CITY OF GRASS VALLEY, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



Prepared by:

Finance Department



Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Table of Contents	i
Letter of Transmittal	v
Organization Chart	ix
List of Officials	X
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	4.0
Statement of Net Position	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	2.4
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Net Position – Governmental Activities	
in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	
Statement of Activities	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	31
Fund Balances - Budget to Actual – General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds	32

Table of Contents, Continued

Basic Financial Statements, Continued:	<u>Page</u>
Fund Financial Statements, Continued:	
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	36
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	38
Fiduciary Activities:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Activities	40
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Private Purpose Trust Funds	
	4.5
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	45
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	94
Net OPEB Liability Schedule of Contributions	
Schedule of Contributions – Miscellaneous Plan	96
Schedule of Contributions – Safety Plan	97
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability –	
Miscellaneous Plan	98
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability –	0.0
Safety Plan	99
Other Supplemental Information:	
out supplemental into mation	
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	104
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	101
in Fund Balances	105
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	110
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances	114
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	117
Budget to Actual – Gas Tax	11/
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual – Traffic Safety	110
Duuget to Aetual – Haille Salety	110

Table of Contents, Continued

	<u>I</u>
oining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules, Continued	:
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget to Actual – DUI Grant	•••••
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget to Actual – Impact Fees	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget to Actual – Downtown Assessment	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget to Actual – Fire Reserve	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget to Actual – EPA Brownfield	
Combining Balance Sheet – Maintenance District Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances – Maintenance District Funds	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget to Actual – Maintenance District Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet – Block Grant Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances – Block Grant Funds	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget to Actual – Block Grant Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet – Housing Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances – Housing Funds	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget to Actual – Housing Funds	
Nonmajor Permanent Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances	
Agency Funds:	
Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities	





March 4, 2020

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council,

Finance Department

We are pleased to submit the City of Grass Valley Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It is the policy of the Council that a licensed certified public accountant conducts an annual audit at the end of each fiscal year and issue a complete set of financial statements to be submitted to them.

The Annual Financial Report consists of management's representations concerning the City of Grass Valley's finances. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. We believe that the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and all statements and disclosures needed for the reader to obtain a thorough understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by JJACPA, Inc., a firm of certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditors concluded that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are fairly presented in conforming with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

State statutes require an annual audit of the City's financial records by independent certified public accountants. As noted above, the firm of JJACPA, Inc., Certified Public Accountants audited the City's financial statements. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in State statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the related U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards set forth in the General Accounting Office's Government Auditing Standards were used by the auditors in conducting the engagement. The auditor's report on the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information is combined in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can be found in the separately issued single audit report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the City of Grass Valley

The City of Grass Valley is a historic gold mining town located in Sierra Nevada 60 miles northeast of Sacramento and 150 miles north of San Francisco. Grass Valley is the business center of Western Nevada County and is known for its performing arts, fine dining and many year round cultural festivals. The City's charming residential downtown is home to many restored Victorian homes, historic buildings and wooded hillsides. The incorporated area of the City is 5.4 square miles with a sphere of influence of 6.3 square miles.

Grass Valley is home to many high tech companies that have found a welcoming environment for both their growing organization and employees. The City has an array of historic structures including early 1900's architecture and unique shops that adorn historic downtown Mill Street and Main Street. Community events include the month long celebration of a Cornish Christmas as a reminder of its past heritage, lively summer street fairs, the annual Draft Horse Classic, the best County fair in California amongst the tall pines, with its famous treat street, and the annual Fourth of July parade attracting visitors from all over the north state.

The City maintains a number of parks, including a municipal swimming pool. The City has an active historic downtown, and supports a vibrant performing arts community that presents world class events. The City prides itself on listening closely to community residents and working to achieve common goals for the betterment of all of the residents of Grass Valley.

Form of Government

Grass Valley is a Charter City incorporated in 1893. As a Charter City, Grass Valley has more local authority than cities that incorporate under the general laws of the State of California. The Charter is the City's governing document and any changes must be approved by the voters.

The City of Grass Valley operates under a Council-Manager form of government and is governed by a five-member City Council. The Council has the authority to make and enforce all laws and regulations with respect to municipal affairs, subject to the limitations of the City Charter and the State Constitution. Council members are elected at-large and serve overlapping, four-year terms. Council members must be residents of the City. The positions of Mayor and Vice Mayor are chosen by the City Council and serve two-year terms in those positions.

The City Council serves as the policy board for the municipality. As an elected Board of Directors, the City Council provides policy direction, establishes goals, and sets priorities for the City government. In addition to serving as the policy makers for the community, the City Council also is responsible for numerous land use decisions within its borders, including the General Plan. The City Council appoints the City Manager, City Attorney, and all members of advisory boards, commissions, and committees. All other department heads are appointed by the City Manager.

City Services

The City provides a wide range of municipal services, including police and fire protection, water and sewer utilities, street maintenance, parking, parks and recreation, planning, building and safety, and other general government services. Several municipal services are provided through other governmental agencies or private utility companies, including the following:

Service	Agency
Courts, Health and Social Services	County of Nevada
Elementary and Secondary Schools	Nevada Joint Union High School District Grass Valley School District
Community College	Sierra College
Solid Waste Collection and Disposal	Waste Management
Gas, Electric and Telephone	Private Utility Companies

Financial data for all funds through which services are provided by the City have been included in this report. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units (entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable). Blended component units (although legally separate entities) are in substance part of the government's operations, and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City has two component units, the activities of which are accounted for in the applicable City governmental or enterprise funds:

- 1) The Grass Valley Capital Improvements Authority, the Board of which is comprised solely of members of the City Council and which provides financing for the construction and acquisition of City facilities; and
- 2) The Grass Valley Redevelopment Successor Agency, the Oversight Board of which is comprised of members appointed by the participating agencies and which a) ensures that redevelopment projects currently underway are completed, 2) controls the disposition of redevelopment assets and 3) approves biannual Recognized Obligation Payment Schedules (ROPS).

Budgetary Policy and Control

The City Council establishes annual budgets for the General Fund, Proprietary Funds, and all Special Revenue Funds. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level for these funds. Department heads submit budget requests to the City Manager and Finance Director who then, in coordination with department heads, prepare an estimate of revenues and recommendations for the next year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution by the City Council on or before June 30 in accordance with the municipal code.

Financial Information

During the past fiscal year, there were no changes to the City's financial policies or items in which policies impacted the financial information or presentation. Information concerning significant accounting policies affecting the finances of the City is summarized in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

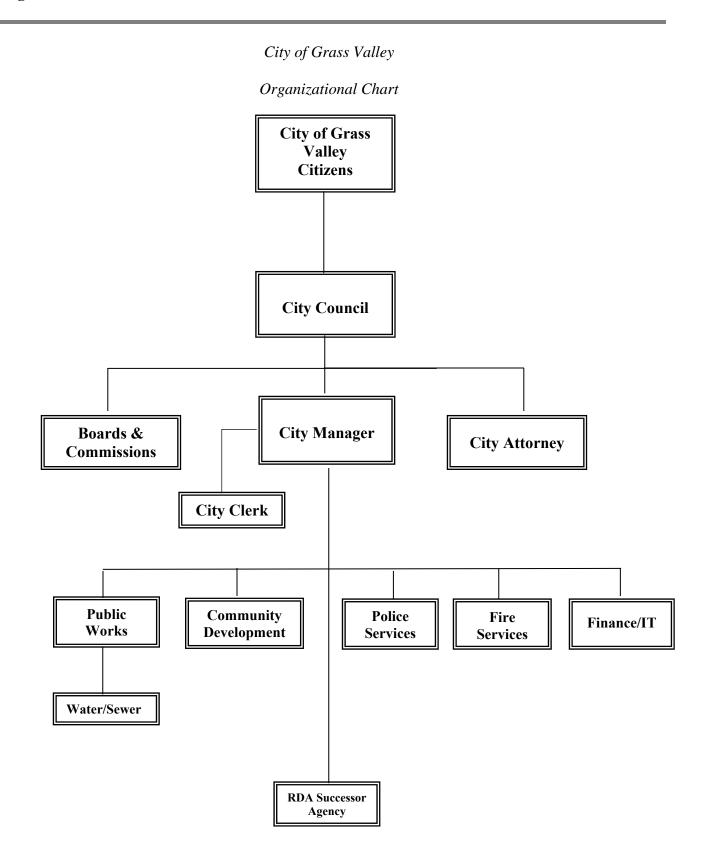
Acknowledgements

The preparation of this Annual Financial Report could not be accomplished without the year-round efficiency of the Finance Division staff and their special efforts, working in conjunction with the City's independent auditors, to produce this document. We would like to take this opportunity to compliment all those staff members of both the City and our independent auditors who were associated with the preparation of this report. We would also like to thank the Council for their continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully Submitted,

Andy Heath Finance Director

Organization Chart



List of Officials

CITY COUNCIL

- > Lisa Swarthout, Mayor
- > Ben Aguilar, Vice Mayor
- > Jan Arbuckle, Council Member
- ➤ Howard Levine, Council Member
- ➤ Hilary Hodge, Council Member

CITY OFFICIALS

- ➤ Tim Kiser, City Manager
- > Andy Heath, Finance Director
- > Alex Gammelgard, Chief of Police
- > Tom Last, Community Development Director
- > Mark Buttron, Fire Chief
- Michael G. Colantuono, City Attorney

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Grass Valley Grass Valley, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and budgetary comparison information of the City of Grass Valley, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and budgetary comparison information of the City of Grass Valley, California, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Grass Valley Grass Valley, California Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-16, Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 94, Net OPEB Liability Schedule of Contributions on page 95, The City's Schedules of Contributions on pages 96-97, and the Schedules of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on pages 98-99, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, which includes the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules and the other information, and introductory section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

As disclosed in the Note 1 to the financial statements, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions," during the fiscal year 2018. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 4, 2020 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance and is included in the City's Single Audit Report.

March 4, 2020 JJACPA, Inc.

JJACPA, Inc.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

This section provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Grass Valley (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter and basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ♦ The City's total net position increased by approximately \$4.4 million over the course of this year's operations after conducting all City operations and programs. The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities by about \$98.7 million at the end of the 2019 fiscal year. Of that amount, about \$13.8 million (the unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations and operating expenses for the next fiscal year.
- Overall City-wide revenues from all governmental and business-type activities increased by approximately \$1.4 million when compared to the 2018 fiscal year. The majority of the increase can be attributed to an increase in sales tax related to the October 2018 effective date of the Measure E Transactions Tax Measure and increases in property and other taxes, offset by an overall reduction in Capital Grants and Contributions related to prior year receipts of funding related to the City's Sinkhole Project and Road Project Reimbursements. The City's total expenses for all programs in fiscal year 2019 increased by approximately \$2.8 million to \$28.8 million compared to \$26.0 million in fiscal year 2018, primarily due to costs for capital projects related to the City's Sewer Enterprise Program and normal inflationary costs increases associated with providing citywide general government services.
- ♦ The general fund reported a fund balance of approximately \$14.1 million at the end of the 2019 fiscal year, an increase of about \$2.8 million over fiscal year 2018. This increase can be primarily attributed to higher collections of sales and property taxes and the deferral of certain capital projects appropriated in FY 2018-19 to FY 2019-20 (re-budgeted) − particularly related to Streets and Parks projects funded by the Measure E Transactions Tax.
- ♦ The City ended the fiscal year with \$8.6 million in restricted and unrestricted net position reported in the enterprise funds, an increase of \$2.4 million from the prior year. This increase can be primarily attributed to increases receipts of capital contributions and grants used towards projects in the City's Sewer Enterprise Program.

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This Annual Financial Report is in two major parts:

1) **Introductory section**, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information; and,

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

2) **Financial section**, which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (this part), the Basic Financial Statements, which include the Government-wide and the Fund Financial Statements along with the notes to these financial statements, and Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules.

The Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements are comprised of the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements; these two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the City's financial activities and financial position.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a broad overview of the City's activities as a whole and comprise the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position provides information about the financial position of the City as a whole, including all its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statement of Activities provides information about all the City's revenues and all its expenses, also on the full accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of each the City's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in Net Position for the year.

All of the City's activities are grouped into Governmental Activities and Business-type activities, as explained below. All the amounts in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are separated into Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities in order to provide a summary of these two activities of the City as a whole.

- Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, public safety, public ways and facilities, community development, recreation, and culture. These services are supported by general City revenues such as taxes and by specific program revenues such as developer fees.
- **Business-type activities** All the City's enterprise activities are reported here, including Water and Sewer. Unlike governmental services, these services are supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of the service they use.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the Governmental Fund Financial Statements is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statement. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB Statement No. 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them as one total. Instead, each major fund is presented individually, with all nonmajor funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these nonmajor funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City's major funds are as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

- General Fund
- HOME Grant Special Revenue Fund
- Capital Projects Fund
- Special Projects Capital Projects Fund

PROPRIETARY FUNDS:

- Water Enterprise Fund
- Sewer Enterprise Fund

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City adopted annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains Enterprise-type and Internal Service proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for Water and Sewer activities. Internal service funds are an accounting methodology used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles and its information technology assets. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for all of these operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 45–92 of this report. Required Supplementary Information follows the notes on pages 94-99.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements can be found on pages 104–170 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$98,691,543 as of June 30, 2019. The Summary of Net Position as of June 30, 2019, and 2018, follows:

	Summary of Net Position											
	2019						2018					
		Govern- mental Activities		Business- type Activities		Total		Govern- mental Activities		Business- type Activities		Total
Current and other assets	\$	30,545,330	\$	13,625,258	\$	44,170,588	\$	28,688,066	\$	11,368,713	\$	40,056,779
Noncurrent assets		50,871,277		43,345,266		94,216,543		49,993,940		43,758,111		93,752,051
Total assets		81,416,607		56,970,524		138,387,131		78,682,006		55,126,824		133,808,830
Deferred outflows -		3,936,674		1,236,256		5,172,930		4,284,082		1,349,621		5,633,703
Total assets and deferred outflows		85,353,281		58,206,780		143,560,061	_	82,966,088		56,476,445	_	139,442,533
Current and other liabilities		2,655,718		2,218,391		4,874,109		2,048,257		2,507,256		4,555,513
Long-term liabilities		23,967,309		14,585,509		38,552,818		23,599,451		15,952,814		39,552,265
Total liabilities		26,623,027		16,803,900		43,426,927		25,647,708		18,460,070		44,107,778
Deferred inflows -		1,106,465		335,126		1,441,591		789,994		246,243		1,036,237
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		27,729,492		17,139,026		44,868,518		26,437,702		18,706,313		45,144,015
Net position:												
Net investment in capital												
assets		48,484,973		32,338,891		80,823,864		47,517,209		31,561,596		79,078,805
Restricted		3,460,568		636,969		4,097,537		3,114,792		634,225		3,749,017
Unrestricted		5,678,248		8,091,894		13,770,142		5,896,385		5,574,311		11,470,696
Total net position	\$	57,623,789	\$	41,067,754	\$	98,691,543	\$	56,528,386	\$	37,770,132	\$	94,298,518

Overall, total net position increased by approximately \$4.4 million. Of this amount, net position for governmental activities increased by approximately \$1.1 million and net position for business-type activities increased by approximately \$3.3 million. Approximately 84 percent of the net position of the City is represented by the City's net investment in its capital assets such as buildings, land, equipment, utility systems, and facilities.

Restricted net position increased by approximately \$348,000 and unrestricted net position increased by approximately \$2.3 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Revenues

The City's total revenues for governmental and business-type activities were approximately \$33.2 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Significant revenues collected by the City during fiscal year 2019 were derived from sales taxes (31.3%), charges for services (25.9%), and property taxes (9.0%).

