Plant Rank:	1B.1	
	State:	Endangered	Other Lists:	SB_RSAB	G-Rancho Santa Ana Botanic Garden
CNDDB Element Rank	s: Global:	G1			
	State:	S1			
General Habitat:			Micro Habitat:		
CHAPARRAL, CISMON	ITANE WOODLA	AND.	ON RED CLAY SOII SERPENTINE; OPE		PINE HILL FORMATION; GABBRO OF 300-705 M.
Last Date Observed:	2015-05-22		Occurrence Type:	Natural/N	lative occurrence
Last Survey Date:	2015-05-22		Occurrence Rank:	Fair	
Owner/Manager:	NEV COUNTY	΄, ΡVT	Trend:	Unknown	
Presence:	Presumed Exta	ant			
Location:					
MCCOURTNEY ROAD VALLEY.	LANDFILL AND	VICINITY, 1 MILE SOUTH OF F	RENCH RAVINE ALONG MO	CCOURTNE	EY ROAD, SOUTHWEST OF GRASS
Detailed Location:					
					JRTNEY AND WOLF MOUNTAIN RD, N ROSS THE STREET FROM FIRE STAT
Ecological:					
		POSSIBLY ALSO GABBRO) WIT SABINIANA, QUERCUS GARRY			CUPRESSUS MACNABIANA, LICIFOLIA, PICKERINGIA MONTANA,
Threats:					
DEVELOPMENT, LAND	DFILL, RD MAIN	TENANCE, LACK OF FIRE OR N	IECHANICAL DISTURBANC	E, INVASI	/E SPECIES, DUMPING OF YARD WA
General:					
		OF OCC: MANY PLANTS SEEN NS FROM 1966, 1971, 1973, AN			1996, 20 IN 2004, 5 IN 2007, ~30 IN 20′ HIS SITE.
714 IN 2014, 21+ IN 20	Sec 05 SE (M)	Accuracy:	specific area		Area (acres): 35
	000, 00, 0E (W)				Elevation (feet): 2,300
PLSS: T15N, R08E, S	7748 E663219	Latitude/Longitude:	39.17366 / -121.11051		
PLSS: T15N, R08E, S		Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary:	39.17366 / -121.11051		





Sources:	
BAR87S0001	BARBE, G BARBE #4271 CHSC #79287, DAV #144341 & #203442, CDA #39885 1987-05-01
CAL04F0003	CALLAHAN, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 2004-04-29
CAL07F0003	CALLAHAN, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 2007-05-15
CAL10U0001	CALLAHAN, K E-MAIL REGARDING CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII EO#22 2010-05-27
CAL14F0002	CALLAHAN, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 2014-05-21
CAL14F0003	CALLAHAN, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 2014-04-28
CAL14F0004	CALLAHAN, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 2014-04-28
CAL15F0017	CALLAHAN, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 2015-05-22
CAL96F0001	CALLAHAN, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 1996-05-16
DEM66S0005	DEMPSTER, L. & G. STEBBINS - DEMPSTER #4286 JEPS #43785 1966-06-29
DEY88F0001	DEYOUNG, G. & L. GUNDERSON - FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 1988-07-06
DEY88M0001	DEYOUNG, G. & L. GUNDERSON - MAP OF CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 1988-07-06
HIS91F0005	HISCOX, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 1991-06-17
HIS91F0006	HISCOX, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 1991-05-24
HIS91F0007	HISCOX, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 1991-05-24
HIS91F0008	HISCOX, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 1991-07-29
NOS10F0003	NOSAL, T. (CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE) - FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR CALYSTEGIA STEBBINSII 2010-05-26
TRU71S0003	TRUE, G TRUE #6552 RSA #595080, CAS-BOT-BC #224331 & #224332, CAS #920465 & #799709 1971-05-24
TRU73S0002	TRUE, G TRUE #7467 RSA #550548, SBBG #103610, UCR #74653, CAS-BOT-BC #224333, CAS #864979 1973-05-11



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife



Map Index Number:	79239		EO Index:		80219	
Key Quad:	Grass Valley (	3912121)	Element Code:		PDFAB25101	
Occurrence Number:	4	,	Occurrence Last Up	odated:	2010-06-30	
Scientific Name:	athvrus sulphurei	us var. argillaceus	Common Name:	dubious p	ea	
		C C				
Listing Status:	Federal:	None	Rare Plant Rank:	3		
	State:	None	Other Lists:			
CNDDB Element Ranks		G5T1T2				
	State:	S1S2				
General Habitat:			Micro Habitat:			
CISMONTANE WOODL		ONTANE CONIFEROUS FORES EST.	T, 150-930 M.			
Last Date Observed:	1926-04-17		Occurrence Type:	Natural/N	Native occurrence	
Last Survey Date:	1926-04-17		Occurrence Rank:	Unknowr	า	
Owner/Manager:	UNKNOWN		Trend:	Unknowr	n	
Presence:	Presumed Exta	nt				
Location:						
GRASS VALLEY.						
Detailed Location:						
EXACT LOCATION UNI	KNOWN. MAPPE	ED BY CNDDB IN VICINITY OF C	OMMUNITY OF GRASS VA	LLEY.		
Ecological:						
Threats:						
General:						
ONLY SOURCE OF INF	ORMATION FO	R THIS OCCURRENCE IS A 1920	6 COLLECTION BY ROBBI	NS. NEED	S FIELDWORK.	
PLSS: T16N, R08E, S	ec. 27 (M)	Accuracy:	1 mile		Area (acres): 0	
UTM: Zone-10 N4342	2786 E667322	Latitude/Longitude:	39.21825 / -121.06179		Elevation (feet):	
County Summary:		Quad Summary:				
Nevada		Grass Valley (3912121	)			
Sources:						
	CH, S EMAIL C LLACEUS 2001-		COLLECTIONS AND TAXC	NOMY OF	F LATHYRUS SULPHUREUS VAR.	
ROB26S0001 ROBE		INS #539 DAV (CITED IN BRO01	10001 1026 04 17			



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife

#### California Natural Diversity Database



Map Index Number:	12076		EO Index:	4484
Key Quad:	Grass Valley	(3912121)	Element Code:	PDMAL110R0
Occurrence Number:	1	()	Occurrence Last U	pdated: 2009-05-18
Scientific Name: S	idalcea stipularis	5	Common Name:	Scadden Flat checkerbloom
Listing Status:	Federal:	None	Rare Plant Rank:	1B.1
* SENSITIVE *	State:	Endangered	Other Lists:	SB_RSABG-Rancho Santa Ana Botanic Garden
CNDDB Element Ranks	s: Global:	G1		
	State:	S1		
General Habitat:			Micro Habitat:	
MARSHES AND SWAM	PS.		WET MONTANE MA	ARSHES FED BY SPRINGS. 700-740 M.
Last Date Observed:	2008-07-20		Occurrence Type:	Natural/Native occurrence
Last Survey Date:	2008-07-20		Occurrence Rank:	Fair
Owner/Manager:			Trend:	Fluctuating
Presence:	Presumed Exta	ant		
Location:				
SENSITIVE* LOCATIO	ON INFORMATIO	ON SUPPRESSED.		
Detailed Location:				
PLEASE CONTACT TH INFORMATION: (916) 3		NATURAL DIVERSITY DATA	BASE, CALIFORNIA DEPART	MENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE, FOR MORE
Ecological:	22-2430			
PLANTS IN FIVE SMAL				EROSA (INVADING MEADOW). ASSOCIATES , MIMULUS, EPILOBIUM, PERIDERIDIA, AND RUBUS
NATIVE AND NON-NAT	IVE SPECIES E	ENCROACHING. GRAZING, H	YDROLOGICAL CHANGES, H	ERBICIDE SPRAYING, OTHER ROAD MAINT.
General:				
PLSS:		Accuracy:	specific area	Area (acres): 9
UTM:		Latitude/Longitud	le:	Elevation (feet): 2,400
County Summary:		Quad Summary:		
Nevada		Grass Valley (3012	2121)	

Nevada

Grass Valley (3912121)