The following discusses variances in key revenues from the prior fiscal year:

- 1. **Grants and Contributions Operating and Capital** The approximately \$2.3 million reduction in capital grants and contributions is related the prior year receipt of one-time funding associated with the City's Sinkhole Project and other road reimbursement funding.
- 2. Sales Tax. Annual receipts increased by approximately \$2.4 million primarily due to the implementation of the new Measure E Transactions Sales Tax, effectively increasing the previously collected Measure N Sales Tax by ½ of one-cent effective October 2018.
- 3. **Property Tax.** Property taxes increased by approximately \$200,000 due to the increased in assessed valuation from the prior year.
- 4. **Use of Money and Property.** The Use of Money and Property increased by approximately \$600,000 due to increased interest rates for the City's investment pool and higher cash balances overall citywide.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The change in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, and 2018, follows:

	Changes in Net Position								
		2019		2018					
	Govern- Business-			Govern-	Business-				
	mental	type		mental	type				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total			
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 864,058	\$ 7,736,011	\$ 8,600,069	\$ 786,933	\$ 7,763,841	\$ 8,550,774			
Grants and contributions:									
Operating	210,332	2,606,870	2,817,202	975,369	1,635,782	2,611,151			
Capital	1,118,507	1,710,066	2,828,573	4,873,166	220,233	5,093,399			
General revenues:									
Property taxes									
and assessments	3,027,695	-	3,027,695	2,841,644	-	2,841,644			
Sales taxes	10,419,068	-	10,419,068	7,987,437	-	7,987,437			
Other taxes	2,616,454	-	2,616,454	2,412,096	-	2,412,096			
Intergovernmental	1,385,608	-	1,385,608	1,391,142	-	1,391,142			
Use of money and property	674,969	304,749	979,718	289,836	91,078	380,914			
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other general revenues	346,827	179,072	525,899	273,238	260,441	533,679			
Total revenues	20,663,518	12,536,768	33,200,286	21,830,861	9,971,375	31,802,236			
Expenses:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	5,241,450	<u>-</u>	5,241,450	4,834,983	-	4,834,983			
Public safety	8,637,647	<u>-</u>	8,637,647	8,343,877	-	8,343,877			
Public ways and facilities	4,148,675	<u>-</u>	4,148,675	3,577,656	-	3,577,656			
Community development	950,418	<u>-</u>	950,418	2,104,573	-	2,104,573			
Recreation and culture	379,961	_	379,961	315,812	-	315,812			
Interest and fiscal charges	388,235	<u>-</u>	388,235	101,535	-	101,535			
Business-type activities:	-					,			
Water	-	2,088,411	2,088,411	-	1,927,106	1,927,106			
Sewer	-	6,972,464	6,972,464	-	4,784,671	4,784,671			
Total expenses	19,746,386	9,060,875	28,807,261	19,278,436	6,711,777	25,990,213			
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over				•					
expenditures before transfers	917,132	3,475,893	4,393,025	2,552,425	3,259,598	5,812,023			
Transfers	178,271	(178,271)	1,575,025	2,332,123	3,237,370	3,012,023			
			,						
Change in net position	1,095,403	3,297,622	4,393,025	2,552,425	3,259,598	5,812,023			
Net position:									
Beginning of year	56,528,386	37,770,132	94,298,518	57,845,297	34,867,055	92,712,352			
Adjustments	-	-	-	(3,869,336)	(356,521)	(4,225,857)			
End of year	\$ 57,623,789	\$ 41,067,754	\$ 98,691,543	\$ 56,528,386	\$ 37,770,132	\$ 94,298,518			

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Expenses

Governmental and business-type activity expenses of the City for the year totaled approximately \$28.8 million. Governmental activity expenses totaled approximately \$19.7 million or 68.4% of total expenses. Business-type activities incurred approximately \$9.1 million in expenses during the fiscal year. Public safety costs represented 43.7% of total governmental activities expenses.

Governmental Activities

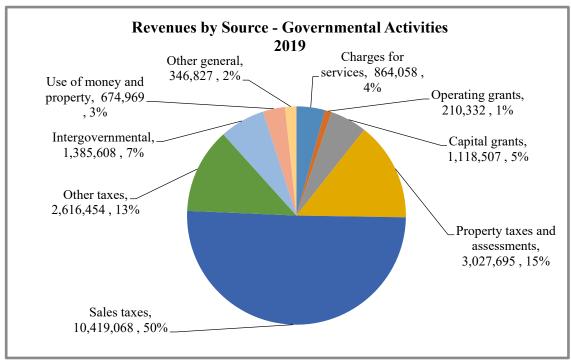
The following table shows the cost of each of the City's major programs and the net cost of the programs. Net cost is the total cost less fees and other direct revenue generated by the activities. The net cost reflects the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of the programs. The total cost of services and the net cost of services for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, and 2018, are as follows:

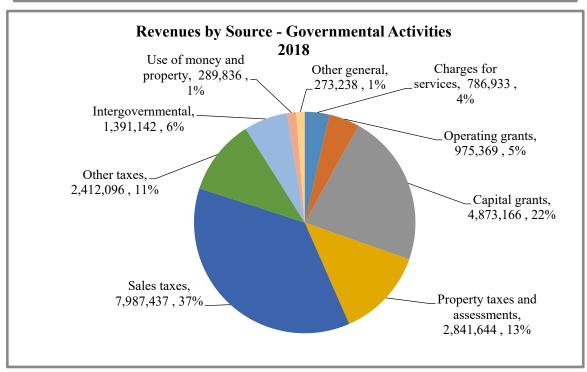
	 20	19		2018						
	Total Cost of Services	(Net Cost of Services		Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services			
General government	\$ 5,241,450	\$	5,241,450	\$	4,834,983	\$	4,834,326			
Public safety	8,637,647		8,145,726		8,343,877		8,003,213			
Public ways and facilities	4,148,675		2,656,535		3,577,656		(1,386,156)			
Community development	950,418		780,779		2,104,573		774,238			
Recreation and culture	379,961		340,764		315,812		315,812			
Interest and fiscal charges	388,235		388,235		101,535		101,535			
Total	\$ 19,746,386	\$	17,553,489	\$	19,278,436	\$	12,642,968			

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Revenues by source for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, and 2018, are as follows:



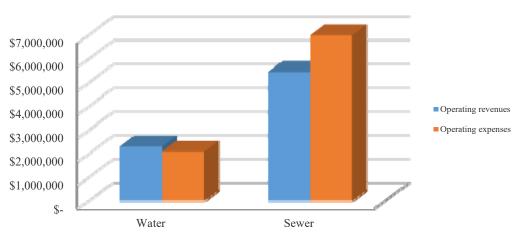


Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

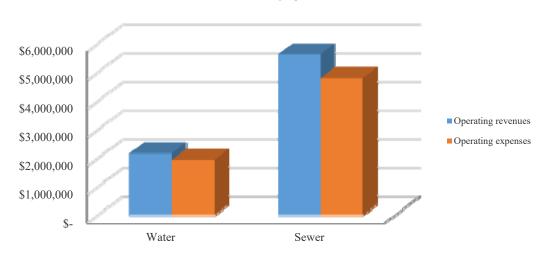
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by approximately \$3.3 million. The City has two business-type activities: Water and Sewer Operations. The operating revenues and expenses for the business-type activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, and 2018, are as follows:

Operating Revenues and Expense Business-type Activities FY2018



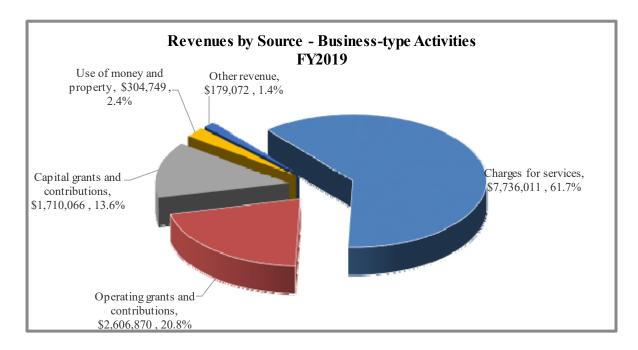
Operating Revenues and Expense Business-type Activities FY2018

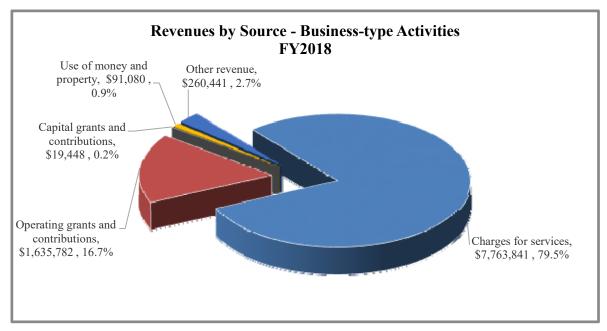


Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The revenues by source for the business-type activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, and 2018, are as follows:





Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental funds. The City's governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spending resources. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of approximately \$28.4 million.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, General Fund unassigned fund balance totaled approximately \$12.4 million. This is an increase of approximately \$2.8 million from the prior year (note: this amount represents funding carried over and appropriated in following year towards applicable capital projects – predominantly for Measure E activities).

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds unrestricted net position increased by approximately \$2.5 million in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, primarily due to receipts of capital grants and other contributions towards Sewer Fund capital projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the final budget and actual net change in fund balance realized is a positive net change (addition to available fund balance) of approximately \$1.1 million. This was mainly due to increased collections of sales taxes due to the passage of Measure E effective in October 2018 offset by increased public safety expenditures (Measure E funds used for these programs) and capital projects related to building safety and security.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, amount to approximately \$94.0 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, costs for road and median improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, furniture and equipment, and vehicles.

	Assets

	 Government	al A	ctivities	Business-type Activities			 To			
	 2019		2018		2019		2018	 2019		2018
Land	\$ 2,942,518	\$	2,881,632	\$	239,401	\$	239,401	\$ 3,181,919	\$	3,121,033
Construction in progress	4,789,597		3,196,858		1,495,535		5,986,406	6,285,132		9,183,264
Buildings and Improvements	5,167,870		4,825,570		31,818,995		27,717,378	36,986,865		32,542,948
Equipment	2,765,172		2,947,439		349,635		356,365	3,114,807		3,303,804
Infrastructure	34,947,659		36,142,441		9,441,700		9,458,561	44,389,359		45,601,002
Leased assets	258,461		-							
Total	\$ 50,871,277	\$	49,993,940	\$	43,345,266	\$	43,758,111	\$ 93,958,082	\$	93,752,051

More detail of the capital assets and current activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements on page 51 for significant accounting policies and Note 5 on page 63 for other capital asset information.

Economic Outlook

In June 2019, the City Council adopted the FY 2019-20 Budget which includes General Fund revenues of \$12.8 million and appropriations of \$13.1 million. Additionally, as a result of the passage of Measure E in June 2018, the FY 2019-20 Budget also includes projected Measure E sales tax revenues of \$5.6 million and Measure E expenditures of \$6.5 million.

In June 2019, the City of Grass Valley electorate approved Measure E – effectively removing the Measure N sunset clause while increasing the Transactions Tax from ½ -cent to 1-cent citywide. It is expected that the increased transaction tax will result in a total of \$5.6 million in annual revenue, which will be dedicated towards the City's Police and Fire operations; and the City's Street Rehabilitation and Parks Programs. Regular sales tax revenue is conservatively projected to be slightly higher year-over-year.

The City will continue to face significant fiscal pressures in the short and long term relating primarily to salary and benefit expenditures. CalPERS has provided actuarial estimates indicating that annual costs to amortize unfunded pension liabilities will be approximately \$1 million more annually by FY 2024-25.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Economic Outlook, Continued

The City also continues to experience medical premium increases for most of the medical plans offered by the City to its employees. The City's aggregate employer contribution towards medical premiums has risen; and as in the past, it is uncertain whether these costs will stabilize in the near future.

Requests for Information

This Annual Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have any questions about this report, need additional financial information, or would like to obtain component unit financial statements, contact the City of Grass Valley Finance Department, 125 East Main Street, Grass Valley, CA. 95945. The telephone number is 530-274-4300.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



City of Grass Valley, California Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

ACCEPTE AND DESERVED ON THE OWG		overnmental Activities	В	Business-type Activities		Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	¢	17 996 721	¢	11 701 990	¢	20 (79 (20
Cash and investments	\$	17,886,731	\$	11,791,889	\$	29,678,620
Restricted cash and investments		-		636,969		636,969
Receivables:		2 221 667				2 221 667
Taxes		2,231,667		-		2,231,667
Interest		163,498		1 017 561		163,498
Accounts		101.205		1,017,561		1,017,561
Intergovernmental		181,395		178,839		360,234
Loans/Notes receivable		9,742,712		-		9,742,712
Other		337,418		-		337,418
Prepaid items		1,909		-		1,909
Capital assets:		5 5 2 2 1 1 5		1.724.026		0.465.051
Nondepreciable		7,732,115		1,734,936		9,467,051
Depreciable		43,139,162		41,610,330		84,749,492
Total assets		81,416,607		56,970,524		138,387,131
Deferred outflows: Pension plan		3,699,281		1,214,383		4,913,664
Deferred outflows: OPEB		237,393		21,873		259,266
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	85,353,281	\$	58,206,780	\$	143,560,061
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,794,887	\$	736,740	\$	2,531,627
Interest payable		-		124,811		124,811
Deposits payable		232,156		7,699		239,855
Current portion of long-term debt		355,876		1,272,241		1,628,117
Compensated absences - current portion		272,799		69,067		341,866
Long-term liabilities:						
Compensated absences		564,489		95,709		660,198
Due after one year		2,030,428		9,734,134		11,764,562
Net OPEB obligation		6,565,713		604,965		7,170,678
Net Pension obligation		14,806,679		4,158,534		18,965,213
Total liabilities		26,623,027		16,803,900		43,426,927
Deferred inflows: Pension plan		1,106,465		335,126		1,441,591
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		27,729,492		17,139,026		44,868,518
NET DOCITION						
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets		48,484,973		32,338,891		80,823,864
Restricted		3,460,568		636,969		4,097,537
Unrestricted		5,678,248		8,091,894		13,770,142
Total net position		57,623,789		41,067,754		98,691,543
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$	85,353,281	\$	58,206,780	\$	143,560,061
Position		,- 		,00,,00		,- 00,001

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

City of Grass Valley, California Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2019

					Progr	am Revenues		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		C	harges for Services	G	Operating rants and ntributions	_	Capital Frants and Intributions
Primary government:							•	
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	5,187,419	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		8,637,647		451,228		40,693		-
Public ways and facilities		4,148,675		373,633		-		1,118,507
Community development		950,418		_		169,639		-
Recreation and culture		379,961		39,197		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		442,266						_
Total governmental activities		19,746,386		864,058		210,332		1,118,507
Business-type activities:								
Water		2,088,411		2,297,415		-		100,693
Sewer		6,972,464		5,438,596		2,606,870		1,609,373
Total business-type activities		9,060,875		7,736,011		2,606,870		1,710,066
Total primary government	\$	28,807,261	\$	8,600,069	\$	2,817,202	\$	2,828,573

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Sales taxes

Other taxes

Intergovernmental

Use of money and property

Other general revenues

Total general revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position:

Beginning of year

End of year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Busi A	 Totals	
\$ (5,187,41 (8,145,72	,	-	\$ (5,187,419) (8,145,726)
(2,656,53 (780,77	79)	-	(2,656,535) (780,779)
(340,76)	· ·	- -	 (340,764) (442,266)
(17,553,48	<u> </u>		 (17,553,489)
	<u>-</u>	309,697 2,682,375 2,992,072	 309,697 2,682,375 2,992,072
(17,553,48	39)	2,992,072	(14,561,417)
3,027,69	95	-	3,027,695
10,419,06		-	10,419,068
2,616,45		-	2,616,454
1,385,60		204.740	1,385,608
674,96 346,82		304,749 179,072	979,718 525,899
18,470,62		483,821	 18,954,442
178,27		(178,271)	-
18,648,89		305,550	18,954,442
1,095,40		3,297,622	4,393,025
56,528,38		37,770,132	 94,298,518
\$ 57,623,78	89 \$	41,067,754	\$ 98,691,543



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MAJOR FUNDS

Fund	Description			
Governmental Funds:				
General	Primary operating fund of the City; accounts for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.			
HOME Grant Special Revenue	Accounts for activities related to housing and the related Home Program funding.			
Capital Projects Fund	Accounts for funds collected and expended for the construction or purchase of public facilities and projects.			
Special Projects Capital Projects Fund	Accounts for funds collected and expended for the construction of special projects.			

City of Grass Valley, California Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Major Funds						
ASSETS	General Fund		HOME Grant Special Revenue			Capital Projects	
Cash and investments	\$	10,732,396	\$	-	\$	-	
Receivables:		2 220 2 40					
Taxes		2,228,340		-		-	
Interest		163,498		-			
Intergovernmental		15,000		4 270 279		5,366	
Loans/Notes receivable Other receivable		214.650		4,270,278		1 120	
Due from other funds		314,658 2,043,917		-		1,120	
Prepaid items		1,909		=		-	
•							
Total assets	\$	15,499,718	\$	4,270,278	\$	6,486	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,199,712	\$	_	\$	512,405	
Due to other funds	*	-,,	*	_	_	1,926,453	
Deposits payable		232,156				<u>-</u>	
Total liabilities		1,431,868		<u>-</u>		2,438,858	
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable		1,909		4,270,278		-	
Restricted		1,631,530		-		-	
Assigned		- -		-		_	
Unassigned (deficit)		12,434,411		-		(2,432,372)	
Total fund balances		14,067,850		4,270,278		(2,432,372)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	15,499,718	\$	4,270,278	\$	6,486	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

Special Projects	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Totals
\$ 2,025,737	\$ 5,053,879	\$ 17,812,012
-	3,327	2,231,667 163,498
- -	161,029 5,472,434	181,395 9,742,712
-	-	315,778 2,043,917
\$ 2,025,737	\$ 10,690,669	\$ 1,909 32,492,888
 2,020,707	 10,000,000	 32,132,000
\$ - - -	\$ 82,770 117,464	\$ 1,794,887 2,043,917 232,156
	200,234	4,070,960
2,025,737	5,544,005 1,829,038 3,141,255 (23,863)	9,816,192 3,460,568 5,166,992 9,978,176
 2,025,737	10,490,435	 28,421,928
\$ 2,025,737	\$ 10,690,669	\$ 32,492,888

City of Grass Valley, California Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Total fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	28,421,928
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	t			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.				50,871,277
Pension obligations result in deferred outflows and inflows of resources associated with the actuarial value of contributions, assets, and liabilities. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - pension		3,699,281 237,393 .,106,465)		2,830,209
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.				
Compensated absences Due within one year Due after one year Net OPEB obligation Net Pension obligation	(2 (6	(837,288) (355,876) 2,030,428) 5,565,713) 1,806,679)		(24,595,984)
Internal services funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as vehicle replacement and technology, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are:				
Current assets			_	96,359
Net position of governmental activities			\$	57,623,789

City of Grass Valley, California Reconciliation of Fund Basis Balance Sheet to Government-wide Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities June 30, 2019

		Funds alance Sheet	Re	classifications		Changes in GAAP		Internal Services Balances		Statement of Net Position
ASSETS				<u> </u>						
Current assets:										
Cash and investments	\$	17,812,012	\$	-	\$	-	\$	74,719	\$	17,886,731
Restricted cash and investments		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:										
Taxes		2,231,667		-		-		-		2,231,667
Interest		163,498		-		-		-		163,498
Intergovernmental		181,395		-		-		-		181,395
Loans/Notes receivable		9,742,712		-		-		-		9,742,712
Other receivable		315,778		-		-		21,640		337,418
Due from other funds		2,043,917		(2,043,917)		_		-		_
Prepaid items		1,909		-		_		_		1,909
Total current assets	-	32,492,888		(2,043,917)	_			96,359		30,545,330
Noncurrent assets:		52, 1, 2, 000		(2,0.5,717)				,0,55,		20,212,220
Capital assets, net						50,871,277				50,871,277
Total noncurrent assets					_	50,871,277				50,871,277
Deferred outflows - pension plan		-		-				-		
		-		-		3,699,281		-		3,699,281
Deferred outflows - OPEB Total assets	•	32,492,888	\$	(2,043,917)	\$	237,393 54,807,951	\$	96,359	\$	237,393 85,353,281
Total assets	•	32,492,000	Ф	(2,043,917)	φ	34,607,931	.	90,339	φ	65,555,261
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,794,887	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,794,887
Interest payable		-		_				_		-
Due to other funds		2,043,917		(2,043,917)		-		_		-
Deposits payable		232,156				-		_		232,156
Current portion of long-term debt		_		_		355,876		_		355,876
Unearned revenue		_		_		-		_		_
Compensated absences - current portion		_				272,799		_		272,799
Other liabilities		_		_		272,799		_		2/2,///
Total current liabilities	-	4,070,960		(2,043,917)		628,675				2,655,718
Noncurrent liabilities:		4,070,900		(2,043,917)		028,073				2,033,718
Long-term liabilities:						564.400				564 400
Compensated absences		-		-		564,489		-		564,489
Due after one year		-		-		2,030,428		-		2,030,428
Net OPEB obligation		-		-		6,565,713		-		6,565,713
Net Pension obligation		-		_		14,806,679		-		14,806,679
Total noncurrent liabilities						23,967,309				23,967,309
Total liabilities		4,070,960		(2,043,917)		24,595,984		-		26,623,027
Deferred inflows: Pension plan		_				1,106,465		_		1,106,465
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION										
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		9,816,192		(9,816,192)		_		_		_
Restricted		3,460,568		(3,460,568)		_		_		_
Committed				(5,100,500)		_		_		_
Assigned		5,166,992		(5,166,992)		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		9,978,176		(9,978,176)		-		-		-
Net position:										-
Net investment in capital assets		-		-		48,484,973		-		48,484,973
Restricted		-		-		3,460,568		-		3,460,568
Unrestricted		_		28,421,928		(22,840,039)		96,359		5,678,248
Total fund balances/ net position		28,421,928		-		29,105,502		96,359	_	57,623,789
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$	32,492,888	\$	(2,043,917)	\$	54,807,951	\$	96,359	\$	85,353,281
- v.m. madifices, deterred innons and net position	Ψ	52, 172,000	Ψ	(2,013,717)	Ψ	51,007,551	Ψ	,0,55)	Ψ	00,000,201

City of Grass Valley, California Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Major	Funds
	General Fund	HOME Grant Special Revenue	Capital Projects
REVENUES:	4 15 504 055	A	Φ.
Taxes and assessments	\$ 15,584,077	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures	74,901	=	414 202
Intergovernmental	1,385,608 318,264	68,942	414,383 (10,390)
Use of money and property Charges for services	716,070	08,942	(10,390)
Other revenues	312,347	- -	- -
Total revenues	18,391,267	68,942	403,993
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General government	3,399,958	_	<u>-</u>
Public safety	8,297,298	-	_
Public ways and facilities	941,326	-	_
Community development	705,360	-	-
Recreation and culture	378,392	-	_
Capital outlay	898,496	-	3,590,199
Debt service:			
Principal	440,794	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	91,899	-	-
Total expenditures	15,153,523		3,590,199
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES	3,237,744	68,942	(3,186,206)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Proceeds from sales of assets	3,000	-	-
Transfers in	3,000	-	1,581,138
Transfers out	(452,272)		(192,188)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(446,272)		1,388,950
Net change in fund balances	2,791,472	68,942	(1,797,256)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):			
Beginning of year	11,276,378	4,201,336	(635,116)
End of year	\$ 14,067,850	\$ 4,270,278	\$ (2,432,372)

		-	Other		
Sp	ecial	Go	vernmental		
_	ojects		Funds		Totals
\$	_	\$	479,140	\$	16,063,217
Ψ	_	Ψ	39,637	Ψ	114,538
	123,354		791,102		2,714,447
	62,181		235,972		674,969
	-		33,450		749,520
	-		34,480		346,827
	185,535		1,613,781		20,663,518
	3,000		159,591		3,562,549
	-		245,592		8,542,890
	6,250		69,941		1,017,517
	-		87,539		792,899
	-		-		378,392
	-		29,100		4,517,795
	-		-		440,794
					91,899
	9,250		591,763		19,344,735
	176,285		1,022,018		1,318,783
	_		-		3,000
	-		415,852		1,999,990
	(202,057)		(975,202)		(1,821,719)
	(202,057)		(559,350)		181,271
	(25,772)		462,668		1,500,054
	2,051,509		10,027,767		26,921,874
\$	2,025,737	\$	10,490,435	\$	28,421,928

City of Grass Valley, California Reconciliation of Fund Basis Statements to Government-wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2019

			C	Compensated Absences/					Capital Asset				G	overnment-
	F	und Based		Debt		Internal			(Additions)/	OPEB		Pension		wide
Functions/Programs		Totals		Service	_	Service	1	Depreciation	Retirements	 Obligation	_	Obligation		Totals
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	3,562,549	\$	25,045	\$	-	\$	252,394	\$ 3,000	\$ 440,389	\$	904,042	\$	5,187,419
Public safety		8,542,890		-		-		94,757	-	-		-		8,637,647
Public ways and facilities		1,017,517		-		-		2,552,987	578,171	-		-		4,148,675
Community development		792,899		-		(2,939)		160,458	-	-		-		950,418
Recreation and culture		378,392		-		-		1,569	-	-		-		379,961
Capital outlay		4,517,795		-		-		-	(4,517,795)	-		-		-
Debt service/Interest		532,693		(90,427)				-						442,266
Total governmental activities	\$	19,344,735	\$	(65,382)	\$	(2,939)	\$	3,062,165	\$ (3,936,624)	\$ 440,389	\$	904,042	\$	19,746,386

City of Grass Valley, California

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,500,054
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different from those reported in the governmental funds because of the following:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of these assets are capitalized and allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The activities associated with capital assets are:		
Capital asset purchases capitalized Proceeds from sales of assets Depreciation expense	\$ 3,936,624 (3,000) (3,062,165)	871,459
Debt principal payments are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The governmental activities, however, report principal payments as a reduction of long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position:		
Debt principal payments		90,427
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in compensated absences		 (25,045)
Certain employee benefit obligations are recorded on a pay-as-you-go basis in the governmental funds, but are accrued as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:		
Net OPEB obligation Net Pension obligation	(440,389) (904,042)	(1,344,431)
Internal services funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as information technology, to individual funds. The change in net position of the Internal Service Funds is (\$2,939).		
	 2,939	 2,939
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,095,403

City of Grass Valley, California Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual - General Fund and Major Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

				Gene	General Fund										
		Budgeted	Amo			A . 1		ance w/Final Positive							
REVENUES:	0	riginal		Final		Actual		Negative)							
Taxes and assessments	\$ 1	13,145,974	\$	13,145,974	\$	15,584,077	\$	2,438,103							
Fines and forfeitures	φ 1	13,143,974	Ф	13,143,974	Ф	74,901	Ф	74,901							
Intergovernmental		1,593,380		1,593,380		1,385,608		(207,772)							
Use of money and property		37,500		37,500		318,264		280,764							
Charges for services		615,552		615,552		716,070		100,518							
Other revenues		5,950		5,950		312,347		306,397							
Total revenues		5,398,356		15,398,356		18,391,267		2,992,911							
EXPENDITURES:															
Current:															
General government		3,793,187		3,793,187		3,399,958		393,229							
Public safety		7,467,493		7,467,493		8,297,298		(829,805)							
Public ways and facilities		934,908		934,908		941,326		(6,418)							
Community development		696,646		696,646		705,360		(8,714)							
Recreation and culture		375,246		375,246		378,392		(3,146)							
Capital outlay		50,000		50,000		898,496		(848,496)							
Debt service:															
Principal		339,893		339,893		440,794		(100,901)							
Interest and fiscal charges		90,240		90,240		91,899		(1,659)							
Total expenditures	1	3,747,613		13,747,613		15,153,523		(1,405,910)							
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)															
EXPENDITURES		1,650,743		1,650,743		3,237,744		1,587,001							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):															
Proceeds from sales of assets		-		-		3,000		3,000							
Transfers in		75,112		75,112		3,000		(72,112)							
Transfers out		-				(452,272)		(452,272)							
Total other financing sources (uses)		75,112		75,112		(446,272)		(521,384)							
Net change in fund balances		1,725,855		1,725,855		2,791,472		1,065,617							
FUND BALANCES:															
Beginning of year	1	1,276,378		11,276,378		11,276,378		-							
End of year	\$ 1	3,002,233	\$	13,002,233	\$	14,067,850	\$	1,065,617							

]	HOME Grant Sp	ecial Revenue F	und	Totals							
	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance w/Final Positive		Budgeted	Am	ounts			Va	riance w/Final Positive
(Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		Original	Final Actual		Actual		(Negative)	
\$	-	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$	13,145,974	\$	13,145,974	\$	15,584,077 74,901	\$	2,438,103 74,901
	_	_	-	-		1,593,380		1,593,380		1,385,608		(207,772)
	80,000	80,000	68,942	(11,058)		117,500		117,500		387,206		269,706
	-	-	-	-		615,552		615,552		716,070		100,518
						5,950		5,950		312,347		306,397
	80,000	80,000	68,942	(11,058)		15,478,356		15,478,356		18,460,209		2,981,853
	-	-	-	-		3,793,187		3,793,187		3,399,958		393,229
	-	-	-	-		7,467,493		7,467,493		8,297,298		(829,805)
	-	-	-	-		934,908		934,908		941,326		(6,418)
	-	-	-	-		696,646 375,246		696,646 375,246		705,360 378,392		(8,714) (3,146)
	-	-	-	-		50,000		50,000		898,496		(848,496)
	-	-	-	-		339,893		339,893		440,794		(100,901)
						90,240		90,240		91,899		(1,659)
		-	-	-	_	13,747,613		13,747,613		15,153,523		(1,405,910)
	80,000	80,000	68,942	(11,058)		1,730,743		1,730,743		3,306,686		1,575,943
	_	_	_			_		_		3,000		3,000
	_	_	_	-		75,112		75,112		3,000		(72,112)
								-		(452,272)		(452,272)
						75,112		75,112		(446,272)		(521,384)
	80,000	80,000	68,942	(11,058)		1,805,855		1,805,855		2,860,414		1,054,559
	4,201,336	4,201,336	4,201,336	-		15,477,714		15,477,714		15,477,714		-
	4,281,336	\$ 4,281,336	\$ 4,270,278	\$ (11,058)	\$	17,283,569	\$	17,283,569	\$	18,338,128	\$	1,054,559
_					_		_		_			



ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Fund	Description						
Major Funds:							
Water Fund	Accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water treatment and distribution system.						
Sewer Fund	Accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment plant and collection facilities.						