Occurrence Report California Department of Fish and Wildlife



Sources:	
ADA94U0001	ADAMS, L ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT ON SIDALCEA STIPULARIS 1994-01-25
ADA98M0001	ADAMS, L MEMO AND MAP SHOWING LOCATION OF SIDALCEA STIPULARIS 1998-06-23
AND98F0014	ANDREASON, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR SIDALCEA STIPULARIS 1998-08-02
AND98S0002	ANDREASEN, K ANDREASEN #287 JEPS 1998-09-02
BRO97U0001	BROWN, C RECORD OF PHONE CONVERSATION WITH J. HORENSTEIN REGARDING SEVERAL SITES 1997-12-22
CAL08F0002	CALLAHAN, K FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR SIDALCEA STIPULARIS 2008-07-20
CAR83F0001	CARVILLE, J FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR SIDALCEA STIPULARIS 1983-09-13
DFG83U0001	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FISH & GAME - LETTER FROM DFG DIRECTOR TO LEO TROMBATORE, DIRECTOR OF CALTRANS, REGARDING STATUS OF THE POPULATION. 1983-11-04
HOW74A0001	HOWELL, J.T. & G.H. TRUE - A NEW SIERRAN SIDALCEA. FOUR SEASONS 4:20-22. 1974-XX-XX
LOZ86U0001	LOZIER, L MEMO ON SCADDEN FLAT MARSH 1986-04-01
OES80U0001	OFFICE OF ENDANGERED SPECIES, F.W.S INFORMAL CONSULTATION, REALIGNMENT OF STATE ROUTE 20 AT SCADDEN FLAT, #1-1-80-I-26.? (9 PAGES + 2 MAPS) 1980-03-04
REI89F0011	REINER, R FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR SIDALCEA STIPULARIS 1989-08-01
REI89R0003	REINER, R MONITORING REPORT FOR SIDALCEA STIPULARIS IN SCADDEN FLAT 1989-08-XX
SAS03U0001	SASAKI, T EMAIL REGARDING SIDALCEA STIPULARIS LOCATIONS 2003-08-11
SAS95F0001	SASAKI, T FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR SIDALCEA STIPULARIS 1995-08-30
SHO05U0002	SHOWERS, M EMAIL TO R. BITTMAN REGARDING SIDALCEA STIPULARIS 2005-05-19
TAY95S0063	TAYLOR, D TAYLOR #15373 JEPS #100678, UC #1755050 1995-08-05
TNC88R0001	THE NATURE CONSERVANCY - NATURE CONSERVANCY ELEMENT MONITORING REPORTS, 1987 1988-XX-XX
TNC90R0001	THE NATURE CONSERVANCY - 1989 AND 1990 ELEMENT MONITORING REPORTS 1990-XX-XX
TNC91R0001	THE NATURE CONSERVANCY - ELEMENT MONITORING REPORTS, 1991 1991-XX-XX
TNC94R0002	THE NATURE CONSERVANCY - TNC ELEMENT MONITORING REPORT FOR 1994 1994-09-24
TRU73S0004	TRUE, G TRUE SN RSA #309603 1973-07-10
TRU73S0005	TRUE, G TRUE #7616 CHSC #43866 1973-07-23
TRU73S0006	TRUE, G.H. & J.T. HOWELL - TRUE #7630 UC #1506447, RSA #309601 1973-07-30
TRU74S0001	TRUE, G.H. & J.T. HOWELL - TRUE SN RSA #309602 1974-05-31
WIS88R0001	WISE, C. (THE NATURE CONSERVANCY) - MONITORING PLAN FOR SIDALCEA STIPULARIS IN SCADDEN FLAT 1988-XX-XX
WYM92F0006	WYMER, N FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR SIDALCEA STIPULARIS 1992-08-02
YOR86F0015	YORK ET AL FIELD SURVEY FORM FOR SIDALCEA STIPULARIS 1986-08-28



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife



Map Index Numbe	er: 3	0554				EO Index:		4399	
Key Quad:	C	hicago Park (	(3912028)			Element Code:		PDMAL110R0	
Occurrence Num	urrence Number: 2					Occurrence Last U	odated:	2009-05-15	
Scientific Name:	Sidal	cea stipularis				Common Name:	Scadden	Flat checkerbloom	
Listing Status:		Federal:	None			Rare Plant Rank:	1B.1		
* SENSITIVE *		State:	Endangere	ed		Other Lists:	SB_RSA	BG-Rancho Santa Ana Botani	c Garden
CNDDB Element	NDDB Element Ranks: Global: G1		G1						
		State:	S1						
General Habitat:						Micro Habitat:			
MARSHES AND S	WAMPS					WET MONTANE MA	RSHES F	ED BY SPRINGS. 700-740 M	
ast Date Observ	ed: 19	95-XX-XX				Occurrence Type:	Natural/N	Native occurrence	
Last Survey Date	: 20	08-07-28				Occurrence Rank:	Poor		
Owner/Manager:						Trend:	Decreas	ing	
Presence:	Pr	esumed Exta	nt						
Location:									
SENSITIVE* LOC	CATION I	NFORMATIO	N SUPPRE	SSED.					
		NFORMATIO	N SUPPRE	SSED.					
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC	I: CT THE C	ALIFORNIA M			BASE, CA	LIFORNIA DEPARTM	1ENT OF F	FISH AND WILDLIFE, FOR M	ORE
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC NFORMATION: (9	I: CT THE C	ALIFORNIA M			BASE, CA	LIFORNIA DEPARTM	1ENT OF F	FISH AND WILDLIFE, FOR M	ORE
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC NFORMATION: (9 Ecological: FRESHWATER M	1: 27 THE C 216) 322- ARSH W	ALIFORNIA M 2493	NATURAL D	IVERSITY DATA				FISH AND WILDLIFE, FOR M ASSOCIATES INCLUDE CA	
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC NFORMATION: (9 Ecological: FRESHWATER M. RUBUS PROCERI	1: 27 THE C 216) 322- ARSH W	ALIFORNIA M 2493	NATURAL D	IVERSITY DATA					
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC NFORMATION: (S Ecological: FRESHWATER M. RUBUS PROCERI FIneats:	1: 2T THE C 916) 322- ARSH W US.	ALIFORNIA M 2493 TH TYPHA L	NATURAL D ATIFOLIA S	IVERSITY DATA	Y PINUS F	PONDEROSA MARSI	H. OTHER		REX SP. AN
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC NFORMATION: (9 Ecological: FRESHWATER M. RUBUS PROCER Inreats: JSED AS PASTUI	1: 2T THE C 916) 322- ARSH W US.	ALIFORNIA M 2493 TH TYPHA L	NATURAL D ATIFOLIA S	IVERSITY DATA	Y PINUS F	PONDEROSA MARSI	H. OTHER	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE CA	REX SP. AN
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC NFORMATION: (S Ecological: FRESHWATER M. RUBUS PROCERI Fhreats: JSED AS PASTUR General:	1: 2T THE C 916) 322- ARSH W US.	ALIFORNIA M 2493 TH TYPHA L	NATURAL D ATIFOLIA S POSED TO N	IVERSITY DATA	Y PINUS F ANTS 10 F	PONDEROSA MARSI	H. OTHER	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE CA	REX SP. AN
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC NFORMATION: (9 Ecological: FRESHWATER M. RUBUS PROCER Intreats: JSED AS PASTUR General: PLSS:	1: 2T THE C 916) 322- ARSH W US.	ALIFORNIA M 2493 TH TYPHA L	NATURAL D ATIFOLIA S POSED TO N	IVERSITY DATA URROUNDED B WIDEN HWY; PL/	Y PINUS F ANTS 10 F 80 m	PONDEROSA MARSI	H. OTHER	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE CA CKBERRY; MOWING; ALTEF	REX SP. AN RED HYDRO 0
INFORMATION: (§ Ecological: FRESHWATER M. RUBUS PROCERI Threats:	I: CT THE C 216) 322- ARSH W US. RE. CALT	ALIFORNIA M 2493 TH TYPHA L	NATURAL D ATIFOLIA S POSED TO N A L	IVERSITY DATA URROUNDED B WIDEN HWY; PL/	Y PINUS F ANTS 10 F 80 m	PONDEROSA MARSI FT. S OF HWY. INVAI	H. OTHER	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE CA CKBERRY; MOWING; ALTEF <b>Area (acres):</b>	REX SP. AN RED HYDRO 0
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC INFORMATION: (S Ecological: FRESHWATER M. RUBUS PROCER Threats: USED AS PASTUR General: PLSS: UTM: County Summary	I: CT THE C 216) 322- ARSH W US. RE. CALT	ALIFORNIA M 2493 TH TYPHA L	NATURAL D ATIFOLIA S POSED TO N A L C	IVERSITY DATA URROUNDED B WIDEN HWY; PL/ Accuracy: atitude/Longitud	Y PINUS F ANTS 10 F 80 m de:	PONDEROSA MARSI FT. S OF HWY. INVAI	H. OTHER	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE CA CKBERRY; MOWING; ALTEF <b>Area (acres):</b>	REX SP. AN RED HYDRO 0
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC NFORMATION: (S Ecological: RESHWATER M. RUBUS PROCER Threats: JSED AS PASTUR General: PLSS: JTM: County Summary Nevada	I: CT THE C 216) 322- ARSH W US. RE. CALT	ALIFORNIA M 2493 TH TYPHA L	NATURAL D ATIFOLIA S POSED TO N A L C	IVERSITY DATA URROUNDED B WIDEN HWY; PL/ Accuracy: atitude/Longitud	Y PINUS F ANTS 10 F 80 m de:	PONDEROSA MARSI FT. S OF HWY. INVAI	H. OTHER	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE CA CKBERRY; MOWING; ALTEF <b>Area (acres):</b>	REX SP. AN RED HYDRO 0
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC NFORMATION: (S Ecological: RESHWATER M. RUBUS PROCER Threats: JSED AS PASTUR General: PLSS: JTM: County Summary Nevada Sources:	I: CT THE C 216) 322- ARSH W US. RE. CALT	ALIFORNIA 1 2493 TH TYPHA L RANS PROF	NATURAL D ATIFOLIA S POSED TO N A L C	IVERSITY DATA URROUNDED B WIDEN HWY; PL/ Accuracy: atitude/Longitud Quad Summary: Chicago Park (391	Y PINUS F ANTS 10 F 80 m de: 12028)	PONDEROSA MARSI	H. OTHER	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE CA CKBERRY; MOWING; ALTEF <b>Area (acres):</b>	REX SP. AN RED HYDRO 0 2,600
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC NFORMATION: (S Ecological: RUBUS PROCER Threats: JSED AS PASTUR General: PLSS: JTM: County Summary Nevada Gources:	ARSH W S. RE. CALT	ALIFORNIA M 2493 ITH TYPHA L TRANS PROF	NATURAL D ATIFOLIA S POSED TO N A L C OF PHONE	IVERSITY DATA URROUNDED B WIDEN HWY; PL ACCURACY: Atitude/Longitud Ruad Summary: Chicago Park (391	Y PINUS F ANTS 10 F 80 m de: 12028)	PONDEROSA MARSH FT. S OF HWY. INVAI neters	H. OTHER	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE CA CKBERRY; MOWING; ALTEF Area (acres): Elevation (feet):	REX SP. AN RED HYDRO 0 2,600
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC NFORMATION: (S Ecological: FRESHWATER M. RUBUS PROCER Inreats: JSED AS PASTUR General: PLSS: JTM: County Summary Nevada Sources: ADA95U0001	ARSH WUS. RE. CALT	ALIFORNIA N 2493 ITH TYPHA L TRANS PROF	NATURAL D ATIFOLIA S POSED TO N A L C OF PHONE D OF PHONE	IVERSITY DATA URROUNDED B WIDEN HWY; PL/ Accuracy: Atitude/Longitud Duad Summary: Chicago Park (391 E CONVERSATIO	Y PINUS F ANTS 10 F 80 m de: 12028) DN WITH N ON WITH N	PONDEROSA MARSH FT. S OF HWY. INVAI neters	H. OTHER DING BLA(	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE CA CKBERRY; MOWING; ALTEF Area (acres): Elevation (feet): DALE OCCURRENCE 1995-0	REX SP. AN RED HYDRO 0 2,600
Detailed Location PLEASE CONTAC INFORMATION: (S Ecological: FRESHWATER M. RUBUS PROCER Threats: USED AS PASTUR General: PLSS: UTM: County Summary Nevada Sources: ADA95U0001	ET THE C 216) 322- ARSH W US. RE. CALT <u>*</u> ADAMS, BROWN, CALLAH/	ALIFORNIA M 2493 ITH TYPHA L TRANS PROF L RECORD C RECORD	NATURAL D ATIFOLIA S POSED TO N L C OF PHONE D OF PHONE D OF PHONE D SURVEY I	IVERSITY DATA URROUNDED B MIDEN HWY; PL Accuracy: Atitude/Longitud Chicago Park (391 E CONVERSATIC E CONVERSATIC FORM FOR SIDA	Y PINUS F ANTS 10 F 80 m de: 12028) DN WITH N ON WITH N ALCEA STI	PONDEROSA MARSH FT. S OF HWY. INVAI neters N. KANG REGARDING J. HORENSTEIN REG	H. OTHER DING BLA(	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE CA CKBERRY; MOWING; ALTEF Area (acres): Elevation (feet): DALE OCCURRENCE 1995-0	REX SP. AN RED HYDRO 0 2,600