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals	Veh	Governmental Activities icle Replacement Internal Service Funds
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 4,626,990	\$ 7,164,899	\$ 11,791,889	\$	74,719
Restricted cash and investments	-	636,969	636,969		-
Receivables:					
Accounts	298,028	719,533	1,017,561		21,640
Intergovernmental		178,839	 178,839		
Total current assets	4,925,018	 8,700,240	 13,625,258		96,359
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets, net	8,441,464	34,903,802	 43,345,266		
Total noncurrent assets	 8,441,464	 34,903,802	 43,345,266		
Total assets	 13,366,482	 43,604,042	 56,970,524		96,359
Deferred outflows - Pensions	361,282	853,101	1,214,383		_
Deferred outflows - OPEB	9,742	12,131	21,873		
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 13,737,506	\$ 44,469,274	\$ 58,206,780	\$	96,359
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Interest payable Prepaid connection fees	130,316 20,645 24,992	300,717 44,262 99,819 240,800	\$ 431,033 64,907 124,811 240,800	\$	- - -
Deposits payable	7,699	210,000	7,699		_
Long-term liabilities - current portion	232,029	1,040,212	1,272,241		_
Compensated absences - current portion	13,878	55,189	69,067		_
Total current liabilities	 429,559	 1,780,999	 2,210,558		_
Noncurrent liabilities:	 - /	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 , -,		
Compensated absences	26,642	69,067	95,709		-
Due after one year	2,294,008	7,440,126	9,734,134		-
Net OPEB obligation	193,265	411,700	604,965		-
Net Pension obligation	1,209,419	2,949,115	4,158,534		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,723,334	10,870,008	 14,593,342		-
Total liabilities	4,152,893	12,651,007	16,803,900		-
Deferred inflows - Pension	108,110	227,016	335,126		_
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	 4,261,003	 12,878,023	 17,139,026		
Net Position:	 4,201,003	 12,070,023	 17,137,020		
Net investment in capital assets	5,915,427	26,423,464	32,338,891		_
Restricted	5,715,727	636,969	636,969		_
Unrestricted	3,561,076	4,530,818	8,091,894		96,359
Total net position	 9,476,503	 31,591,251	 41,067,754		96,359
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$ 13,737,506	\$ 44,469,274	\$ 58,206,780	\$	96,359

City of Grass Valley, California Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

				Governmental Activities
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals	Vehicle Replacement Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for service	2,108,217	5,080,548	\$ 7,188,765	\$ -
Other operating revenue	189,198	358,048	547,246	
Total operating revenues	2,297,415	5,438,596	7,736,011	
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Salaries and benefits	638,121	1,225,001	1,863,122	-
Contractual services	417,547	2,191,136	2,608,683	-
Materials and supplies	45,647	528,170	573,817	-
Repairs and maintenance	12,112	289,113	301,225	-
Purchased water	370,532	-	370,532	-
Utilities	9,921	256,703	266,624	-
Insurance	47,299	105,665	152,964	-
Allocated overhead	47,839	110,137	157,976	-
Depreciation and amortization	395,736	1,962,168	2,357,904	-
Total operating expenses	1,984,754	6,668,093	8,652,847	
OPERATING INCOME(LOSS)	312,661	(1,229,497)	(916,836)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets	-	8,800	8,800	23,640
Capital contributions	100,693	1,609,373	1,710,066	-
Grants	-	2,606,870	2,606,870	
Interest revenue	126,486	178,263	304,749	2,718
Interest expense	(103,657)	(304,371)	(408,028)	(29,297)
Miscellaneous revenues (expenses)	120,800	49,472	170,272	-
Total non-operating revenues, net	244,322	4,148,407	4,392,729	(2,939)
NET INCOME(LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	556,983	2,918,910	3,475,893	(2,939)
Transfers in	92,188	100,000	192,188	-
Transfers out	(126,372)	(244,087)	(370,459)	-
Total transfers	(34,184)	(144,087)	(178,271)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	522,799	2,774,823	3,297,622	(2,939)
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year	8,953,704	28,816,428	37,770,132	99,298
End of year	\$ 9,476,503	\$ 31,591,251	\$ 41,067,754	\$ 96,359

City of Grass Valley, California Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

								ernmental ctivities
		Water		Sewer			Vehicle I	Replacement
CACH ELONG EDOM OBED ATING A CENTERE		Fund		Fund		Totals	Ser	vice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers/users for services provided	\$	2,350,006	\$	5,276,564	\$	7,626,570	\$	(21,640)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	Φ	(960,544)	φ	(3,805,012)	φ	(4,765,556)	φ	(21,040)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services		(632,937)		(1,218,610)		(1,851,547)		_
Net cash provided by operating activities		756,525		252,942		1.009.467		(21,640)
				232,742		1,002,407		(21,040)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIV	/ITIES:					40.000		
Change in net OPEB obligation		18,056		30,233		48,289		-
Change in net pension obligation		103,140		(74,195)		28,945		-
Transfers paid		(126,372)		(244,087)		(370,459)		
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		87,012		(188,049)		(101,037)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANC	CING A	CTIVITIES:						
Proceeds from grants		-		2,606,870		2,606,870		-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(201,159)		(1,696,014)		(1,897,173)		-
Capital contributions		100,693		1,609,373		1,710,066		-
Other income received		120,800		49,472		170,272		-
Principal paid on long term debt		(221,873)		(1,007,354)		(1,229,227)		_
Interest paid on long term debt		(106,305)		(320,849)		(427,154)		(29,297)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		23,640
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(307,844)		1,241,498		933,654		(5,657)
, , , .		(= = 1, = 1 - 1)		-,= :-, :		,,,,,,		(=,==,)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		106 406		170.262		204.740		2.710
Investment income received		126,486		178,263		304,749		2,718
Net cash provided by investing activities		126,486		178,263		304,749		2,718
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		662,179		1,484,654		2,146,833		(24,579)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:								
Beginning of year		3,964,811		6,317,214		10,282,025		99,298
End of year	\$	4,626,990	\$	7,801,868	\$	12,428,858	\$	74,719
PRESENTATION IN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:								
Cash and investments	\$	4,626,990	\$	7,164,899	\$	11,791,889	\$	74,719
Restricted cash and investments				636,969		636,969		_
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,626,990	\$	7,801,868	\$	12,428,858	\$	74,719
Reconciliation of income from operations to net					-			-
cash provided by operating activities:								
Operating income	\$	312,661	\$	(1,229,497)	\$	(916,836)	\$	_
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	•	- ,	•	(, , , , , , ,	•	(,)	•	
to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		395,736		1,962,168		2,357,904		_
OPEB adjustments		(5,285)		(2,427)		(7,712)		-
(Increase) decrease in current assets:		(-,)		(=, := ')		(.,2)		
Accounts receivable		52,193		14,483		66,676		(21,640)
Intergovernmental receivables		127		(176,515)		(176,388)		(=1,010)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows:		127		(170,010)		(170,500)		
Accounts payable		(4,362)		(321,661)		(326,023)	•	_
Accrued payroll		2,346		(7,417)		(5,071)		_
Compensated absences		2,838		13,808		16,646		_
Compensated absences		2,030		13,000		10,070		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	756,525	\$	252,942	\$	1,009,467	\$	(21,640)

There were no noncash investing, capital, or financing activities affecting recognized assets and liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019.

FIDUCIARY ACTIVITIES

Fund	Description
Private Purpose Trust Funds are used for resources he similar to private enterprise.	ld for other individuals and entities in a manner
Private Purpose Trust Funds]
Successor Agency - Grass Valley Redevelopment Agency	Accounts for funds collected and disbursed for the dissolution of the former Grass Valley Redevelopment Agency related to Administration and Retirement of enforceable obligations
Housing	Accounts for funds collected and disbursed for the dissolution of the former Grass Valley Redevelopment Agency's housing related debts.
Agency Funds]
Whispering Pines Morgan Ranch Redemption	Accounts for assessments made for debt service of the Whispering Pines Morgan Ranch Redemption AD bonds for which the City is not obligated.
Whispering Pines Morgan Ranch Reserve 2001	Accounts for assessments made for debt service of the Whispering Pines Morgan Ranch Reserve 2001 AD bonds for which the City is not obligated.
Whispering Pines Morgan Ranch Redemption 2001	Accounts for assessments made for debt service of the Whispering Pines Morgan Ranch Redemption 2001 AD bonds for which the City is not obligated.

City of Grass Valley, California Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Activities June 30, 2019

	Successor Agency					
		er Grass Valley levelopment Agency		Housing	Age	ency Funds
Current assets:		_				
Cash and investments	\$	1,197,867	\$	_	\$	180,232
Cash and investments with trustee/fiscal agent	*	975,697	*	-	•	178,364
Notes/Loans receivable		17,610		989,297		
Assessments receivable		-		-		759
Total current assets		2,191,174		989,297		359,355
Total assets	\$	2,191,174	\$	989,297	\$	359,355
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,736	\$	-	\$	615
Due to others		· -		-		358,740
Current portion of long-term debt		327,339				
Total current liabilities		329,075		-		359,355
Long-term liabilities:	<u>-</u>	_				
Due after one year		8,094,832				
Total long-term liabilities		8,094,832				
Total liabilities		8,423,907		_	\$	359,355
Net Position (Deficit): Restricted for:						
Debt service		975,697		-		
Net position held in trust for						
Redevelopment Dissolution		(7,208,430)		989,297		
Total net position (deficit)		(6,232,733)		989,297		
Total liabilities and net position	\$	2,191,174	\$	989,297		

City of Grass Valley, California

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Private Purpose Trust Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Successor Agency				
		er Grass Valley development Agency	1	Housing	 Totals
ADDITIONS:					
Property taxes	\$	1,081,387	\$	-	\$ 1,081,387
Investment income		37,343		25,447	62,790
Other		307,339			307,339
Total additions		1,426,069		25,447	1,451,516
DEDUCTIONS:					
Community development		798,657		-	798,657
Total deductions		798,657		-	798,657
Transfers in		10,000		-	10,000
Transfers out		-		(10,000)	(10,000)
Total transfers		10,000		(10,000)	 <u>-</u>
CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		637,412		15,447	 652,859
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):					
Beginning of year		(6,870,145)		973,850	 (5,896,295)
End of year	\$	(6,232,733)	\$	989,297	\$ (5,243,436)



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Grass Valley, California Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2019

Index to Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Page
Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	45
Financial Reporting Entity	
Basis of Presentation	
Measurement Focus	48
Basis of Accounting	
Assets, Liabilities, and Equity	
Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses	
Budgetary Accounting	55
Note 2 – Cash and Investments	57
Note 3 – Accounts Receivable	61
Note 4 – Loans and Notes Receivable	62
Note 5 – Capital Assets	63
Note 6 – Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	65
Note 7 – Long-term Liabilities	65
Note 8 – Net Position/Fund Balances	70
Note 9 – Interfund Transactions	74
Note 10 – Risk Management	76
Note 11 – Public Employee Retirement System	76
Note 12 – Other Post-Employment Benefits	83
Note 13 – Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency	87
Note 14 – Commitments and Contingencies	91
Note 15 – New Accounting Pronouncements	91

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Grass Valley (City) operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety, highways and streets, health and sanitation, recreation-culture, public improvements, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administrative services, water, and sewer.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. On June 15, 1987, GASB issued a codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The City applies all GASB pronouncements to its activities.

In addition, the City applies all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB) issued after November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below and, where appropriate, subsequent pronouncements will be referenced.

Financial Reporting Entity

The City operates as a self-governing local government unit within the State. It has limited authority to levy taxes and has the authority to determine user fees for the services that it provides. The City's main funding sources include sales taxes, other intergovernmental revenue from state and federal sources, user fees, and federal and state financial assistance.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, the City, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the City has the ability to impose its will on the organization, or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Financial Reporting Entity, Continued

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the government and its component unit, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. This component unit is on a blended basis. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The financial statements of the individual component unit, if applicable as indicated below, may be obtained by writing to the City of Grass Valley, City of Grass Valley, Finance Department, 125 East Main Street, Grass Valley, CA, 95945.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions restricted to the operating or capital requirements of a specific function or segment. All taxes and internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

City of Grass Valley, California Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Basis of Presentation, Continued

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund
- HOME Grant Special Revenue Fund
- Capital Projects Fund
- Special Projects Fund

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Water Fund
- Sewer Fund

The City reports the following additional fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds
- Internal Service Funds
- Permanent Funds
- Private Purpose Trust Funds
- Agency Funds

Descriptions of these funds are included on the divider page preceding the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with the City which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. From this fund are paid the City's general operating expenditures, the fixed charges, and the capital costs that are not paid through other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally or otherwise restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

City of Grass Valley, California Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Basis of Presentation, Continued

Capital Project Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Costs are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for financial transactions related to the City's Garage Department. These services are provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds

Private Purpose Trust Funds

Private Purpose Trust Funds account for resources held for other individuals or entities in a manner similar to private enterprise.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements.

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as Net Position, which serves as an indicator of financial position.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used for governmental funds. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Measurement Focus, Continued

The enterprise funds and private purpose trust funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Enterprise fund and private purpose trust funds equity is classified as net position.

Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means the amount is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year end, with the exception of grant revenues.

Grant revenues are considered to be available if collected within 180 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

The enterprise funds and agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Operating revenues in the fund are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Cash Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City pools cash and investments from all funds for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. Highly liquid money market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. See Note 9 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes, sales and use taxes, utility user taxes, intergovernmental subventions, interest earnings, and expense reimbursements.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as property tax, sales tax, utility user tax, and intergovernmental subventions since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available, such as property tax, are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis.

Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. The loans receivable are recorded in the fund statements, but are deferred to indicate they do not represent current financial resources. The loans are recognized when advanced in the government-wide statements. The City's experience is that all accounts receivable are collectible; therefore an allowance for doubtful accounts is unnecessary.

City of Grass Valley, California Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, Continued

Inventory

Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Records are not maintained of inventory and supplies on hand, although these amounts are not considered material.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

The City's assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if actual is unavailable, except for donated Capital Assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting at \$5,000 for non-infrastructure capital assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure capital assets.

Government-Wide Statements

Public domain (infrastructure) capital assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems.

The accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized, since then these assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. No depreciation is recorded in the year of acquisition or in the year of disposition.

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Equipment	3-25 years
Structures and improvements	5-50 years
Infrastructure	20-75 years

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, Continued

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Employees accrue vacation, sick, holiday, and compensatory time off benefits. City employees have vested interests in the amount of accrued time off, with the exception of sick time, and are paid on termination. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements and is currently payable. The City had no employee resignations or retirements for which compensated absences should be accrued in governmental funds at year-end. The general fund is typically used to liquidate compensated absences.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City has only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on pension plan contributions on the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item reported as a deferred inflow of resources. The deferred inflow our resources is the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and is reported on the statement of net position.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, Continued

Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

- a. *Net investment in capital assets* consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or bylaws or regulations of other governments or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements. The classifications for governmental funds are defined as follows for the City:

Nonspendable Fund Balance -

- Assets that will never convert to cash (prepaid items, inventory).
- Assets that will not convert to cash soon enough to affect the current period (long-term notes or loans receivable).
- Resources that must be maintained intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements (the principal of an endowment).

Restricted Fund Balance -

- Resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by parties altogether outside the government (creditors, grantors, contributors and other governments).
- Resources that are subject to limitations imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (Gas Tax).

City of Grass Valley, California Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, Continued

Equity Classification, Continued

Committed Fund Balance -

- Self imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the period (encumbrances, economic contingencies and uncertainties).
- Limitation at the highest level of decision-making (Council) that requires formal action at the same level to remove.
- Council resolution is required to be taken to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment

Assigned Fund Balance –

- Amounts in excess of nonspendable, restricted and committed fund balance in funds other than the general fund automatically are reported as assigned fund balance.
- Assigned amounts for a specific purpose are as authorized by the City's Finance Director through its fund balance policy.

Unassigned Fund Balance -

- Residual net resources
- Total fund balance in the general fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance (surplus).
- Excess of nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance over total fund balance (deficit).

Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Property Tax

Property taxes in the State of California are administered for all local agencies at the county level and consist of secured, unsecured, and utility tax rolls. The following is a summary of major policies and practices relating to property taxes.

Nevada County assesses properties, bills, collects, and distributes property taxes to the City. The County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties.

Property taxes are levied on a fiscal year (July 1 - June 30). The secured property tax assessments are due on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. The unsecured property tax assessments are due on August 1 and become delinquent after August 31. Property taxes become a lien on the property effective January 1 of the preceding year.

City of Grass Valley, California Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Property Tax, Continued

The City recognizes property taxes when the individual installments are due provided they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

Interfund Transfers

Resources are reallocated between funds by reporting them as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Government of Example's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CaIPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CaIPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Budgetary Accounting

The City Council establishes budgets for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds, except for certain Special Revenue Funds for which expenditures are controlled by grant funding or by assessments received. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level for these funds. Department heads submit budget requests to the City Manager. The City Manager prepares an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the next year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution by the City Council on or before June 30 in accordance with the municipal code.

The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. Only the Council can authorize transfers between funds and approve inter-fund loans. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a fund without formal council action or approval. The City Manager is authorized to increase expenditures in relation to revenues in funds receiving assigned revenues without approval by the City Council.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control. Supplemental appropriations, which increase appropriations, may be made during the fiscal year. There were no material supplemental appropriations made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Budget information is presented for the General and budgeted Special Revenue Funds in the fund financial statements. The budget information is presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations, except open project appropriations, and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019

Reclassifications

Certain amounts have been reclassified to provide for comparable results on a year to year basis.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2019, the City's pooled cash and investments, classified by maturity, consisted of the following stated at fair value:

Cash, cash equivalents and investments pooled	Maturities (in years)				Fair	
	<1	1 to 3	3 to 5	Deposits	Market Value	
Pooled cash, at fair value Cash in bank Petty cash	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 1,765,367 850	\$ 1,765,367 850	
Total pooled items				1,766,217	1,766,217	
Pooled investments, at fair value Interest obligations Par Rate \$ 4,545,000 1.5 - 2.39% Federal Agency Securities 3,750,500 1.05 - 3.5% Certificate of Deposits Money market	249,923 15,064	3,542,816 2,731,177	998,875 757,475	- - -	4,541,691 3,738,575 15,064	
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund	22,786,202				22,786,202	
Total pooled investments - interest obligations	23,051,189	6,273,993	1,756,350		31,081,532	
Total cash equivalents and investments pooled	\$ 23,051,189	\$ 6,273,993	\$ 1,756,350	\$ 1,766,217	\$ 32,847,749	
		Amounts reporte Governmental a Business-type a Business-type a Fiduciary activity	ctivities ctivities ctivities - Restricte ties	d	\$ 17,886,731 11,791,889 636,969 1,378,099 1,154,061	
		Total			\$ 32,847,749	

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Federal agency securities	4,541,691	2.13
Certificates of deposits	3,738,575	2.50
Money market funds	15,064	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund	22,786,202	N/A
Total fair value	\$ 31,081,532	
Weighted average of maturity		2.32

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

California statutes authorize cities to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code of the City's investment policy. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City's permissible investments included the following instruments:

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	None
Certificates of Deposits	180 days	20%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	180 days	30%	None
Commercial Paper	180 days	15%	None
State of California Local Agency			
Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	Unlimited	\$50 Million per entity
Medium Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Money Market Funds	N/A	Unlimited	None
Passbook Savings and Money Market			
Accounts (Insured)	None	Unlimited	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	Unlimited	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	None	Unlimited	None
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	10%	None
Mortgage pass-through and			
asset backed securities	5 years	20%	None

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustees. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Investment Contracts	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	None	None
Certificates of Deposit with Banks			
and Savings and Loans	None	None	None
Municipal Obligations	None	None	None

Interest rate risk —Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Credit risk – As of June 30, 2019, the City's investments in money market funds were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings, and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. The State of California Local Agency Investment Fund is not rated.