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife

#### California Natural Diversity Database



Map Index Nur	nber:	30490			EO Index:		3876			
Key Quad:		Grass Valley (	(3912121)		Element Code:		PDSTE03030			
Occurrence Nu	currence Number: 13				Occurrence Last U	Occurrence Last Updated: 2017-06-22				
Scientific Nam	e: Frer	nontodendron	decumben	S	Common Name:	Pine Hill fl	lannelbush			
Listing Status:		Federal:	Endange	red	Rare Plant Rank:	1B.2				
State: Rare		Rare		Other Lists:	SB_RSABG-Rancho Santa Ana Botanic Garden					
CNDDB Element Ranks: Global: G1			G1	SB_UCBBG-UC Be			3G-UC Berkeley Botanical Ga	rden		
		State:	S1							
General Habita	at:				Micro Habitat:					
CHAPARRAL, (	CISMONTA	NE WOODLA	ND.		ROCKY RIDGES; 0 ROCKS AND BOUL		R SERPENTINE ENDEMIC; C 5-770 M.	FTEN AMONO		
ast Date Obs	erved: 2	016-XX-XX			Occurrence Type:	Natural/N	Native occurrence			
ast Survey Da	ate: 2	016-XX-XX			Occurrence Rank:	Poor				
Owner/Manage	er: N	IEV COUNTY			Trend:	Unknowr	า			
Presence:	P	resumed Exta	ant							
ocation:										
NEVADA COUI	NTY LANDI	FILL AND ANI	MAL SHEL	TER ON MCCOURTN	IEY ROAD, SW OF GRASS	SVALLEY, N	NEAR VAN TAM WAY.			
etailed Locat	ion:									
COLONIES. \ ICINITY OF F					IAL SHELTER. EASTERN (	COLONY IS	INSIDE LANDFILL BOUNDAI	RY, IN		
				JIECTION AREAS.						
Ecological:				OTECTION AREAS.						
			CUPRESSI	JS MACNABIANA, EF			SCIDA, CEANOTHUS LEMMO LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI			
GABBRO CHAI NAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII.			CUPRESSI	JS MACNABIANA, EF						
GABBRO CHAI NAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. Threats:	TRITELEIA	A, BRODIAEA,	CUPRESSI , GRASSES	JS MACNABIANA, EF 5, MADIA; ALSO THE	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE	BBINSII, ALL		DERIDIA		
GABBRO CHAI NAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. <b>Threats:</b> THREATENED	TRITELEIA	A, BRODIAEA,	CUPRESSI , GRASSES	JS MACNABIANA, EF 5, MADIA; ALSO THE	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE	BBINSII, ALL	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI	DERIDIA		
GABBRO CHAI NAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. <b>I'hreats:</b> I'HREATENED <b>General:</b> E COLONY: ~1	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS	N, BRODIAEA, ILL EXPANSI SEEN IN 1994	CUPRESSL , GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999	JS MACNABIANA, EF 5, MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 9, 3 IN 2004. W COLC	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT ). UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20	DERIDIA TVES.		
GABBRO CHAI NAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. Ihreats: I'HREATENED General: E COLONY: ~1 DF PLANTS H/	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C	ILL EXPANSI SEEN IN 199- UESTIONED	CUPRESSU , GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI	JS MACNABIANA, EF 5, MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 9, 3 IN 2004. W COLC	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT ). UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20	DERIDIA TVES.		
GABBRO CHAI NAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. I'hreats: I'HREATENED General: E COLONY: ~1 DF PLANTS H/ PLSS: T15N,	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C R08E, Sec	N, BRODIAEA, TILL EXPANSI SEEN IN 1994 UESTIONED, . 05, SE (M)	CUPRESSU , GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI	JS MACNABIANA, EF 5, MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 9, 3 IN 2004. W COLC PPEAR INTERMEDIA <b>Accuracy:</b>	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE ITE; STILL CONFIRMED ID	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT ). UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20 CUMBENS IN 2017.	DERIDIA TVES. 16. IDENTITY 21		
GABBRO CHAI JAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. Threats: THREATENED General: E COLONY: ~1 DF PLANTS H/ PLSS: T15N, JTM: Zone-	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C R08E, Sec 10 N433778	N, BRODIAEA, TILL EXPANSI SEEN IN 1994 UESTIONED, . 05, SE (M)	CUPRESSL , GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI	JS MACNABIANA, EF 5, MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 9, 3 IN 2004. W COLC PPEAR INTERMEDIA <b>Accuracy:</b>	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE ITE; STILL CONFIRMED ID specific area	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT ). UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20 CUMBENS IN 2017. Area (acres):	DERIDIA TVES. 16. IDENTITY 21		
GABBRO CHAI JAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. Threats: THREATENED General: E COLONY: ~1 DF PLANTS H/ PLSS: T15N, JTM: Zone- County Summ	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C R08E, Sec 10 N433778	N, BRODIAEA, TILL EXPANSI SEEN IN 1994 UESTIONED, . 05, SE (M)	CUPRESSU , GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI	JS MACNABIANA, EF 5, MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 9, 3 IN 2004. W COLC PPEAR INTERMEDIA Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude:	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE NTE; STILL CONFIRMED ID specific area 39.17396 / -121.10835	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT ). UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20 CUMBENS IN 2017. Area (acres):	DERIDIA TVES. 16. IDENTITY 21		
GABBRO CHAI VAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. Threats: THREATENED General: E COLONY: ~1 DF PLANTS H/ PLSS: T15N, JTM: Zone- County Summ Nevada	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C R08E, Sec 10 N433778	N, BRODIAEA, TILL EXPANSI SEEN IN 1994 UESTIONED, . 05, SE (M)	CUPRESSU , GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI	JS MACNABIANA, EF , MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 9, 3 IN 2004. W COLC PPEAR INTERMEDIA Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary:	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE NTE; STILL CONFIRMED ID specific area 39.17396 / -121.10835	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT ). UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20 CUMBENS IN 2017. Area (acres):	DERIDIA TVES. 16. IDENTITY 21		
GABBRO CHAI JAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. Threats: THREATENED General: E COLONY: ~1 DF PLANTS H/ PLSS: T15N, JTM: Zone- County Summ Jevada Gources:	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C R08E, Sec 10 N433778 ary: BARBE,	A, BRODIAEA, SEEN IN 199 UESTIONED, 05, SE (M) 35 E663405	CUPRESSL , GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI	JS MACNABIANA, EF 5, MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 9, 3 IN 2004. W COLC PPEAR INTERMEDIA Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary: Grass Valley (391212	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE TE; STILL CONFIRMED ID specific area 39.17396 / -121.10835	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI EN IN 2010 AS F. DEC	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT ). UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20 CUMBENS IN 2017. Area (acres):	DERIDIA TVES. 16. IDENTITY 21 2,260		
GABBRO CHAI JAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. Threats: THREATENED General: COLONY: ~1 OF PLANTS H/ PLSS: T15N, JTM: Zone- County Summ Jevada Sources: BAR87F0004	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C R08E, Sec 10 N433778 ary: BARBE, OCCUR	A, BRODIAEA, SEEN IN 1994 UESTIONED, 05, SE (M) 35 E663405 D FIELD SI RENCE IS F.	CUPRESSU GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI URVEY FOI CALIFORN	JS MACNABIANA, EF 5, MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 0, 3 IN 2004. W COLC PPEAR INTERMEDIA Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary: Grass Valley (391212 RM FOR FREMONTC	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE TE; STILL CONFIRMED ID specific area 39.17396 / -121.10835	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI EN IN 2010 AS F. DEC	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT D. UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20 CUMBENS IN 2017. Area (acres): Elevation (feet):	DERIDIA TVES. 16. IDENTITY 21 2,260		