Concentration of credit risk – The City's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the government's total investments. The investments made by the City Treasurer are limited to those allowable under State statutes as incorporated into the City's Investment Policy, which is accepted annually by the City Council. There were no concentrations in any one issuer for the year.

The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) which has invested 1.77% of the pool funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities are subject to market risk as to changes in interest rates.

City of Grass Valley, California Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2019

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Custodial credit risk – deposits. For deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City's Investment Policy addresses custodial credit risk, which follows the Government Code.

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$1,765,367 and the balances in financial institutions were \$338,554. Of the balance in financial institutions, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$88,554 was collateralized as required by State law (Government Code Section 53630), by the pledging financial institution with assets held in a common pool for the City and other governmental agencies, but not in the name of the City. As of June 30, 2019, the City's investments were held by the City's custodial agent, but not in the City's name, and were insured up to specified limits by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) and supplemental private insurance up to a limit of \$150 million.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For investments, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside counterparty. For the investments maintained by the City, no security was uninsured or unregistered or held by a brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for the security.

Investment in LAIF

The City is a voluntary participant in California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which is regulated by California Government Code Section under the oversight of the Local Investment Advisory Board (Board). The Board consists of five members as designated by state statute, and is chaired by the State Treasurer who is responsible for day to day administration of LAIF. The total amount invested by all public agencies as of June 30, 2019 was \$24,584,685,2780 of which the City had a balance of \$22,786,202. LAIF is part of the California Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), which at June 30, 2019 has a portfolio with market valuation of \$105,814,483,092. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2019:

	 overnmental Activities	<i>2</i> 1		Fiduciary Activities	Total
Current:					
Taxes and assessments	\$ 2,231,667	\$ -	\$	759	\$ 2,232,426
Interest	163,498	-		-	163,498
Accounts	-	1,017,561		-	1,017,561
Intergovernmental	181,395	178,839		-	360,234
Other receivable	337,418	-		-	337,418
Total current	2,913,978	1,196,400		759	4,111,137
Noncurrent:					
Loans receivable	9,742,712	-		1,006,907	10,749,619
Total noncurrent	9,742,712	-		1,006,907	10,749,619
Total receivables	\$ 12,656,690	\$ 1,196,400	\$	1,007,666	\$ 14,860,756

These amounts resulted in the following concentrations in receivables:

Other Governments	17.45%
Individuals/Businesses	79.18%
Financial	1.10%
Other	2.27%

Amounts do not indicate a significant concentration (greater than 25%) with any single individual, business or agency.

4. LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

Through the City's various housing rehabilitation funds and first-time home buyer's funds, the City has loaned funds to qualifying individuals and businesses. Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan. Interest is accrued on the loans that bear interest. Some of these loans were transferred to the successor agency and are reported in the respective trust fund.

Loans and notes receivable for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

	Beginning aly 1, 2018	A	dditions	I	Deletions	Ju	Ending ne 30, 2019
Community Development Block Grant	\$ 666,053	\$	1,230	\$	(5,251)	\$	662,032
HOME loans	7,771,036		218,199		(75,000)		7,914,235
STBG	527,104		1,275		(6,165)		522,214
Business Revolving Loans	309,816		-		(30,022)		279,794
Rehabilitation loans	391,352		5,206		(32,121)		364,437
Total loans/notes receivable	\$ 9,665,361	\$	225,910	\$	(148,559)	\$	9,742,712

The following is a summary of the loans and notes receivable outstanding as of June 30, 2019:

Community Development Block Grant – The City participates in a CDBG Revolving loan program. The program is federally funded and provides housing rehabilitation loans to eligible applicants. The City makes loans to resident homeowners who qualify as low income, some of which are deferred and are not repaid until the title to property changes. The balance of these loans at June 30, 2019, was \$662,032.

HOME Loans – The City participates in a HOME Loan program. The program is federally funded and provides loans for first-time homebuyers to eligible participants. The City makes loans available to resident homeowners who qualify as low income. These loans are deferred and the City maintains an equity sharing agreement with the participant.

Basic Business Revolving Loans – These loans are made from unrestricted program income for the purpose of assisting local business with economic development loans for specifically identified purposes.

Business Loan: Grass Valley Theatre – During 2008, the City loaned money to the owners of a historic theatre in downtown district for rehabilitation.

Mobile Home Park Low Income Housing Assistance – The City began a program of housing assistance to help low and moderate income individuals with purchases of a mobile home. Qualifying individuals receive down payment assistance with the loan deferred as long as it is an owner-occupied dwelling. Interest and/or principal may be waived if certain terms are met by the borrower.

4. LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE, Continued

First-Time Home Buyers – The City maintains loans receivable for Low and Moderate Income Housing. The notes receivable principal balances are recorded in the fund-based statements as loans receivable. Interest on certain loans may be waived by the City if the loan remains outstanding for the full term; therefore, interest income is recorded when received.

Rehabilitation Loan — The City loaned \$880,000 to the Nevada Bay Housing and Development Corporation for Low and Moderate Income Housing for Janes Creek Meadows. Land purchased by the City was deposited into the Community Land Trust for development purposes. The notes receivable principal balances are recorded in the fund-based statements as loans receivable. Upon development, the principal and interest on the loan may be waived by the City if the loan remains outstanding for the full term and the development is accepted by the City; therefore, interest income is recorded when received.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental activities	Balance ivities July 1, 2018 Additions Deletions		Adjustments / Transfers	Balance June 30, 2019		
Nondepreciable assets:						
Land	\$ 2,881,632	\$ 60,886	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,942,518	
Construction in progress	3,196,858	1,592,739	-	-	4,789,597	
Total nondepreciable assets	6,078,490	1,653,625		-	7,732,115	
Depreciable assets:						
Buildings and Improvements	12,458,287	863,812		-	13,322,099	
Equipment	9,196,376	576,502	(168,220)	-	9,604,658	
Infrastructure	66,158,883	912,668	-	-	67,071,551	
Leased assets-Enterprise	242,075	101,115	-	-	343,190	
Total depreciable assets	88,055,621	2,454,097	(168,220)		90,341,498	
Total	94,134,111	4,107,722	(168,220)		98,073,613	
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and Improvements	(7,632,717)	(521,512)	-	-	(8,154,229)	
Equipment	(6,466,805)	(372,681)	-	-	(6,839,486)	
Infrastructure	(30,016,442)	(2,107,450)	-	-	(32,123,892)	
Leased assets-Enterprise	(24,207)	(60,522)			(84,729)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(44,140,171)	(3,062,165)			(47,202,336)	
Net depreciable assets	43,915,450	(608,068)	(168,220)		43,139,162	
Total net capital assets	\$ 49,993,940	\$ 1,045,557	\$ (168,220)	\$ -	\$ 50,871,277	

5. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Depreciation expense for Governmental Activities capital assets was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 252,394
Public safety	94,757
Public ways and facilities	2,552,987
Community development	160,458
Parks and recreation	 1,569
	\$ 3,062,165

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance		
Business-type activities	July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2019	
Nondepreciable assets:						
Land	\$ 239,401		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 239,401	
Construction in progress	5,986,406			(4,490,871)	1,495,535	
Total nondepreciable assets	6,225,807			(4,490,871)	1,734,936	
Depreciable assets:						
Buildings and Improvements	52,421,692	_	-	5,959,594	58,381,286	
Equipment	1,262,791	85,098	-	-	1,347,889	
Infrastructure	19,701,502			430,324	20,131,826	
Total depreciable assets	73,385,985	85,098		6,389,918	79,861,001	
Total assets	79,611,792	85,098		1,899,047	81,595,937	
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and Improvements	(24,704,314)	(1,857,977)	_	_	(26,562,291)	
Equipment	(906,426)	(91,828)	_	-	(998,254)	
Infrastructure	(10,242,941)	(447,185)	-	-	(10,690,126)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(35,853,681)	(2,396,990)		-	(38,250,671)	
Net depreciable assets	37,532,304	(2,311,892)		6,389,918	41,610,330	
Total net capital assets	\$ 43,758,111	\$ (2,311,892)	\$ -	\$ 1,899,047	\$ 43,345,266	

Depreciation expense for Business-type activities capital assets was charged to functions as follows:

Water	\$ 395,736
Sewer	 2,001,254
	\$ 2,396,990

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consisted of the following at June 30, 2019:

	Governmental Activities		siness-type Activities	iduciary activities	Total
Accounts payable	\$	1,411,435	\$ 671,833	\$ 2,351	\$ 2,085,619
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		383,452	64,907	-	448,359
Interest payable		-	124,811	-	124,811
Deposits payable		232,156	7,699	-	239,855
Due to others		-		358,740	358,740
Total	\$	2,027,043	\$ 869,250	\$ 361,091	\$ 3,257,384

These amounts resulted in the following concentrations in payables:

Vendors 86.2% Employees 13.8%

Amounts do not indicate a significant concentration (greater than 25%) with any single vendor or employee.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019:

		Balance						Balance	I	Oue Within
	July 1, 2018 Addition		Additions	Retirements		June 30, 2019		One Year		
Governmental activities:										
Capital leases	\$	1,465,731	\$	290,936	\$	(55,363)	\$	1,701,304	\$	18,876
2013 Bank Loan- Pension Obligation		1,011,000		-		(326,000)		685,000		337,000
Compensated absences		812,243		-		25,045		837,288		272,799
Net OPEB obligation		6,041,620		524,093		-		6,565,713		-
Net Pension obligation		14,650,220		156,459		-		14,806,679		-
Total governmental activities liabilities	\$	23,980,814	\$	971,488	\$	(356,318)	\$	24,595,984	\$	628,675
Business-type activities:										
2011 Wastewater refunding bonds	\$	3,825,000	\$	-	\$	(405,000)	\$	3,420,000	\$	425,000
Premium paid in refunding		312,687		-		(39,085)		273,602		39,086
Net 2011 Wastewater refunding bonds		4,137,687		-		(444,085)		3,693,602		464,086
California Water Resources Control Board										
revolving loan		2,577,416		-		(497,228)		2,080,188		506,192
California Department of Water Resources										
safe drinking water loan		1,305,359		-		(105,530)		1,199,829		109,038
Capital lease - Bank of America Leasing		1,411,311		-		(149,225)		1,262,086		156,284
Capital leases		2,764,742		32,896		(26,969)		2,770,669		36,641
Total business-type activity debt		12,196,515		32,896		(1,223,037)		11,006,374		1,272,241
Compensated absences		148,130		16,646		-		164,776		69,067
Net OPEB obligation		556,676		48,289		-		604,965		-
Net Pension obligation		4,339,549	_			(181,015)		4,158,534		
Total business-type activities liabilities	\$	12,901,321	\$	97,831	\$	(1,223,037)	\$	15,934,649	\$	1,341,308

City of Grass Valley, California Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2019

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

Governmental Activities:

Lease Obligations

In fiscal year 2015, the City entered into an agreement with Municipal Finance Corporation for 20 years in the amount of \$4,288,000. The principal and interest are payable in quarterly installments beginning in March 2015. The last installment is due on September 2035. The City is making a portion of the payments from the General, Water, and Sewer Funds. The lease obligation has an interest rate of 3.9%. As of June 30, 2019, the outstanding balance of the lease obligation was \$1,701,304.

2014 Bank Loan

On May 1, 2014, the City entered into an agreement to obtain financing from Umpqua Bank in the amount of \$2,437,000 to fund the City's unfunded liability to CalPERS related to the City's miscellaneous, fire-safety and police-safety pension groups. The principal is payable annually starting from May 1, 2017 in an amount ranging from \$247,000 to \$348,000. The last principal payment is due on May 1, 2021. The bonds bear an interest rate of 3.45% per annum. Interest is payable semi-annually on November 1 and May 1. The first interest payment was made on November 1, 2014 and the final payment is due on May 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2019, the outstanding balance of the loan was \$685,000.

Business-type Activities:

2011 Wastewater Refunding Bonds

On August 1, 2011, the City issued the 2011 Wastewater Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$5,930,000. The Bonds bear interest rates of 2.0% to 5.0% per annum and matures on August 1, 2025. The principals are payable in annual installments of \$310,000 to \$555,000 on the anniversary of the bond issuance and interests are payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. These bonds were used to refund the Wastewater Certificates of Participation.

California Department of Water Resources

On March 12, 1991, the City obtained \$3,255,000 California Department of Water Resources Safe Drinking Water Loan. The loan bears an interest rate of 3.37% per annum and matures on September 30, 2028. The principal and interests are amortized in equal semi-annual payments of \$74,329. This loan was used to finance improvements to the City's water system.

State of California - State Water Resources Control Board

On November 19, 1999, the City obtained a revolving loan from The State of California – State Water Resources Control Board in the amount of \$10,833,312. The loan bears no interest and the principal is payable in 20 equal annual installments of \$543,697. The first installment was paid on July 31, 2003 and the last is due on July 31, 2022. The loan was used to finance sewer plant expansion.

City of Grass Valley, California Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2019

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

Capital Lease Obligations

On June 30, 2011, the City entered into an agreement with Banc of America Leasing to lease automated meter reading system for \$2,283,276. 75.5% of the lease amount or \$1,723,873 is borne by the Water Fund and the remaining \$559,402.62 by the Sewer Fund. The lease obligations are payable semi-annually beginning August 22, 2011 until February 22, 2026. The water fund and sewer portion of the semi-annual principal payments are \$80,594 and \$26,153, respectively. As at June 30, 2019, the outstanding balance of the lease amounted to \$1,326,208.

Compensated Absences

The City records employee absences, such as vacation, illness, and holidays, for which it is expected that employees will be paid as compensated absences. Compensated absences had a balance of \$837,288 for governmental activities and \$164,776 for business-type activities at June 30, 2019, of those amounts \$341,866 is expected to be paid within a year.