GABBRO CHAI JAVARRETIA, SACIGALUPII. Threats: THREATENED General: COLONY: ~1 DF PLANTS H/ PLSS: T15N, JTM: Zone- County Summ Jevada Gources: BAR87F0004 BAR87S0003	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C R08E, Sec 10 N433778 ary: BARBE, OCCUR BARBE,	A, BRODIAEA, ILL EXPANSI SEEN IN 199 UESTIONED, 05, SE (M) 35 E663405 D FIELD SI RENCE IS F. G. & J. TAYL	CUPRESSU , GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI , TRAITS AI URVEY FOI CALIFORN , OR - BARB	JS MACNABIANA, EF , MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 0, 3 IN 2004. W COLC PPEAR INTERMEDIA Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary: Grass Valley (391212 RM FOR FREMONTC ICUM) 1987-05-01 E #4270 CDA #36514	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE TE; STILL CONFIRMED ID specific area 39.17396 / -121.10835	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI EN IN 2010 AS F. DEC	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT ). UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20 CUMBENS IN 2017. Area (acres): Elevation (feet):	DERIDIA TVES. 16. IDENTITY 21 2,260		
GABBRO CHAI JAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. Threats: THREATENED General: E COLONY: ~1 DF PLANTS H/ PLSS: T15N, JTM: Zone- County Summ Jevada Sources: BAR87F0004 BAR87S0003 CAL04F0004	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C R08E, Sec 10 N433778 ary: BARBE, OCCUR BARBE, CALLAF	A, BRODIAEA, FILL EXPANSI SEEN IN 199 DUESTIONED, DUESTIONED, 05, SE (M) 35 E663405 D FIELD SI RENCE IS F. G. & J. TAYL IAN, K FIEL	CUPRESSL , GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI URVEY FOI CALIFORN OR - BARB D SURVEY	JS MACNABIANA, EF , MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 0, 3 IN 2004. W COLC PPEAR INTERMEDIA Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary: Grass Valley (391212 RM FOR FREMONTC ICUM) 1987-05-01 E #4270 CDA #36514 FORM FOR FREMO	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE ITE; STILL CONFIRMED ID specific area 39.17396 / -121.10835	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI EN IN 2010 AS F. DEC	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT D. UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20 CUMBENS IN 2017. Area (acres): Elevation (feet):	DERIDIA TVES. 16. IDENTITY 21 2,260		
GABBRO CHAI VAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. Threats: THREATENED General: E COLONY: ~1 DF PLANTS H/ PLSS: T15N, JTM: Zone- County Summ Nevada Gources: BAR87F0004 BAR87S0003 CAL04F0004 GOG04F0007	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C R08E, Sec 10 N433778 ary: BARBE, OCCUR BARBE, CALLAH GOGOL HOREN	A, BRODIAEA, ILL EXPANSI SEEN IN 199- UESTIONED, UESTIONED, 05, SE (M) 35 E663405 D FIELD SI RENCE IS F. G. & J. TAYL IAN, K FIEL -PROKURAT, STEIN, J. ET	CUPRESSU GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI URVEY FOI CALIFORN OR - BARB D SURVEY AL CORR	JS MACNABIANA, EF , MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 0, 3 IN 2004. W COLC PPEAR INTERMEDIA Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary: Grass Valley (391212 RM FOR FREMONTC ICUM) 1987-05-01 E #4270 CDA #36514 FORM FOR FREMO SURVEY FORM FOI SURVEY FORM FOI SURVEY FORM FOI	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE TE; STILL CONFIRMED ID specific area 39.17396 / -121.10835 11) DDENDRON DECUMBENS 4 1987-05-01 NTODENDRON DECUMBE R FREMONTODENDRON I GARDING THE IDENTITY O	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI EN IN 2010 AS F. DEC (INCLUDIN ENS 2004-0 DECUMBEN F THE FRE	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT D. UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20 CUMBENS IN 2017. Area (acres): Elevation (feet):	DERIDIA TVES. 16. IDENTITY 21 2,260		
GABBRO CHAI VAVARRETIA, SACIGALUPII. Threats: THREATENED General: E COLONY: ~1 DF PLANTS H/ PLSS: T15N, JTM: Zone- County Summ Nevada Gounces: BAR87F0004 BAR87F0004 GOG04F0007 HOR93U0002	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C R08E, Sec 10 N433778 ary: BARBE, OCCUR BARBE, CALLAH GOGOL HOREN COUNT -10-08	A, BRODIAEA, ILL EXPANSI SEEN IN 199- UESTIONED, UESTIONED, 05, SE (M) 35 E663405 D FIELD SI RENCE IS F. G. & J. TAYL IAN, K FIEL -PROKURAT, STEIN, J. ET Y DUMP. INC T. (CALIFOR	CUPRESSU GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI URVEY FOI CALIFORN OR - BARB D SURVEY M FIELD AL CORR LUDES NO	JS MACNABIANA, EF , MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 0, 3 IN 2004. W COLO PPEAR INTERMEDIA Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary: Grass Valley (391212 RM FOR FREMONTO ICUM) 1987-05-01 E #4270 CDA #36514 FORM FOR FREMO SURVEY FORM FOI SURVEY FORM FOI SURVEY FORM FOI SURVEY FORM FOI E FROM HORENST	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE TE; STILL CONFIRMED ID specific area 39.17396 / -121.10835 (1) DENDRON DECUMBENS 4 1987-05-01 NTODENDRON DECUMBENS 5 FREMONTODENDRON I GARDING THE IDENTITY O TEIN TO CNPS, R.M. LLOYI	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI EN IN 2010 AS F. DEC (INCLUDIN ENS 2004-0- DECUMBEN F THE FRE D TO M. BR	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT D. UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20 CUMBENS IN 2017. Area (acres): Elevation (feet): IG NOTES WHICH SUGGEST 4-29 NS 2004-06-16	DERIDIA TVES. 16. IDENTITY 21 2,260		
GABBRO CHAI NAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. I'hreats: I'HREATENED General: E COLONY: ~1 DF PLANTS H/ PLSS: T15N, JTM: Zone- County Summ Nevada Gources: BAR87F0004 BAR87F0004 BAR87S0003 CAL04F0004 GOG04F0007 HOR93U0002	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C R08E, Sec 10 N433778 ary: BARBE, OCCUR BARBE, CALLAF GOGOL HOREN COUNT -10-08 NOSAL, 2010-05	A, BRODIAEA, ILL EXPANSI SEEN IN 199 UESTIONED, UESTIONED, 05, SE (M) 35 E663405 D FIELD SI RENCE IS F. G. & J. TAYL IAN, K FIEL -PROKURAT, STEIN, J. ET A Y DUMP. INC T. (CALIFOR -26	CUPRESSU GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI URVEY FOI CALIFORN OR - BARB D SURVEY M FIELD AL CORR LUDES NO NIA DEPAR	JS MACNABIANA, EF MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I A, 3 IN 2004. W COLC PPEAR INTERMEDIA Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary: Grass Valley (391212 RM FOR FREMONTC ICUM) 1987-05-01 E #4270 CDA #36514 FORM FOR FREMONTC ICUM) 1987-05-01 E #4270 CDA #36514 FORM FOR FREMONTC SURVEY FORM FOI SURVEY FORM FOI SURVEY FORM FOI SURVEY FORM FOI	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE TE; STILL CONFIRMED ID specific area 39.17396 / -121.10835 (1) DENDRON DECUMBENS 4 1987-05-01 NTODENDRON DECUMBENS 5 FREMONTODENDRON I GARDING THE IDENTITY O TEIN TO CNPS, R.M. LLOYI	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI EN IN 2010 AS F. DEC (INCLUDIN ENS 2004-0- DECUMBEN F THE FRE D TO M. BR VEY FORM	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT D. UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20 CUMBENS IN 2017. Area (acres): Elevation (feet): IG NOTES WHICH SUGGEST 4-29 NS 2004-06-16 MONTODENDRON AT THE N RAGA, AND W. KELMAN TO N	DERIDIA TVES. 16. IDENTITY 21 2,260		
GABBRO CHAI VAVARRETIA, BACIGALUPII. I <b>hreats:</b> IHREATENED General: E COLONY: ~1	TRITELEIA BY LANDF 0 PLANTS AS BEEN C R08E, Sec 10 N433778 ary: BARBE, OCCUR BARBE, CALLAH GOGOL HOREN COUNT -10-08 NOSAL, 2010-05 NOSAL,	A, BRODIAEA, ILL EXPANSI SEEN IN 199 UESTIONED, UESTIONED, 05, SE (M) 35 E663405 D FIELD SI RENCE IS F. G. & J. TAYL IAN, K FIEL PROKURAT, STEIN, J. ET., Y DUMP. INC T. (CALIFOR -26 T FIELD SI	CUPRESSL GRASSES ION, LACK ( 4, 1 IN 1999 , TRAITS AI URVEY FOI CALIFORN OR - BARB D SURVEY M FIELD AL CORR LUDES NO NIA DEPAR JRVEY FOF	JS MACNABIANA, EF , MADIA; ALSO THE OF MANAGEMENT, I 0, 3 IN 2004. W COLC PPEAR INTERMEDIA Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary: Grass Valley (391212 RM FOR FREMONTC ICUM) 1987-05-01 E #4270 CDA #36514 FORM FOR FREMONTC SURVEY FORM FOI ESPONDENCE REG TE FROM HORENST RTMENT OF FISH AN RM FOR FREMONTC	RARE CALYSTEGIA STEE LACK OF DISTURBANCE / DNY: 7 SEEN IN 2004, 2 SE ITE; STILL CONFIRMED ID specific area 39.17396 / -121.10835 (1) DENDRON DECUMBENS 4 1987-05-01 NTODENDRON DECUMBENS 5 RFREMONTODENDRON I GARDING THE IDENTITY O FIN TO CNPS, R.M. LLOYI ID WILDLIFE) - FIELD SUR	BINSII, ALL SUCCESSI EN IN 2010 AS F. DEC (INCLUDIN ENS 2004-0 DECUMBEN F THE FRE D TO M. BR VEY FORM 1994-06-XX	LIUM SANBORNII, AND PERI ION, INVASION BY NON-NAT D. UNKNOWN NUMBER IN 20 CUMBENS IN 2017. Area (acres): Elevation (feet): IG NOTES WHICH SUGGEST 4-29 NS 2004-06-16 MONTODENDRON AT THE N RAGA, AND W. KELMAN TO N	DERIDIA TVES. 16. IDENTITY 21 2,260		

Commercial Version -- Dated May, 3 2019 -- Biogeographic Data Branch



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife



Map Index Num	ber:		294				EO Index:		41294	
Key Quad:			ass Valley (	3912121)			Element Code:		PDSTE03030	
Occurrence Nu	mber:	14					Occurrence Last U	pdated:		
Scientific Name	ific Name: Fremontodendron decumbens				Common Name:	lannelbush				
Listing Status:			Federal:	Endange	ered		Rare Plant Rank:	1B.2		
		State: Rare					Other Lists:	_	BG-Rancho Santa Ana Botanic	
CNDDB Elemen	t Ranks	:	Global:	G1				SB_UCBE	BG-UC Berkeley Botanical Gar	den
			State:	S1						
General Habitat	:						Micro Habitat:			
CHAPARRAL, C	ISMONT	ΓAN	E WOODLA	ND.			ROCKY RIDGES; G ROCKS AND BOUL		R SERPENTINE ENDEMIC; O 5-770 M.	FTEN AMONG
Last Date Obse	rved:	200	9-06-03				Occurrence Type:	Natural/N	Native occurrence	
Last Survey Da	te:	200	9-06-03				Occurrence Rank:	Fair		
Owner/Manager	:	PV	Г				Trend:	Unknowr	n	
Presence:		Pre	sumed Exta	nt						
Location:										
NORTH OF BEN	INETT R	ROAI	D, ABOUT 0	.4 MILE E	AST OF THE ELM RID	GE CE	METERY, GRASS V	ALLEY.		
Detailed Location										
	S MAPPI	ED۱	WITHIN THE	E NW 1/4 S	SE 1/4 SECTION 26 AC	CCORE	DING TO A 1999 CAL	LAHAN M/	AP.	
Ecological:		~ ^ 1								
									ROSA, P. SABINIANA, QUER S MACNABIANA, AND TOXIC	
Threats:										
PLANTS ARE LO THREATS.	OCATED	) WI	THIN FLAG	GING FOR	A TIMBER HARVEST	ZONE	. NEARBY DEVELO	PMENT &	PROPOSED MINE RE-OPENI	NG ARE
General:										
									ITS HAS BEEN QUESTIONED X F. CALIFORNICUM HYBRII	
PLSS: T16N, F	R08E, Se	ec. 2	26, SE (M)		Accuracy:	spec	ific area		Area (acres):	3
UTM: Zone-1	0 N4342	776	E668688		Latitude/Longitude:	39.2	1789 / -121.04598		Elevation (feet):	2,520
County Summa	ry:				Quad Summary:					
Nevada					Grass Valley (391212	1)				
Sources:										
CAL08F0009	CALLA	١AH	N, K FIELI	SURVE	FORM FOR PERIDE	RIDIA I	BACIGALUPII & FRE	MONTODE	ENDRON DECUMBENS 2008-	07-13
CAL99F0001	CALLA	AHAI	N, K FIELI	SURVE	FORM FOR FREMO	NTODE	NDRON DECUMBE	NS 1999-0	3-18	
HOR93U0002		TY I							MONTODENDRON AT THE N RAGA, AND W. KELMAN TO M	
HUG09F0006	HUGH	ES,	C. (SYCAM ENS 2009-06		IRONMENTAL CONSU	JLTAN	TS, INC.) - FIELD SU	JRVEY FO	RM FOR FREMONTODENDR	NC



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife



Map Index Number:	A1922		EO Index:	<b>EO Index:</b> 10348			)3486		
Key Quad:	Grass Valley (	(3912121)	Element Code:		PMCYP03M6	50			
Occurrence Number:	9		Occurrence Last U	pdated:	: 2016-09-23				
Scientific Name: C	Carex xerophila		Common Name:	chaparral	sedge				
Listing Status:	Federal:	None	Rare Plant Rank:	1B.2					
	State:	None	Other Lists:						
CNDDB Element Rank	s: Global:	G2							
	State:	S2							
General Habitat:			Micro Habitat:						
CHAPARRAL, CISMON CONIFEROUS FORES		ND, LOWER MONTANE	SERPENTINITE, GA	BBROIC.	275-770 M.				
Last Date Observed:	2014-08-09		Occurrence Type:	Natural/	Native occurrer	nce			
Last Survey Date:	2014-08-09		Occurrence Rank:	Unknow	า				
Owner/Manager:	PVT		Trend:	Trend: Unknown					
Presence:	Presumed Exta	ant							
	Presumed Exta	ant							
Location:		IR MILE EAST OF PONDEROSA	WAY, WEST OF GRASS V	ALLEY.					
Location: ALONG HWY 20 ABOU			WAY, WEST OF GRASS V	ALLEY.					
Location: ALONG HWY 20 ABOU Detailed Location:	IT 0.4 AND 0.7 A				NE 1/4 SECTI	ON 32.			
Location: ALONG HWY 20 ABOU Detailed Location: MAPPED AS 2 POLYGO Ecological:	IT 0.4 AND 0.7 A ONS BY CNDDB	IR MILE EAST OF PONDEROSA BASED ON 2007 KELCH & 2014			NE 1/4 SECTI	ON 32.			
Detailed Location: MAPPED AS 2 POLYGO Ecological: SERPENTINE ROADSI	IT 0.4 AND 0.7 A ONS BY CNDDB	IR MILE EAST OF PONDEROSA			NE 1/4 SECTI	ON 32.			
Location: ALONG HWY 20 ABOU Detailed Location: MAPPED AS 2 POLYGO Ecological: SERPENTINE ROADSI Threats:	IT 0.4 AND 0.7 A ONS BY CNDDB	IR MILE EAST OF PONDEROSA BASED ON 2007 KELCH & 2014			NE 1/4 SECTI	ON 32.			
Location: ALONG HWY 20 ABOU Detailed Location: MAPPED AS 2 POLYGO Ecological: SERPENTINE ROADSI Threats: General:	IT 0.4 AND 0.7 A ONS BY CNDDB DE, AT EDGE O	IR MILE EAST OF PONDEROSA BASED ON 2007 KELCH & 2014 F WOODY VEGETATION.	PRESTON COORDINATE	S, IN THE	NE 1/4 SECTI	ON 32.			
Location: ALONG HWY 20 ABOU Detailed Location: MAPPED AS 2 POLYGO Ecological: SERPENTINE ROADSI Threats: General: "COMMON" IN WEST F	IT 0.4 AND 0.7 A ONS BY CNDDE DE, AT EDGE O POLYGON IN 200	IR MILE EAST OF PONDEROSA BASED ON 2007 KELCH & 2014 F WOODY VEGETATION. 07. UNKNOWN NUMBER SEEN I	PRESTON COORDINATE	S, IN THE			40		
Location: ALONG HWY 20 ABOU Detailed Location: MAPPED AS 2 POLYGO Ecological: SERPENTINE ROADSI Threats: General: "COMMON" IN WEST F PLSS: T16N, R08E, S	IT 0.4 AND 0.7 A ONS BY CNDDB DE, AT EDGE O POLYGON IN 200 Sec. 32, NE (M)	IR MILE EAST OF PONDEROSA BASED ON 2007 KELCH & 2014 F WOODY VEGETATION. 07. UNKNOWN NUMBER SEEN I Accuracy:	PRESTON COORDINATE N EAST POLYGON IN 2014 specific area	S, IN THE	A	rea (acres):	10		
Location: ALONG HWY 20 ABOU Detailed Location: MAPPED AS 2 POLYGO Ecological: SERPENTINE ROADSI Threats: General: "COMMON" IN WEST F	IT 0.4 AND 0.7 A ONS BY CNDDB DE, AT EDGE O POLYGON IN 200 Sec. 32, NE (M)	IR MILE EAST OF PONDEROSA BASED ON 2007 KELCH & 2014 F WOODY VEGETATION. 07. UNKNOWN NUMBER SEEN I	PRESTON COORDINATE	S, IN THE	A		10 2,320		
Location: ALONG HWY 20 ABOU Detailed Location: MAPPED AS 2 POLYGO Ecological: SERPENTINE ROADSI Threats: General: "COMMON" IN WEST F PLSS: T16N, R08E, S UTM: Zone-10 N434 County Summary:	IT 0.4 AND 0.7 A ONS BY CNDDB DE, AT EDGE O POLYGON IN 200 Sec. 32, NE (M)	IR MILE EAST OF PONDEROSA BASED ON 2007 KELCH & 2014 F WOODY VEGETATION. 07. UNKNOWN NUMBER SEEN I Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary:	PRESTON COORDINATE N EAST POLYGON IN 2014 specific area 39.20741 / -121.0999	S, IN THE	A	rea (acres):			
Location: ALONG HWY 20 ABOU Detailed Location: MAPPED AS 2 POLYGO Ecological: SERPENTINE ROADSI Threats: General: "COMMON" IN WEST F PLSS: T16N, R08E, S UTM: Zone-10 N434	IT 0.4 AND 0.7 A ONS BY CNDDB DE, AT EDGE O POLYGON IN 200 Sec. 32, NE (M)	IR MILE EAST OF PONDEROSA BASED ON 2007 KELCH & 2014 F WOODY VEGETATION. 07. UNKNOWN NUMBER SEEN I Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude:	PRESTON COORDINATE N EAST POLYGON IN 2014 specific area 39.20741 / -121.0999	S, IN THE	A	rea (acres):			