Net OPEB Obligation

A net OPEB obligation is the cumulative differences between annual OPEB cost and an employer's contributions to a plan. At June 30, 2019, the City had a Net OPEB Obligation of \$6,565,703 for governmental activities and \$604,965 for business-type activities. See Note 12 for further discussion on OPEB.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

Future debt service for Governmental Activities at June 30, 2019, is as follows for all debt except compensated absences and the Net OPEB obligation:

	Governmental Activities											
Year Ending	Corpo	oration										
June 30,	Capital Leas	se Obligations	2013 Ump	oqua Bank	To	otal						
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest						
2020	18,876	54,747	337,000	23,632	\$ 355,876	\$ 78,379						
2021	28,116	53,896	348,000	12,006	376,116	65,902						
2022	35,507	52,644	-	-	35,507	52,644						
2023	42,147	51,195	-	-	42,147	51,195						
2024	49,290	49,448	-	-	49,290	49,448						
2025-2029	373,443	210,251	-	-	373,443	210,251						
2030-2034	491,258	101,300	-	-	491,258	101,300						
2035-2038	371,732	18,656			371,732	18,656						
Total	\$ 1,410,369	\$ 592,137	\$ 685,000	\$ 35,638	\$ 2,095,369	\$ 627,775						
Due within one year	\$ 18,876	\$ 54,747	\$ 337,000	\$ 23,632	\$ 355,876	\$ 78,379						
Due after one year	1,391,493	537,390	348,000	12,006	1,739,493	549,396						
	\$ 1,410,369	\$ 592,137	\$ 685,000	\$ 35,638	\$ 2,095,369	\$ 627,775						

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

Future debt service for Business-type Activities at June 30, 2019, is as follows for all debt except compensated absences and the Net OPEB obligation:

	Business Type Activities												
Year Ending		2011 Wastev	vater ref	unding	St	ate of Californi	a - Saf	fe Drinking	State of California - State Water				
June 30,		bo			Water Loan				Resources Control Board				
		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest		
2020	2020 \$ 425		\$	146,613	\$	109,038	\$	39,620	\$ 506,192		\$	37,506	
2021		440,000		129,238		112,900		35,758		515,318		28,379	
2022		465,000		106,613		116,663		31,995		524,609		19,088	
2023		490,000		82,738		120,629		28,029		534,069		9,629	
2024		510,000		57,738		124,683		23,975				_	
2025-2029		1,090,000		46,081		615,916		53,045		_		_	
2030-2034				-		-		_		_		_	
Total	\$	3,420,000	\$	569,021	\$	1,199,829	\$	212,422	\$	2,080,188	\$	94,602	
Due within one year	\$	425,000	\$	146,613	\$	109,038	\$	39,620	\$	506,192	\$	37,506	
Due after one year		2,995,000		422,408		1,090,791		172,802		1,573,996		57,096	
Total		3,420,000	\$	569,021	\$	1,199,829	\$	212,422	\$	2,080,188	\$	94,602	
Premium on refunding		273,602											
Total	\$	3,693,602											
				Business Type	Activ								
Year Ending		•	al lease			Capita				_			
June 30,		Bank of Am	nerica Le	easing		Municipal Fina	nce Co	orporation		То	tal		
		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2020	\$	156,284	\$	57,210	\$	36,641	\$	106,273	\$	1,272,241	\$	387,222	
2021		163,678		49,816		54,578		104,621		1,286,474		347,812	
2022		171,421		42,075		68,925		102,192		1,346,618		301,963	
2023		179,530		33,964		81,815		99,378		1,406,043		253,738	
2024		188,023		25,471		95,681		95,987		918,387		203,171	
2025-2029		403,150		23,836		724,918		408,135		2,833,984		531,097	
2030-2034		-		-		1,256,608		220,449		1,256,608		220,449	
2035-2039				-		451,503		12,408		451,503		12,408	
Total	\$	1,262,086	\$	232,372	\$	2,770,669	\$	1,149,443	\$	10,771,858	\$	2,257,860	
Premium on refunding										234,516			
Total									\$	11,006,374			
Due within one year	\$	156,284	\$	57,210	\$	36,641	\$	106,273	\$	1,272,241	\$	387,222	
Due after one year		1,105,802		175,162		2,734,028		1,043,170		9,734,133		1,870,638	
Total	\$	1,262,086	\$	232,372	\$	2,770,669	\$	1,149,443	\$	11,006,374	\$	2,257,860	

City of Grass Valley, California Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2019

8. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net Position

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	48,484,973	\$ 32,338,891	\$ 80,823,864		
Restricted		3,460,568	636,969	4,097,537		
Unrestricted		5,678,248	8,091,894	13,770,142		
Total	\$	57,623,789	\$ 41,067,754	\$ 98,691,543		

• Restricted balances are for the same purposes as fund balance restrictions because external restriction requirements are the same. See descriptions on the top of Page 72.

8. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES, Continued

Fund Balances

Nonspendable and Restricted fund balances consisted of the following at June 30, 2019:

Nonspendable:	
General fund	\$ 1,909
HOME grant special revenue fund	4,270,278
Block grant special revenue funds	1,535,611
Housing special revenue funds	4,008,394
Total Nonspendable	\$ 9,816,192
Restricted:	
Governmental funds:	
General Fund	1,631,530
Special revenue funds	
Gas tax	1,263,817
Maintenance District Funds	121,666
Block Grant Funds	60,876
Housing Funds	262,446
Elizabeth Daniels	91,583
Animal shelter	28,650
Total Restricted	3,460,568
<u>Assigned</u>	5,166,992
Unassigned:	
General Fund	12,434,411
Capital Projects	(2,432,372)
Unassigned (deficit)	(23,863)
Total Unassigned	9,978,176
Total Fund Balance	\$ 28,421,928

The following describes the purpose of each nonspendable and restricted category used by the City:

Nonspendable

- General Fund used to segregate that portion of fund balance to indicate that prepaid amounts do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are components of assets
- **HOME Grant** represents nonspendable amounts classified as notes receivable.
- Special Projects represents nonspendable amounts classified as prepaid items.
- **Block Grant** represents nonspendable amounts classified as notes receivable.

8. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES, Continued

Nonspendable, Continued

 Housing – represents amounts restricted for the City's HOME revolving loan program and CDBG housing activities as these programs are supported by specific grants requiring the restriction.

Restricted

- General Fund represents amounts restricted for debt covenant and contract.
- Gas Tax represents amounts restricted for street purposes by the California Streets and Highways Code.
- Maintenance District represents amounts restricted for use on the Maintenance District.
- **Block Grant** represents amounts restricted for special purposes per grant directive.
- **Housing** represents amounts restricted for the City's HOME revolving loan program and CDBG housing activities as these programs are supported by specific grants requiring the restriction.
- Elizabeth Daniels represents amounts restricted for a special purpose.
- Animal Shelter represents amounts restricted for a special purpose.

Fund Balance Deficits

Deficit fund balances consisted of the following:

Major Funds:

Capital Projects	\$ (2,432,372)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
EPA Brownfield	(22,224)
Block Grant Funds	(1,639)

The above deficit fund balances have occurred due to the spending of funds prior to the receipt of revenues (cost reimbursements). The Fund balances will be restored in the near future as revenues are received.

8. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES, Continued

Excess of Expenditures and Transfers over Appropriations:

Expenditures and transfers exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2019, for the following funds:

Fund	Ap	Final Appropriations		Expenditures and Transfers		Excess
Major Funds						
General Fund	\$	13,747,613	\$	15,605,795	\$	(1,858,182)
Nonmajor Funds						
Special Revenue Funds:						
Traffic Safety		162,000		204,747		(42,747)
Downtown Assessment		62,254		65,400		(3,146)
EPA Brownfield*		-		159,591		(159,591)
Morgan Ranch Improvement District		20,132		23,969		(3,837)
CDBG Revolving*		10,000		10,717		(717)

^{*} Indicates Fund is not budgeted

9. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Due to and from balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Due to and due from other funds consisted of the following as of June 30, 2019:

	Due from		Due to	
	C	other Funds	Other Funds	
Governmental Funds				
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$	2,043,917	\$	-
Capital Projects Fund				1,926,453
Total Major Funds	2,043,917		1,926,453	
Non-major Funds:				
EPA Brownfield				117,464
Total Non-major Funds				117,464
Total Governmental Funds	2,043,917			2,043,917
Total	\$ 2,043,917		\$	2,043,917

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

9. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, Continued

Transfers consisted of the following at June 30, 2019:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
Governmental Funds	•			
Major Funds:				
General fund	\$	3,000	\$	452,272
Capital projects		1,581,138		192,188
Special projects		<u>-</u>		202,057
Total major funds		1,584,138		846,517
Non-major Funds:	<u></u>	_		
Special Revenue Funds				
Gas tax		-		299,184
Traffic safety		100,000		-
Impact fees		-		360,166
Block grant funds		45,254		12,299
Housing funds		270,598		303,553
Total non-major funds Special Revenue Funds		415,852		975,202
Total Governmental Funds		1,999,990		1,821,719
Proprietary Funds				
Major Enterprise Funds:				
Water		92,188		126,372
Sewer		100,000		244,087
Total Proprietary Funds		192,188		370,459
Total Transfers	\$	2,192,178	\$	2,192,178

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, reimbursement of various City operations and re-allocations of special revenues.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities to participate in the Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California (PARSAC) for general liability, auto liability, and errors and omissions purposes. PARSAC is a public entity risk pool which serves as a common risk management and insurance program for 37 member cities. The City pays an annual premium to PARSAC for its insurance coverage. The agreements with PARSAC provide that they will be self sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for excess coverage.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance in any of the past three fiscal years. There is no claims liability to be reported based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Program & Coverage Limits	Coverage Provider	Payment Source
General & Auto Liability Claims:		
\$975,000 per occurrence excess of	PARSAC	City Funds
Member's \$25,000 retention		
Workers' Compensation Claims:		
\$475,000 excess of Member's	PARSAC	City Funds
\$25,000 retention		
All-Risk Property Insurance Claims:	Various Providers	City Funds
\$1,000,000,000 per occurrence,		
\$5,000 deductible		

11. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions - All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CaIPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety - Police
	Prior to	Prior to
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	3% @ 50
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	50
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	3.00%
Required employee contribution rates	8%	9%
Required employer contribution rates	9.67%	18.524%
	PEPRA	
	Miscellaneous	Tier 2 Safety - Police
	On or after	Prior to
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 62	3% @ 55
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	52 - 67	50
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.0% to 2.5%	3.00%
Required employee contribution rates	6.250%	9%
Required employer contribution rates	6.237%	16.523%

Plan provisions, Continued

	Fire Safety	PEPRA - Fire Safety
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.00%	2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9%	11.50%
Required employer contribution rates	16.523%	11.153%
	PEPRA - Police	
	Safety	
	On or after	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 - 57	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	
Required employee contribution rates	11.50%	
Required employer contribution rates	11.530%	

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CaIPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	Miscellaneous		Sat	fety - Police
Contributions - employer	\$	814,931	\$	1,035,238

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2019, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

	Prop	Proportionate Share			
	of Net Pension Liabilit				
Miscellaneous	\$ 10,085,16				
Safety - Police		8,880,045			
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	18,965,213			

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2019 was as follows:

		Safety -
	Miscellaneous	Police
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.25883%	0.14705%
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.26760%	0.15134%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00877%	0.00429%

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,783,155. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflow	
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Changes of Assumptions	\$	2,021,026	\$	399,332
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		577,752		132,401
Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings		109,981		-
Differences between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate				
Share of Contributions		-		659,399
Change in Employer's Proportion		354,736		250,459
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date		1,850,169		
Total	\$	4,913,664	\$	1,441,591

\$1,850,169 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and changes in proportions of contributions that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended							
30-Jun	Mi	Miscellaneous		Safety	Total		
2020	\$	702,965	\$	861,603	\$	1,564,568	
2021		321,963		517,811		839,774	
2022		(428,621)		(201,598)		(630,219)	
2023		(90,710)		(61,508)		(152,218)	
2024		-		-		-	
Thereafter						-	
		505,597		1,116,308	\$	1,621,905	

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions					
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal cost method				
Actuarial assumptions:					
Discount rate	7.15%				
Inflation	2.75%				
Salary increases	Varies by entry age and service				
Mortality Rate Table	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funs				
Post-retirement benefit increase	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until purchasing power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.75% thereafter.				

The underlying mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. The tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Taking into account historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the Board effective on July 1, 2014.

Asset Class	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ¹	Real Return Year 11+ ²
Global Equity	47.0%	4.90%	5.38%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.80%	2.27%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.60%	1.39%
Private Equity	12.0%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.0%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0%	3.90%	5.36%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-90.00%

- (1) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (2) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease		D	Discount Rate		1% Increas	
		(6.15%)		(7.15%)		(8.15%)	
Net Pension Liability as of							
June 30, 2018							
Miscellaneous	\$	14,888,455	\$	10,085,168		\$	6,120,132
Safety - Police		13,881,247		8,880,045	_		4,782,456
Total	\$	28,769,702	\$	18,965,213		\$	10,902,588

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City contributes to California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administrator ("the Retiree Health Plan"). An employee is eligible for lifetime medical benefits under the Plan, along with his/her spouse at the time of retirement, if he or she retires from the City under CalPERS.

The City also provides additional benefits to long-service retirees who meet other age and/or service requirements. An employee cannot terminate service with the City before meeting the age condition and be entitled to receive benefits.

Funding Policy

The Minimum Employer Contribution, subject to adjustments per AB2544, is paid on behalf of eligible retirees by the City in accordance with PEMHCA requirements. Additionally, if an employee meets certain age and service conditions and until such time as the employee is eligible for Medicare or is hired and has healthcare coverage available from new employment, the City will contribution an amount (varying between \$250 and \$500, depending upon the individual's bargaining unit, date of hire and date of retirement) towards the cost of retiree medical coverage. The benefit amount is fixed for each employee at the date of his or her retirement. Different benefit amounts are payable to employees who retired prior to July 1, 2006.

12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, Continued

Employees Covered by benefit terms

At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees Receiving Benefits	44
Inactive Employees Entitled to But Not Receiving Benefits	13
Participating Active Employees	82
Total Number of participants	139

Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2018 based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	2.79% as of June 30, 2019
	2.92% as of June 30, 2018
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	3.25% per annum
Mortality Rate	MacLeod Watts Scale 2017 applied generationally from 2008
Pre-Retirement Turnover (1)	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds
Healthcare Trend Rate	7.50% in 2019 decreasing to 5.00% in 2024 and later

⁽¹⁾ The pre-retirement turnover information was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. For more details, please refer to the 2007 to 2011 Experience Study Report. The Experience Study Report may be accessed on the CalPERS website www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.79 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, Continued

Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	otal OPEB Liability	duciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability
Balance at 6/30/2018*	\$ 6,598,296	\$ -	\$ 6,598,296
Changes for the year			
Service Cost	412,855	-	412,855
Interest Cost	202,213	-	202,213
Expected Investment Income	-	-	-
Employer Contributions	-	172,147	(172,147)
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(172,147)	(172,147)	-
Assumption chagnes	129,461	-	129,461
Plan experience	-		
Recognized deferred resources	-		
Employer contributions in fiscal year	-	-	-
Net Changes	572,382	-	572,382
Balance at 6/30/2019*	\$ 7,170,678	\$ -	\$ 7,170,678

^{*}May include a slight rounding error

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The discount rate used for the fiscal year end 2019 is 2.79%. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2019:

	1%	Decrease	Cur	rent Rate	1%	Increase	
Change in Discount Rate		1.79%		2.79%		3.79%	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	8.291,375	\$	7,170,678	\$	6,257,122	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2019:

Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	19	6 Decrease	Cu	rrent Trend	1% Increase		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	6,102,842	\$	7,170,678	\$	8,536,135	

12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, Continued

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan	5 years
investments	
All other amounts	Expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) (6.0 Years at June 30, 2017)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$653,113. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					
				d Inflows		
				sources		
Changes in assumptions	\$	259,266		-		
Total	\$	259,266	\$	-		

Future recognition of these deferred resources is shown below.

		Deferred			
Fiscal Year Ended	Outflow/(Inflows) of				
June 30,	Resources				
2020	\$	38,045			
2021		38,045			
2022		38,045			
2023		38,045			
2024		38,045			
Thereafter		69,042			

13. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 (Bill) that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Grass Valley that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On February 1, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012. Prior to that date, the final seven months of the activity of the redevelopment agency continued to be reported in the governmental funds of the City included in the fund financial statements as Former Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund and Low/Moderate Income Housing Fund.

13. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

After the date of dissolution, the assets and activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City. The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency as of February 1, 2012, (effectively the same date as January 31, 2012) from governmental funds of the City to fiduciary funds was reported in the governmental funds as an extraordinary loss (or gain) in the governmental fund financial statements. The receipt of these assets and liabilities as of January 31, 2012, was reported in the private-purpose trust fund as an extraordinary gain (or loss).

Because of the different measurement focus of the governmental funds (*current financial resources measurement focus*) and the measurement focus of the trust funds (*economic resources measurement focus*), the extraordinary loss (gain) recognized in the governmental funds was not the same amount as the extraordinary gain (loss) that was recognized in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

Loans receivable

The Agency has made loans to qualifying participants within the City of Grass Valley to provide housing to low and moderate income participants and to provide assistance to entities within the redevelopment area.