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife



Map Index Number:	50474		EO Index:	50474
Key Quad:	Grass Valley (3912121)		Element Code:	PMCYP0N080
Occurrence Number:	5		Occurrence Last Upd	lated: 2019-01-11
Scientific Name: R	Rhynchospora cap	pitellata	Common Name: b	rownish beaked-rush
Listing Status:	Federal:	None	Rare Plant Rank: 2	B.2
	State:	None	Other Lists:	
CNDDB Element Rank	s: Global:	G5		
	State:	S1		
General Habitat:			Micro Habitat:	
		REST, MEADOWS AND SEEPS,	MESIC SITES. 45-171	0 M.
MARSHES AND SWAM	IPS, UPPER MO	NTANE CONIFEROUS FOREST.		
ast Date Observed:	1973-07-23		Occurrence Type:	Natural/Native occurrence
ast Survey Date:	1973-07-23		Occurrence Rank:	Unknown
Owner/Manager:	UNKNOWN		Trend:	Unknown
Presence:	Presumed Exta	ant		
Location:				
	R OF FAIRGROU	JNDS, "NEVADA CITY."		
Detailed Location:	G HWY 20. MAP	PED BY CNDDB AS BEST GUES	S AROUND COUNTY FAIRG	ROUNDS.
<b>Detailed Location:</b> MARSHY AREA ALONO	G HWY 20. MAP	PED BY CNDDB AS BEST GUES	S AROUND COUNTY FAIRG	ROUNDS.
Detailed Location: MARSHY AREA ALON( Ecological:			S AROUND COUNTY FAIRG	ROUNDS.
<b>Detailed Location:</b> MARSHY AREA ALONG <b>Ecological:</b> WITH THE RARE SIDA			S AROUND COUNTY FAIRG	ROUNDS.
<b>Detailed Location:</b> MARSHY AREA ALONG <b>Ecological:</b> WITH THE RARE SIDA <b>Fhreats:</b>			S AROUND COUNTY FAIRG	ROUNDS.
Detailed Location: MARSHY AREA ALONG Ecological: WITH THE RARE SIDA Fhreats: General: NEVADA COUNTY FAI	LCEA STIPULAF RGROUNDS AR	RIS. RE IN GRASS VALLEY. LOCATION	I ORIGINALLY CITED IN "FC	DUR SEASONS" ARTICLE WHICH IS CITED BY
Detailed Location: MARSHY AREA ALONG Ecological: WITH THE RARE SIDA Threats: General: NEVADA COUNTY FAI	LCEA STIPULAF RGROUNDS AR COLLECTIONS F	RIS. RE IN GRASS VALLEY. LOCATION	I ORIGINALLY CITED IN "FC	
Detailed Location: MARSHY AREA ALONG Ecological: WITH THE RARE SIDA Threats: General: NEVADA COUNTY FAI SOURCE. 1973 TRUE PLSS: T16N, R08E, S	LCEA STIPULAF RGROUNDS AR COLLECTIONS F Sec. 33, NE (M)	RIS. RE IN GRASS VALLEY. LOCATION FROM "SCADDEN FLAT, JUST W	N ORIGINALLY CITED IN "FC OF GRASS VALLEY, AT HE	DUR SEASONS" ARTICLE WHICH IS CITED BY AD OF SQUIRREL CREEK" ATTRIBUTED HERE.
Detailed Location: MARSHY AREA ALONG Ecological: WITH THE RARE SIDA Threats: General: NEVADA COUNTY FAI SOURCE. 1973 TRUE ( PLSS: T16N, R08E, S	LCEA STIPULAF RGROUNDS AR COLLECTIONS F Sec. 33, NE (M)	RIS. RE IN GRASS VALLEY. LOCATION FROM "SCADDEN FLAT, JUST W Accuracy:	NORIGINALLY CITED IN "FC OF GRASS VALLEY, AT HE 1/5 mile	DUR SEASONS" ARTICLE WHICH IS CITED BY AD OF SQUIRREL CREEK" ATTRIBUTED HERE. <b>Area (acres):</b> 0
Detailed Location: MARSHY AREA ALONG Ecological: WITH THE RARE SIDA Threats: General: NEVADA COUNTY FAI SOURCE. 1973 TRUE PLSS: T16N, R08E, S JTM: Zone-10 N434 County Summary:	LCEA STIPULAF RGROUNDS AR COLLECTIONS F Sec. 33, NE (M)	RIS. RE IN GRASS VALLEY. LOCATION FROM "SCADDEN FLAT, JUST W Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude:	NORIGINALLY CITED IN "FC OF GRASS VALLEY, AT HE 1/5 mile 39.20691 / -121.08038	DUR SEASONS" ARTICLE WHICH IS CITED BY AD OF SQUIRREL CREEK" ATTRIBUTED HERE. <b>Area (acres):</b> 0
Detailed Location: MARSHY AREA ALONG Ecological: WITH THE RARE SIDA Threats: General: NEVADA COUNTY FAI SOURCE. 1973 TRUE PLSS: T16N, R08E, S UTM: Zone-10 N434 County Summary: Nevada	LCEA STIPULAF RGROUNDS AR COLLECTIONS F Sec. 33, NE (M)	RIS. E IN GRASS VALLEY. LOCATION FROM "SCADDEN FLAT, JUST W Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary:	NORIGINALLY CITED IN "FC OF GRASS VALLEY, AT HE 1/5 mile 39.20691 / -121.08038	DUR SEASONS" ARTICLE WHICH IS CITED BY AD OF SQUIRREL CREEK" ATTRIBUTED HERE. <b>Area (acres):</b> 0
Detailed Location: MARSHY AREA ALONG Ecological: WITH THE RARE SIDA Threats: General: NEVADA COUNTY FAI SOURCE. 1973 TRUE PLSS: T16N, R08E, S UTM: Zone-10 N434 County Summary: Nevada Sources:	LCEA STIPULAF RGROUNDS AR COLLECTIONS F Sec. 33, NE (M) 1493 E665744	RIS. E IN GRASS VALLEY. LOCATION FROM "SCADDEN FLAT, JUST W Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary:	NORIGINALLY CITED IN "FC OF GRASS VALLEY, AT HE 1/5 mile 39.20691 / -121.08038 )	DUR SEASONS" ARTICLE WHICH IS CITED BY AD OF SQUIRREL CREEK" ATTRIBUTED HERE. Area (acres): 0 Elevation (feet):
Detailed Location: MARSHY AREA ALONG Ecological: WITH THE RARE SIDA Threats: General: NEVADA COUNTY FAI SOURCE. 1973 TRUE PLSS: T16N, R08E, S UTM: Zone-10 N434 County Summary: Nevada Sources: TRU73S0003 TRUE	LCEA STIPULAF RGROUNDS AR COLLECTIONS F Sec. 33, NE (M) 1493 E665744 E, G TRUE #76	RIS. E IN GRASS VALLEY. LOCATION FROM "SCADDEN FLAT, JUST W Accuracy: Latitude/Longitude: Quad Summary: Grass Valley (3912121	N ORIGINALLY CITED IN "FC OF GRASS VALLEY, AT HE 1/5 mile 39.20691 / -121.08038 ) AS-BOT-BC #111921 1973-0	DUR SEASONS" ARTICLE WHICH IS CITED BY AD OF SQUIRREL CREEK" ATTRIBUTED HERE. Area (acres): 0 Elevation (feet):



#### California Department of Fish and Wildlife



Map Index Number:	83108		EO Index:	84104				
Key Quad:	Grass Valley (3912121)		Element Code:	PMJUN	AJUN013E0			
Occurrence Number:	3		Occurrence Last U	pdated: 2011-06				
Scientific Name: Ju	ıncus digitatus		Common Name:	finger rush				
Listing Status:	Federal:	None	Rare Plant Rank:	1B.1				
	State:	None	Other Lists:					
CNDDB Element Ranks	s: Global:	G1						
	State:	S1						
General Habitat:			Micro Habitat:					
CISMONTANE WOODL CONIFEROUS FOREST				ES ON GENTLE SL	IP GROUND OF SEE OPES OVER VOLCA			
Last Date Observed:	2011-06-01		Occurrence Type:	Natural/Native oc	currence			
Last Survey Date:	2011-06-01		Occurrence Rank:	Excellent				
Owner/Manager:	NEVADA IRRIG	GATION DIST	Trend:	Unknown				
Presence:	Presumed Exta	nt						
Location:								
JUST SE OF THE INTE	RSECTION OF I	DAHO MARYLAND ROAD AND E	BRUNSWICK ROAD, GRAS	S VALLEY.				
Detailed Location:								
MAPPED IN THE WEST	1/2 OF THE NE	1/4 OF SECTION 25 ACCORDIN	NG TO 2011 BRONNY COC	ORDINATES.				
Ecological:								
		JNDED BY MIXED OAK / CONIFE SUBSTRATES UNDERLAIN BY						
Threats:								
INFRASTRUCTURE DE	VELOPMENT PI	ROJECTS AND ALTERATION OF	UPSLOPE MICRO-WATE	RSHED HYDROLO	GY ARE THREATS.			
General:								
APPROXIMATELY 20,0	00 PLANTS OBS	SERVED IN 2011. ID CONFIRME	D BY CAROL WITHAM AND	D ELLEN DEAN.				
PLSS: T16N, R08E, S	ec. 25, NE (M)	Accuracy:	80 meters		Area (acres):	0		
UTM: Zone-10 N4343	3453 E670390	Latitude/Longitude:	39.22366 / -121.02610		Elevation (feet):	2,620		
County Summary:		Quad Summary:						
Nevada		Grass Valley (3912121	)					
Sources:								
BRO11F0006 BRON	INY, C FIELD	SURVEY FORM FOR JUNCUS D	IGITATUS 2011-04-23					
BRO11I0001 BRON	INY, C PHOTC	OS OF JUNCUS DIGITATUS, CAL	_PHOTOS ID #0000 0000 0	511 1896 & 1897 20	011-05-25			
BRO1110002 BRON	INY, C PHOTO	) OF JUNCUS DIGITATUS, CALF	PHOTOS ID #0000 0000 06	11 0029 2011-06-01	l			

IPaC

# IPaC resource list

This report is an automatically generated list of species and other resources such as critical habitat (collectively referred to as *trust resources*) under the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) jurisdiction that are known or expected to be on or near the project area referenced below. The list may also include trust resources that occur outside of the project area, but that could potentially be directly or indirectly affected by activities in the project area. However, determining the likelihood and extent of effects a project may have on trust resources typically requires gathering additional site-specific (e.g., vegetation/species surveys) and project-specific (e.g., magnitude and timing of proposed activities) information.

Below is a summary of the project information you provided and contact information for the USFWS office(s) with jurisdiction in the defined project area. Please read the introduction to each section that follows (Endangered Species, Migratory Birds, USFWS Facilities, and NWI Wetlands) for additional information applicable to the trust resources addressed in that section.

### Location

Nevada County, California



### Local office

Sacramento Fish And Wildlife Office

**└** (916) 414-6600**i** (916) 414-6713

Federal Building 2800 Cottage Way, Room W-2605 Sacramento, CA 95825-1846

# Endangered species

# This resource list is for informational purposes only and does not constitute an analysis of project level impacts.

The primary information used to generate this list is the known or expected range of each species. Additional areas of influence (AOI) for species are also considered. An AOI includes areas outside of the species range if the species could be indirectly affected by activities in that area (e.g., placing a dam upstream of a fish population, even if that fish does not occur at the dam site, may indirectly impact the species by reducing or eliminating water flow downstream). Because species can move, and site conditions can change, the species on this list are not guaranteed to be found on or near the project area. To fully determine any potential effects to species, additional site-specific and project-specific information is often required.

Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act **requires** Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of such proposed action" for any project that is conducted, permitted, funded, or licensed by any Federal agency. A letter from the local office and a species list which fulfills this requirement can **only** be obtained by requesting an official species list from either the Regulatory Review section in IPaC (see directions below) or from the local field office directly.

For project evaluations that require USFWS concurrence/review, please return to the IPaC website and request an official species list by doing the following:

- 1. Draw the project location and click CONTINUE.
- 2. Click DEFINE PROJECT.
- 3. Log in (if directed to do so).
- 4. Provide a name and description for your project.
- 5. Click REQUEST SPECIES LIST.

Listed species<sup>1</sup> and their critical habitats are managed by the <u>Ecological Services Program</u> of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the fisheries division of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA Fisheries<sup>2</sup>).

Species and critical habitats under the sole responsibility of NOAA Fisheries are **not** shown on this list. Please contact <u>NOAA Fisheries</u> for <u>species under their jurisdiction</u>.

- 1. Species listed under the <u>Endangered Species Act</u> are threatened or endangered; IPaC also shows species that are candidates, or proposed, for listing. See the <u>listing status page</u> for more information.
- 2. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

The following species are potentially affected by activities in this location:

## Amphibians

NAME

STATUS

Threatened

California Red-legged Frog Rana draytonii There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location is outside the critical habitat. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2891</u>

### Fishes

NAME	STATUS
<b>Delta Smelt</b> Hypomesus transpacificus There is <b>final</b> critical habitat for this species. Your location is outside the critical habitat. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/321</u>	Threatened
Flowering Plants	STATUS
Pine Hill Flannelbush Fremontodendron californicum ssp.	Endangered
decumbens No critical habitat has been designated for this species. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/4818</u>	JL'IT.
Stebbins' Morning-glory Calystegia stebbinsii No critical habitat has been designated for this species. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3991</u>	Endangered
200	

## Critical habitats

Potential effects to critical habitat(s) in this location must be analyzed along with the endangered species themselves.

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS AT THIS LOCATION.

# Migratory birds

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty  $Act^{1}$  and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection  $Act^{2}$ .

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described <u>below</u>.

- 1. The <u>Migratory Birds Treaty Act</u> of 1918.
- 2. The <u>Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act</u> of 1940.

Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Birds of Conservation Concern <u>http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/managed-species/</u> <u>birds-of-conservation-concern.php</u>
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds <u>http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/</u> <u>conservation-measures.php</u>
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds <u>http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/pdf/management/nationwidestandardconservationmeasures.pdf</u>

The birds listed below are birds of particular concern either because they occur on the <u>USFWS Birds</u> of <u>Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) list or warrant special attention in your project location. To learn more about the levels of concern for birds on your list and how this list is generated, see the FAQ <u>below</u>. This is not a list of every bird you may find in this location, nor a guarantee that every bird on this list will be found in your project area. To see exact locations of where birders and the general public have sighted birds in and around your project area, visit the <u>E-bird data mapping tool</u> (Tip: enter your location, desired date range and a species on your list). For projects that occur off the Atlantic Coast, additional maps and models detailing the relative occurrence and abundance of bird species on your list are available. Links to additional information about Atlantic Coast birds, and other important information about your migratory bird list, including how to properly interpret and use your migratory bird report, can be found <u>below</u>.

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

NAME

BREEDING SEASON (IF A BREEDING SEASON IS INDICATED FOR A BIRD ON YOUR LIST, THE BIRD MAY BREED IN YOUR PROJECT AREA SOMETIME WITHIN THE TIMEFRAME SPECIFIED, WHICH IS A VERY LIBERAL ESTIMATE OF THE DATES INSIDE WHICH THE BIRD BREEDS ACROSS ITS ENTIRE RANGE. "BREEDS ELSEWHERE" INDICATES THAT THE BIRD DOES NOT LIKELY BREED IN YOUR PROJECT AREA.)

Breeds Jan 1 to Aug 31

Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus

JIFOR

This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1626

Breeds elsewhere

Rufous Hummingbird selasphorus rufus This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8002</u>

## Probability of Presence Summary

The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read and understand the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

#### Probability of Presence (

Each green bar represents the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during a particular week of the year. (A year is represented as 12 4-week months.) A taller bar indicates a higher probability of species presence. The survey effort (see below) can be used to establish a level of confidence in the presence score. One can have higher confidence in the presence score if the corresponding survey effort is also high.