At June 30, 2019, loans receivable consisted of the following:

	Beginning July 1, 2018			Additions Deletions			Ending June 30, 2019	
	July 1, 2016			Additions		Detetions		110 30, 2017
Redevelopment Housing:								
Springhill Garden Apts	\$	709,000	\$	18,000	\$	(5,000)	\$	722,000
Valley Commons		264,850		7,447		(5,000)		267,297
Redevelopment Projects (Non-Housing):								
Center for the Arts		27,610		-		(10,000)		17,610
Total loans receivable	\$	1,001,460	\$	25,447	\$	(20,000)	\$	1,006,907

Redevelopment Housing:

On October 1, 2008, The City of Grass Valley Redevelopment Agency entered into an agreement with Springhill Gardens Associates, L.P to provide a \$600,000 loan for the development of Springhill Garden Apartments. The loan bears an interest rate of 3% and is payable in annual installments commencing in 2011 until January 15, 2040.

Valley Commons loan dated March 10, 2011, payable in annual installments commencing in 2017, with an interest rate of 3% and maturity in 30 years.

13. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

Redevelopment Projects

Center for the Arts loan dated January 14, 2011, payable in annual installments commencing September 1, 2011, with an interest rate of 2% and maturity on September 1, 2016.

Long-term Liabilities

The Agency generally incurs debt to finance projects or purchase assets, which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt. The Agency's debt issue and transactions related to governmental activities are summarized below and discussed in detail subsequently.

		Balance						Balance		ae within
	Jı	July 1, 2018		Additions Retirement		etirements	June 30, 2019			ne year
2002 ABAG Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	680,000	\$	-	\$	(70,000)	\$	610,000	\$	75,000
2014 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds		5,340,000		-		(190,000)		5,150,000		190,000
2010 Tax Allocation Bonds		2,860,000				(65,000)		2,795,000		70,000
Less: Discount		(140,490)		-		7,661		(132,829)		(7,661)
Total governmental activities	\$	8,739,510	\$	-	\$	(317,339)	\$	8,422,171	\$	327,339

Association of Bay Area Governments Lease Revenue Bonds, issued on January 1, 2002, in the amount of \$1,470,000 and payable in annual installments of \$35,000 to \$100,000, with an interest rate of 3.00% to 5.00% and maturity on December 1, 2025. The bonds were used to advance refund the 1995 tax allocation bonds used to purchase Grass Valley Memorial Park and Police Facilities.

2014 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds was issued on December 1, 2014 in the amount of \$6,005,000. The 2014 bonds bear interest rates in the range of 2.00% to 4.375% per annum and interest is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2017. Principal is payable in annual installments starting from December 1, 2017 in amounts ranging from \$150,000 to \$605,000. The bonds will mature on December 1, 2038. The bonds were used to defease the outstanding 2008 Tax Allocation Bonds.

2010 Tax Allocation Bonds, issued on April 14, 2010, in the amount of \$3,170,000 and payable in annual installments of \$60,000 to \$300,000, with an interest rate of 3.00% to 5.25% and maturity on December 1, 2034. The bonds were used to refund the 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds.

13. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

2014 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

Future debt service for Fiduciary Activities at June 30, 2019, is as follows:

2002 ABAG Lease Revenue Bonds

June 30,		Principal Principal		Interest		Principal		Discount	8 -	Interest		
tune 50,		Timorpui		<u> </u>		Timerpur		Discount		merest		
2020		75,000		25,625		190,000		(3,416)		230,238		
2021		80,000		24,750		200,000		(3,416)		224,388		
2022		85,000		20,625		205,000		(3,416)		218,313		
2023		85,000		16,375		210,000		(3,416)		211,956		
2024		90,000		12,000		215,000		(3,416)		205,047		
2025-2029		195,000		9,875		860,000		(17,080)		911,850		
2030-2034		-		-		825,000		(17,080)		733,156		
2035-2039		-		-		2,445,000		(13,654)		358,109		
2040-2044				_		-						
	\$	610,000	\$	109,250	\$	5,150,000	\$	(64,894)	\$	3,093,057		
5 141	Φ.	75.000	Φ.	25.625	Φ.	100.000	Φ.	(2.416)	Φ	220 220		
Due within one year	\$	75,000	\$	25,625	\$	190,000	\$	(3,416)	\$	230,238		
Due after one year	•	535,000	Φ.	83,625	Φ.	4,960,000	•	(61,478)	Φ.	2,862,819		
	\$	610,000	\$	109,250	\$	5,150,000	\$	(64,894)	\$	3,093,057		
		201	0 Т., /	11	J.,					Tatala		
			2010 Tax Allocation Bond				Dringing!		Totals			
Juna 20	-				as	Interest		Dringing!				Interest
June 30,		Principal		Discount		Interest		Principal		Discount		Interest
June 30,						Interest 138,844	\$	Principal 335,000			<u> </u>	<u>Interest</u> 394,707
		Principal		Discount (4,245)				•		Discount	\$	
2020		Principal 70,000		Discount		138,844		335,000		Discount (7,661)	\$	394,707
2020 2021		70,000 70,000		(4,245) (4,246)		138,844 135,867		335,000 350,000		Discount (7,661) (7,662)	\$	394,707 385,005
2020 2021 2022		70,000 70,000 75,000		(4,245) (4,246) (4,246)		138,844 135,867 132,650		335,000 350,000 365,000		(7,661) (7,662) (7,662)	\$	394,707 385,005 371,588
2020 2021 2022 2023		70,000 70,000 70,000 75,000 80,000		(4,245) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246)		138,844 135,867 132,650 129,063		335,000 350,000 365,000 375,000		(7,661) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662)	\$	394,707 385,005 371,588 357,394
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024		70,000 70,000 75,000 80,000 80,000		(4,245) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246)		138,844 135,867 132,650 129,063 125,263		335,000 350,000 365,000 375,000 385,000		(7,661) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662)	\$	394,707 385,005 371,588 357,394 342,310
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029		70,000 70,000 75,000 80,000 80,000 820,000		(4,245) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (21,230)		138,844 135,867 132,650 129,063 125,263 536,306		335,000 350,000 365,000 375,000 385,000 1,875,000		(7,661) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (38,310)	\$	394,707 385,005 371,588 357,394 342,310 1,458,031
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034		70,000 70,000 75,000 80,000 80,000 820,000 1,300,000		(4,245) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (21,230) (21,230)		138,844 135,867 132,650 129,063 125,263 536,306 255,250		335,000 350,000 365,000 375,000 385,000 1,875,000 2,125,000		(7,661) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (38,310) (38,310)	\$	394,707 385,005 371,588 357,394 342,310 1,458,031 988,406
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2039	\$	70,000 70,000 75,000 80,000 80,000 820,000 1,300,000		(4,245) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (21,230) (21,230)	\$	138,844 135,867 132,650 129,063 125,263 536,306 255,250		335,000 350,000 365,000 375,000 385,000 1,875,000 2,125,000	\$	(7,661) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (38,310) (38,310)	\$	394,707 385,005 371,588 357,394 342,310 1,458,031 988,406
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044	\$	70,000 70,000 70,000 75,000 80,000 80,000 820,000 1,300,000 300,000 - 2,795,000	\$	(4,245) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (21,230) (21,230) (4,246)	\$	138,844 135,867 132,650 129,063 125,263 536,306 255,250 7,875	\$	335,000 350,000 365,000 375,000 385,000 1,875,000 2,125,000 2,745,000	\$	(7,661) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (38,310) (38,310) (17,900)	\$	394,707 385,005 371,588 357,394 342,310 1,458,031 988,406 365,984
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044 Due within one year		Principal 70,000 70,000 75,000 80,000 80,000 820,000 1,300,000 - 2,795,000 70,000		(4,245) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (21,230) (21,230) (4,246) (67,935)		138,844 135,867 132,650 129,063 125,263 536,306 255,250 7,875 - 1,461,118	\$	335,000 350,000 365,000 375,000 385,000 1,875,000 2,125,000 2,745,000 		(7,661) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (38,310) (38,310) (17,900) (132,829)		394,707 385,005 371,588 357,394 342,310 1,458,031 988,406 365,984 - 4,663,425
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044 Due within one year Due after one year	\$	Principal 70,000 70,000 75,000 80,000 80,000 1,300,000 1,300,000 - 2,795,000 70,000 2,725,000	\$	(4,245) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (21,230) (21,230) (4,246) (67,935) (4,245) (63,690)	\$	138,844 135,867 132,650 129,063 125,263 536,306 255,250 7,875 - 1,461,118 138,844 1,322,274	\$	335,000 350,000 365,000 375,000 385,000 1,875,000 2,125,000 2,745,000 	\$	(7,661) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (38,310) (38,310) (17,900) - (132,829) (7,661) (125,168)	\$	394,707 385,005 371,588 357,394 342,310 1,458,031 988,406 365,984 - 4,663,425 394,707 4,268,718
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044 Due within one year	\$	Principal 70,000 70,000 75,000 80,000 80,000 820,000 1,300,000 - 2,795,000 70,000	\$	(4,245) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (21,230) (21,230) (4,246) (67,935)	\$	138,844 135,867 132,650 129,063 125,263 536,306 255,250 7,875 - 1,461,118	\$	335,000 350,000 365,000 375,000 385,000 1,875,000 2,125,000 2,745,000 	\$	(7,661) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (38,310) (38,310) (17,900) (132,829)	\$	394,707 385,005 371,588 357,394 342,310 1,458,031 988,406 365,984 - 4,663,425
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044 Due within one year Due after one year	\$	Principal 70,000 70,000 75,000 80,000 80,000 1,300,000 1,300,000 - 2,795,000 70,000 2,725,000	\$	(4,245) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (4,246) (21,230) (21,230) (4,246) (67,935) (4,245) (63,690)	\$	138,844 135,867 132,650 129,063 125,263 536,306 255,250 7,875 - 1,461,118 138,844 1,322,274	\$	335,000 350,000 365,000 375,000 385,000 1,875,000 2,125,000 2,745,000 	\$	(7,661) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (7,662) (38,310) (38,310) (17,900) - (132,829) (7,661) (125,168)	\$	394,707 385,005 371,588 357,394 342,310 1,458,031 988,406 365,984 - 4,663,425 394,707 4,268,718

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The City is involved in litigation incurred in the normal course of conducting City business. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Grants and Allocations

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Commitments

The City had no significant unexpended contractual commitments as of June 30, 2019.

15. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB has issued Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This statement had no effect on these financial statements.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2020.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset.

15. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS, CONTINUED

Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This statement had no effect on these financial statements.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 90, "Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2020.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2022.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Grass Valley, California

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

for the Measurement Periods Ended June 30,

		2019		2018		
Total OPEB Liability			_			
Service Cost	\$	412,855	\$	381,204		
Interest on the total OPEB liability		202,213		197,059		
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		
Benefit payments		(172,147)		(170,170)		
Changes in assumptions		129,461		190,502		
Net change in total OPEB liability		572,382		598,595		
Total OPEB liability - beginning		6,598,296		5,999,700		
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	7,170,678	\$	6,598,295		
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	172,147	\$	170,170		
Net investment income		-		-		
Benefit payments		172,147		(170,170)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		344,294		-		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-		-		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	-	\$	-		
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,170,678	\$	6,598,295		
Covered payroll	\$	7,095,244	\$	6,726,880		
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1	01.06%	98.09%			

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ GASB 75 requires presentation of the 10-year history of changes in the Net OPEB Liability. More years will be presented in the future

City of Grass Valley, California Required Supplementary Information - Net OPEB Liability Schedule of Contributions June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 2019	2018		
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$ 172,147	\$	170,170	
Contributions in relation to the ADC	 172,147		170,170	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	
Covered payroll	7,095,244		6,726,880	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.43%		2.53%	

Notes to Schedule

1)GASB 75 requires presentation of the 10-year history of changes in the Net OPEB Liability. More years will be presented in the future.

City of Grass Valley, California

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions Miscellaneous Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018		2017		2016
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	814,931	\$ 632,072	\$	606,756
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(814,931)	(632,072)		(606,756)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ 	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,711,644	\$ 2,773,466	\$	2,845,140
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		30.05%	22.79%		21.33%

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{* -} Due to a change in CalPERS reporting information, only 2016 was available. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

City of Grass Valley, California Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions Safety Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2018	2017		2016	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,035,238	\$	910,702	\$	821,329
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	_	(1,035,238)		(910,702)		(821,329)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,240,879	\$	2,902,953	\$	2,575,241
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		31.94%		31.37%		31.89%

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{* -} Due to a change in CalPERS reporting information, only 2016 was available. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

City of Grass Valley, California

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Miscellaneous Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2018	 2017	 2016
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	0.26760%	0.25883%	0.25637%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 10,085,168	\$ 10,203,070	\$ 8,905,897
Plan's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,711,644	\$ 2,773,466	\$ 2,845,140
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	371.92%	367.88%	313.02%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	71.60%	70.80%	72.46%
Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contribution	\$ 968,405	\$ 935,959	\$ 872,750

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{* -} Due to a change in CalPERS reporting information, only 2016 was available. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

City of Grass Valley, California

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Safety - Police

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2018	 2017	 2016
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	0.15134%	0.14705%	0.14610%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 8,880,045	\$ 8,786,698	\$ 7,567,090
Plan's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 3,240,879	\$ 2,902,953	\$ 2,575,241
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	274.00%	302.68%	293.84%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	75.52%	73.59%	74.20%
Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contribution	\$ 1,155,840	\$ 845,039	\$ 752,078

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{* -} Due to a change in CalPERS reporting information, only 2016 was available. Additional years will be presented as they become available.



COMBINING A	ND INDIVIDUAL FU	ND STATEMENTS	AND SCHEDULES



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Fund Type	Description						
Special Revenue	These funds account specific revenues that are legally or otherwise restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.						
Permanent	These funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used to support the City's programs.						

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		Governm	unds				
		Special	P	ermanent	Non-Major		
	Re	venue Funds		Funds	F	unds Totals	
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	4,923,937	\$	129,942	\$	5,053,879	
Receivables:							
Taxes		3,327		-		3,327	
Intergovernmental		161,029		-		161,029	
Loans/Notes receivable		5,472,434				5,472,434	
Total assets	\$	10,560,727	\$	129,942	\$	10,690,669	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	82,770	\$	-	\$	82,770	
Due to other funds		117,464		_		117,464	
Total liabilities		200,234		-		200,234	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		5,544,005		-		5,544,005	
Restricted		1,708,805		120,233		1,829,038	
Assigned		3,131,546		9,709		3,141,255	
Unassigned (deficit)		(23,863)				(23,863)	
Total fund balances		10,360,493		129,942		10,490,435	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	10,560,727	\$	129,942	\$	10,690,669	

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Governme				
		Special		rmanent	Non-Major Funds Totals	
DEMONITE	Reve	nue Funds]	Funds		
REVENUES:	\$	479,140	\$		\$	479,140
Taxes and assessments Fines and forfeitures	Φ	39,637	Φ	-	Ф	39,637
Intergovernmental		791,102		-		791,102
Use of money and property		232,122		3,850		235,972
Charges for services		33,450		5,650		33,450
Other revenues		34,480		-		34,480
Total revenues		1,609,931		3,850		1,613,781
EXPENDITURES:				_		
Current:						
General government		159,591		_		159,591
Public safety		245,592		_		245,592
Public ways and facilities		69,941		_		69,941
Community development		87,539		_		87,539
Total expenditures		591,763		_		591,763
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,018,168		3,850		1,022,018
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		415,852		-		415,852
Transfers out		(975,202)		_		(975,202)
Total other financing						
sources (uses)		(559,350)		-		(559,350)
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER		450.010		2.050		462.660
FINANCING (USES)		458,818		3,850		462,668
FUND BALANCES:						10.025.55
Beginning of year		9,901,675		126,092		10,027,767
End of year	\$	10,360,493	\$	129,942	\$	10,490,435



NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Fund	Description
Gas Tax Funds	Accounts for funds received and expended for street maintenance purposes as defined in Sections 2105, 2106, 2107, and 2107.5 of the Streets and Highway Code.
Traffic Safety	Accounts for revenue received for the City's programs associated with the maintenance of equipment and supplies for traffic law enforcement and traffic accident prevention.
DUI Grant	Accounts for revenues received for the State DUI grant related to prevention programs.
SB325	Accounts for funds received and expended for transportation purposes as a result of Senate Bill 325.
Developer Fees	Accounts for funds received as a result of development impact on City infrastructure and systems.
Downtown Assessment	Accounts for funds received to be utilized in the beautification and maintenance of the Downtown Assessment area.
Fire Reserve	Accounts for funds received related to fire equipment maintenance and replacement.
Parks and Recreation	Accounts for fees collected for parks and recreation programs.
EPA Brownfield	Accounts for funds received and expended on an approved project.
	(continued)