How is the probability of presence score calculated? The calculation is done in three steps:

- 1. The probability of presence for each week is calculated as the number of survey events in the week where the species was detected divided by the total number of survey events for that week. For example, if in week 12 there were 20 survey events and the Spotted Towhee was found in 5 of them, the probability of presence of the Spotted Towhee in week 12 is 0.25.
- 2. To properly present the pattern of presence across the year, the relative probability of presence is calculated. This is the probability of presence divided by the maximum probability of presence across all weeks. For example, imagine the probability of presence in week 20 for the Spotted Towhee is 0.05, and that the probability of presence at week 12 (0.25) is the maximum of any week of the year. The relative probability of presence on week 12 is 0.25/0.25 = 1; at week 20 it is 0.05/0.25 = 0.2.
- 3. The relative probability of presence calculated in the previous step undergoes a statistical conversion so that all possible values fall between 0 and 10, inclusive. This is the probability of presence score.

To see a bar's probability of presence score, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

#### Breeding Season (=)

Yellow bars denote a very liberal estimate of the time-frame inside which the bird breeds across its entire range. If there are no yellow bars shown for a bird, it does not breed in your project area.

#### Survey Effort (|)

Vertical black lines superimposed on probability of presence bars indicate the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps. The number of surveys is expressed as a range, for example, 33 to 64 surveys.

To see a bar's survey effort range, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

#### No Data (–)

A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week. https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/location/O2HBTZVOKRADHNDBQU3QTX2Y5Q/resources

#### Survey Timeframe

Surveys from only the last 10 years are used in order to ensure delivery of currently relevant information. The exception to this is areas off the Atlantic coast, where bird returns are based on all years of available data, since data in these areas is currently much more sparse.

				proba	bility of	presenc	e bro	eeding s	eason	survey	effort	— no data
SPECIES	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
Bald Eagle Non-BCC Vulnerable (This is not a Bird of Conservation Concerr (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.)	++-+	1+++	++++	++++	++++	++++	• • •	* + * +	++++	+++++		$\mathcal{N}$
Rufous Hummingbird BCC Rangewide (CON) (This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.)	+++	++++	+1++	+111	++	++++	S	<b>11</b>	+ + + + +	++++	++++	+

#### Tell me more about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds.

<u>Nationwide Conservation Measures</u> describes measures that can help avoid and minimize impacts to all birds at any location year round. Implementation of these measures is particularly important when birds are most likely to occur in the project area. When birds may be breeding in the area, identifying the locations of any active nests and avoiding their destruction is a very helpful impact minimization measure. To see when birds are most likely to occur and be breeding in your project area, view the Probability of Presence Summary. <u>Additional measures</u> and/or <u>permits</u> may be advisable depending on the type of activity you are conducting and the type of infrastructure or bird species present on your project site.

#### What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS <u>Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC)</u> and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network</u> (<u>AKN</u>). The AKN data is based on a growing collection of <u>survey, banding, and citizen science datasets</u> and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (<u>Eagle Act</u> requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the <u>AKN Phenology Tool</u>.

## What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs for the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The probability of presence graphs associated with your migratory bird list are based on data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. This data is derived from a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen</u> <u>science datasets</u>.

Probability of presence data is continuously being updated as new and better information becomes available. To learn more about how the probability of presence graphs are produced and how to interpret them, go the Probability of Presence Summary and then click on the "Tell me about these graphs" link.

#### How do I know if a bird is breeding, wintering, migrating or present year-round in my project area?

To see what part of a particular bird's range your project area falls within (i.e. breeding, wintering, migrating or year-round), you may refer to the following resources: <u>The Cornell Lab of Ornithology All About Birds Bird Guide</u>, or (if you are unsuccessful in locating the bird of interest there), the <u>Cornell Lab of Ornithology Neotropical Birds</u> guide. If a bird on your migratory bird species list has a breeding season associated with it, if that bird does occur in your project area, there may be nests present at some point within the timeframe specified. If "Breeds elsewhere" is indicated, then the bird likely does not breed in your project area.

#### What are the levels of concern for migratory birds?

Migratory birds delivered through IPaC fall into the following distinct categories of concern:

- 1. "BCC Rangewide" birds are <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) that are of concern throughout their range anywhere within the USA (including Hawaii, the Pacific Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands);
- 2. "BCC BCR" birds are BCCs that are of concern only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA; and
- 3. "Non-BCC Vulnerable" birds are not BCC species in your project area, but appear on your list either because of the <u>Eagle Act</u> requirements (for eagles) or (for non-eagles) potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities (e.g. offshore energy development or longline fishing).

Although it is important to try to avoid and minimize impacts to all birds, efforts should be made, in particular, to avoid and minimize impacts to the birds on this list, especially eagles and BCC species of rangewide concern. For more information on conservation measures you can implement to help avoid and minimize migratory bird impacts and requirements for eagles, please see the FAQs for these topics.

#### Details about birds that are potentially affected by offshore projects

For additional details about the relative occurrence and abundance of both individual bird species and groups of bird species within your project area off the Atlantic Coast, please visit the <u>Northeast Ocean Data Portal</u>. The Portal also offers data and information about other taxa besides birds that may be helpful to you in your project review. Alternately, you may download the bird model results files underlying the portal maps through the <u>NOAA NCCOS</u> <u>Integrative Statistical Modeling and Predictive Mapping of Marine Bird Distributions and Abundance on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf</u> project webpage.

Bird tracking data can also provide additional details about occurrence and habitat use throughout the year, including migration. Models relying on survey data may not include this information. For additional information on marine bird tracking data, see the <u>Diving Bird Study</u> and the <u>nanotag studies</u> or contact <u>Caleb Spiegel</u> or <u>Pam</u> <u>Loring</u>.

#### What if I have eagles on my list?

If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to <u>obtain a permit</u> to avoid violating the Eagle Act should such impacts occur.

#### Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report

The migratory bird list generated is not a list of all birds in your project area, only a subset of birds of priority concern. To learn more about how your list is generated, and see options for identifying what other birds may be in your project area, please see the FAQ "What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location". Please be aware this report provides the "probability of presence" of birds within the 10 km grid cell(s) that overlap your project; not your exact project footprint. On the graphs provided, please also look carefully at the survey effort (indicated by the black vertical bar) and for the existence of the "no data" indicator (a red horizontal bar). A high survey effort is the key component. If the survey effort is high, then the probability of presence score can be viewed as more dependable. In contrast, a low survey effort bar or no data bar means a lack of data and, therefore, a lack of certainty about presence of the species. This list is not perfect; it is simply a starting point for identifying what birds of concern have the potential to be in your project area, when they might be there, and if they might be breeding (which means nests might be present). The list helps you know what to look for to confirm presence, and helps guide you in knowing when to implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize potential impacts from your project activities, should presence be confirmed. To learn more about conservation measures to migratory birds" at the bottom of your migratory bird trust resources page.

# Facilities

## National Wildlife Refuge lands

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

THERE ARE NO REFUGE LANDS AT THIS LOCATION.

### Fish hatcheries

THERE ARE NO FISH HATCHERIES AT THIS LOCATION.

# Wetlands in the National Wetlands Inventory

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps of</u> <u>Engineers District</u>.

Please note that the NWI data being shown may be out of date. We are currently working to update our NWI data set. We recommend you verify these results with a site visit to determine the actual extent of wetlands on site. This location overlaps the following wetlands:

FRESHWATER POND

A full description for each wetland code can be found at the National Wetlands Inventory website

#### Data limitations

The Service's objective of mapping wetlands and deepwater habitats is to produce reconnaissance level information on the location, type and size of these resources. The maps are prepared from the analysis of high altitude imagery. Wetlands are identified based on vegetation, visible hydrology and geography. A margin of error is inherent in the use of imagery; thus, detailed on-the-ground inspection of any particular site may result in revision of the wetland boundaries or classification established through image analysis.

The accuracy of image interpretation depends on the quality of the imagery, the experience of the image analysts, the amount and quality of the collateral data and the amount of ground truth verification work conducted. Metadata should be consulted to determine the date of the source imagery used and any mapping problems.

Wetlands or other mapped features may have changed since the date of the imagery or field work. There may be occasional differences in polygon boundaries or classifications between the information depicted on the map and the actual conditions on site.

#### Data exclusions

Certain wetland habitats are excluded from the National mapping program because of the limitations of aerial imagery as the primary data source used to detect wetlands. These habitats include seagrasses or submerged aquatic vegetation that are found in the intertidal and subtidal zones of estuaries and nearshore coastal waters. Some deepwater reef communities (coral or tuberficid worm reefs) have also been excluded from the inventory. These habitats, because of their depth, go undetected by aerial imagery.

#### Data precautions

Federal, state, and local regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over wetlands may define and describe wetlands in a different manner than that used in this inventory. There is no attempt, in either the design or products of this inventory, to define the limits of proprietary jurisdiction of any Federal, state, or local government or to establish the geographical scope of the regulatory programs of government agencies. Persons intending to engage in activities involving modifications within or adjacent to wetland areas should seek the advice of appropriate federal, state, or local agencies concerning specified agency regulatory programs and proprietary jurisdictions that may affect such activities.

Appendix H

**Jurisdictional Determination Map** 