(continued)

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, Continued

Fund	Description							
Maintenance District Funds:	Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the repairs and maintenance of landscaping, lighting and infrastructure within the District boundaries.							
Whispering Pines Improvement District - Landscape and Lighting Litton - Landscape and Lighting								
Morgan Ranch Improvement District - Landscape and Lighting								
Morgan Ranch Assessment District 2003-1								
Morgan Ranch West Landscape and Lighting No 1988-2 Annex								
Ventana Sierra								
Scotia Pines								
Block Grant Funds:	Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with block grant programs.							
CDBG								
CDBG Revolving								
Revolving Loan								
04-STBG 1960								
86-STBG 217								
91-STBG 467								
95-STBG 897								
97-STBG 1118								
99-STBG 1362 H-RLF Woodstove								
CDBG Doris Dr								
CDBG Housing								
CDBG Housing								
Housing Funds:	Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with HOME grant programs.							
HOME Grant								
09-HOME 6272								
99-HOME 0369								
Housing Rehabilitation								
00-HOME 0461	(concluded)							



City of Grass Valley, California Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

ASSETS	 Gas Tax	Traffic Safety	DU	Л Grant
Cash and investments	\$ 1,221,136	\$ 28,193	\$	6,731
Receivables: Taxes	_	_		_
Intergovernmental	42,681	1,954		-
Loans/Notes receivable	 	 		
Total assets	\$ 1,263,817	\$ 30,147	\$	6,731
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 12,364	\$	-
Due to other funds Due to other governments	-	-		-
Deferred revenue	- -	- -		-
Compensated absences	 	 		
Total liabilities	 	 12,364		
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	-	-		-
Restricted Committed	1,263,817	-		-
Assigned	-	17,783		6,731
Unassigned (deficit)	 			-
Total fund balances	1,263,817	17,783		6,731
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,263,817	\$ 30,147	\$	6,731

	Impact Fees		owntown ssessment		Fire Reserve	Bı	EPA rownfield		
\$	3,019,031	\$	27,563	\$	\$ 101,423		\$ 101,423		_
	- - -		0 -		- - -		- 116,394 -		
\$	3,019,031	\$	27,563	\$	101,423	\$	116,394		
\$	13,703	\$	25,000		2,282	\$	21,154		
φ	-	Ψ	-			Ψ	117,464		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	13,703		25,000		2,282		138,618		
	_		_		_				
	-		-		_		_		
	3,005,328		2,563		99,141 -		(22,224)		
	3,005,328		2,563		99,141		(22,224)		
\$	3,019,031	\$	27,563	\$	101,423	\$	116,394		

(continued)

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, continued June 30, 2019

		Maintenance District Funds		Block Grant Funds		Housing Funds		Totals
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	125,561	\$	130,808	\$	263,491	\$	4,923,937
Receivables:		2 227						2 227
Taxes Intergovernmental		3,327		-		-		3,327 161,029
Loans/Notes receivable		-		1,464,040		4,008,394		5,472,434
Total assets	\$	128,888	\$	1,594,848	\$	4,271,885	\$	10,560,727
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	7,222	\$	-	\$	1,045	\$	82,770
Due to other funds		-		-		-		117,464
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		=		-		-		-
Compensated absences	-		-					
Total liabilities		7,222				1,045		200,234
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		1,535,611		4,008,394		5,544,005
Restricted		121,666		60,876		262,446		1,708,805
Committed Assigned		=		-		-		3,131,546
Unassigned (deficit)		-		(1,639)		-		(23,863)
Total fund balances		121,666		1,594,848		4,270,840		10,360,493
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	128,888	\$	1,594,848	\$	4,271,885	\$	10,560,727

(concluded)



City of Grass Valley, California Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

		G . T		Traffic	DI	
REVENUES:		Gas Tax		Safety	DU	I Grant
Taxes and assessments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Licenses and permits	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Fines and forfeitures		-		39,637		_
Intergovernmental		580,770		-		1
Use of money and property		31,719		1,275		-
Charges for services		-		-		-
Reimbursements		-		-		-
Other revenues				25,010		
Total revenues		612,489		65,922		1
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		-		-		-
Public safety		-		204,747		-
Public ways and facilities		-		-		=
Community development Capital outlay		-		-		-
•						-
Total expenditures				204,747		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		612,489		(138,825)		1
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		_		100,000		_
Transfers out		(299,184)				
Total other financing sources and uses		(299,184)		100,000		-
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		313,305		(38,825)		1
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):		0.50 - 1.5				.
Beginning of year		950,512		56,608		6,730
End of year	\$	1,263,817	\$	17,783	\$	6,731

Impact	Downtown	Fire	EPA
 Fees	Assessment	 Reserve	Brownfield
\$ 350,207	\$ 63,147	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-
-	-	40,692	169,639
86,186	422	2,521	-
33,450	-	-	_
-	-	9,470	-
 469,843	63,569	 52,683	169,639
			150 501
_	-	40,845	159,591
_	_		_
-	65,400	-	-
		 	29,100
 	65,400	40,845	188,691
460.042	(1.021)	11.020	(10.052)
 469,843	(1,831)	 11,838	(19,052)
-	-	0	-
 (360,166)		 	
(360,166)	-	-	-
109,677	(1,831)	11,838	(19,052)
 2,895,651	4,394	87,303	(3,172)
\$ 3,005,328	\$ 2,563	\$ 99,141	\$ (22,224)

(continued)

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, continued For the year ended June 30, 2019

		nintenance District Funds	В	lock Grant Funds		Housing Funds		Totals
REVENUES:	¢	(5.70(¢		¢		¢	470 140
Taxes and assessments Licenses and permits	\$	65,786	\$	-	\$	-	\$	479,140
Fines and forfeitures		-		=		-		39,637
Intergovernmental		_		_		_		791,102
Use of money and property		3,692		17,588		88,719		232,122
Charges for services		- 5,072		-		00,717		33,450
Reimbursements		_		_		_		-
Other revenues		_		-		-		34,480
Total revenues		69,478		17,588		88,719		1,609,931
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
General government		=		-		-		159,591
Public safety		-		-		-		245,592
Public ways and facilities		69,941		=		-		69,941
Community development		-		11,458		10,681		87,539
Capital outlay								29,100
Total expenditures		69,941		11,458		10,681		591,763
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(463)		6,130		78,038		1,018,168
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		_		45,254		270,598		415,852
Transfers out		_		(12,299)		(303,553)		(975,202)
Total other financing				() /		())		()
sources and uses		-		32,955		(32,955)		(559,350)
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		(463)		39,085		45,083		458,818
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):								
Beginning of year		122,129		1,555,763		4,225,757		9,901,675
End of year	\$	121,666	\$	1,594,848	\$	4,270,840	\$	10,360,493

(concluded)

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amo				Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)		
DEVENHER		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES:	¢.	1 207 200	¢.	1 207 200	Φ	500 770	¢.	(705 (10)	
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	1,286,380 5,000	\$	1,286,380 5,000	\$	580,770 31,719	\$	(705,610) 26,719	
Total revenues		1,291,380		1,291,380		612,489		(678,891)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Public ways and facilities		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay									
Total expenditures									
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES		1,291,380		1,291,380		612,489		(678,891)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers out		(1,888,909)		(1,888,909)		(299,184)		1,589,725	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,888,909)		(1,888,909)		(299,184)		1,589,725	
Net change in fund balances		(597,529)		(597,529)		313,305		910,834	
FUND BALANCES:									
Beginning of year		950,512		950,512		950,512		_	
End of year	\$	352,983	\$	352,983	\$	1,263,817	\$	910,834	

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Variance w/Final Positive		
	(Original		Final	Actual	(]	Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$ 39,637	\$	(10,363)	
Use of money and property					 1,275		1,275	
Total revenues		50,000		50,000	 40,912		(9,088)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public safety		162,000		162,000	204,747		(42,747)	
Total expenditures		162,000		162,000	 204,747		(42,747)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(112,000)		(112,000)	 (163,835)		(51,835)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		100,000		100,000	 100,000			
Total other financing sources (uses)		100,000		100,000	 100,000			
Net change in fund balances		(12,000)		(12,000)	(63,835)		(51,835)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year		56,608		56,608	 56,608		_	
End of year	\$	44,608	\$	44,608	\$ (7,227)	\$	(51,835)	

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual DUI Grant Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted				Variance w/Final Positive		
	C	riginal]	Final		Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES:					-			
Intergovernmental	\$		\$		\$	1	\$	1
Total revenues						1_		1
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public safety		_		-		_		_
Total expenditures								
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		<u>-</u>		_		1_		1
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from sale of assets								
Total other financing sources (uses)				_				
Net change in fund balances		-		-		1		1
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year		6,730		6,730		6,730		
End of year	\$	6,730	\$	6,730	\$	6,731	\$	1

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual	 ance w/Final Positive Negative)
REVENUES:					
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 350,207	\$ 350,207
Use of money and property	 15,000		15,000	 86,186	71,186
Total revenues	 15,000		15,000	 436,393	 421,393
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Public safety	-		-	-	-
Capital outlay	 60,000		60,000		60,000
Total expenditures	 60,000		60,000	 	 60,000
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (45,000)		(45,000)	 436,393	481,393
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	 			_	_
Transfers in	-		-	-	-
Transfers out	 (1,427,112)		(1,427,112)	(360,166)	 1,066,946
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,427,112)		(1,427,112)	 (360, 166)	 1,066,946
Net change in fund balances	(1,472,112)		(1,472,112)	76,227	1,548,339
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year	2,895,651		2,895,651	 2,895,651	
End of year	\$ 1,423,539	\$	1,423,539	\$ 2,971,878	\$ 1,548,339

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Downtown Assessment Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amoun	ıts			nce w/Final ositive
	 Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES:	 					
Taxes and assessments	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$ 63,147	\$	3,147
Use of money and property	 			 422		422
Total revenues	 60,000		60,000	63,569		3,569
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Community development	62,254		62,254	 65,400		(3,146)
Total expenditures	 62,254		62,254	65,400		(3,146)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	 (2,254)		(2,254)	 (1,831)		423
Net change in fund balances	(2,254)		(2,254)	(1,831)		423
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year	 4,394		4,394	4,394		
End of year	\$ 2,140	\$	2,140	\$ 2,563	\$	423

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Fire Reserve Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	 Budgeted	l Amour	ats		Variance w/Final Positive	
	 Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 40,692	\$	40,692
Use of money and property	 75		75	 2,521		2,446
Total revenues	 75		75	 43,213		43,138
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Public safety	-		-	40,845		(40,845)
Total expenditures	_		_	40,845		(40,845)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 75		75	2,368		2,293
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in				0		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 			 		
Net change in fund balances	75		75	2,368		2,293
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year	 87,303		87,303	 87,303		
End of year	\$ 87,378	\$	87,378	\$ 89,671	\$	2,293

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual EPA Brownfield Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

			Variance w/Final Positive				
	O	riginal	Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	\$	_	\$ -	\$	169,639	\$	169,639
Use of money and property			 		_		
Total revenues			-		169,639		169,639
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government					159,591		(159,591)
Total expenditures			 -		159,591		(159,591)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>		10,048		10,048
Net change in fund balances		-	-		10,048		10,048
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):							
Beginning of year		(3,172)	 (3,172)		(3,172)		
End of year	\$	(3,172)	\$ (3,172)	\$	6,876	\$	10,048

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Balance Sheet Maintenance District Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

ASSETS	-	pering Pines		Litton ape & Lighting	Morgan Ranch Landscape & Lighting		
Cash and investments	\$	33,444	\$	20,897	\$	5,302	
Receivables:	Ψ	33,777	Ψ	20,877	Ψ	3,302	
Taxes		1,171		270		1,169	
Total assets	\$	34,615	\$	21,167	\$	6,471	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	688	\$	142	\$	527	
Due to other funds							
Deposits payable							
Deferred revenue		-		-		-	
Compensated absences							
Total liabilities		688		142		527	
Fund Balances:							
Restricted		33,927		21,025		5,944	
Total fund balances		33,927		21,025		5,944	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	34,615	\$	21,167	\$	6,471	

Asses	gan Ranch sment Dist 003-1	Asse	n Ranch West ssment Dist 2010-1	Morgan Ranch West Landscape & Lighting 1988-2 Annex		Ventana Sierra Scotia Pines		Totals	
\$	22,969	\$	14,305	\$	7,954	\$	8,996	\$ 11,694	\$ 125,561
	108		110		75_		239	185	3,327
\$	23,077	\$	14,415	\$	8,029	\$	9,235	\$ 11,879	\$ 128,888
\$	40 - -	\$	40 - -	\$	4 - -	\$	175 - -	\$ 5,606	\$ 7,222 - - - -
	40		40		4		175	 5,606	7,222
	23,037 23,037		14,375 14,375		8,025 8,025		9,060 9,060	 6,273 6,273	 121,666 121,666
\$	23,077	\$	14,415	\$	8,029	\$	9,235	\$ 11,879	\$ 128,888

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Maintenance District Special Revenue Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Whispering Pines Landscape & Lighting	Litton Landscape & Lighting	Morgan Ranch Landscape & Lighting		
REVENUES:					
Taxes and assessments	23,155	5,331	\$ 23,132		
Licenses and permits					
Fines and forfeitures					
Intergovernmental	0.50	5 00	1.50		
Use of money and property	972	708	153		
Charges for services	-	-	-		
Reimbursements Other revenues					
Other revenues					
Total revenues	24,127	6,039	23,285		
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Public ways and facilities	22,097	8,753	23,969		
Total expenditures	22,097	8,753	23,969		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	2,030	(2,714)	(684)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	-	-	-		
Transfers out	-	-	-		
Total other financing sources and uses	-	-	-		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER					
FINANCING (USES)	2,030	(2,714)	(684)		
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year	31,897	23,739	6,628		
End of year	\$ 33,927	\$ 21,025	\$ 5,944		

Asse	rgan Ranch ssment Dist 2003-1	Assessm	Morgan Ranch West Assessment Dist 2010-1		Morgan Ranch West Landscape & Lighting 1988-2 Annex		Ventana Sierra		Scotia Pines		Totals
\$	2,128	\$	2,175	\$	1,478		4,732	\$	3,655	\$	65,786
											-
	649		390		213		261		346		3,692
	-		-						-		-
	2,777		2,565		1,691		4,993		4,001		69,478
	,				,		, in the second		,		
	499		500		312		4,688		9,123		69,941
	499		500		312		4,688		9,123		69,941
	2,278		2,065		1,379		305		(5,122)		(463)
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				<u> </u>		
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	2,278		2,065		1,379		305		(5,122)		(463)
	20,759		12,310		6,646		8,755		11,395		122,129
\$	23,037	\$	14,375	\$	8,025	\$	9,060	\$	6,273	\$	121,666

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Whispering Pines Improvement District Landscape & Lighting Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	·	_					_
Taxes and assessments	\$	23,677	\$	23,677	\$ 23,155	\$	(522)
Use of money and property		65		65	 972		907
Total revenues		23,742		23,742	 24,127		385
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:		22.677		22 (77	22.007		11.500
Public ways and facilities		33,677		33,677	 22,097		11,580
Total expenditures		33,677		33,677	 22,097		11,580
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		(9,935)		(9,935)	 2,030		11,965
Net change in fund balances		(9,935)		(9,935)	2,030		11,965
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):							
Beginning of year		31,897		31,897	 31,897		
End of year	\$	21,962	\$	21,962	\$ 33,927	\$	11,965

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Litton Landscape & Lighting Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	 Budgeted		Actual		Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:	 Original	Final					
Taxes and assessments Use of money and property	\$ 5,330 25	\$	5,330 25	\$	5,331 708	\$	1 683
Total revenues	 5,355		5,355		6,039		684
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Public ways and facilities	23,630		23,630		8,753		14,877
Total expenditures	 23,630		23,630		8,753		14,877
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (18,275)		(18,275)		(2,714)		15,561
Net change in fund balances	(18,275)		(18,275)		(2,714)		15,561
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	 23,739		23,739		23,739		_
End of year	\$ 5,464	\$	5,464	\$	21,025	\$	15,561

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Morgan Ranch Improvement District Landscape & Lighting Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				 Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Taxes and assessments	\$	23,132	\$	23,132	\$ 23,132	\$	-
Use of money and property		25	1	25	153		128
Total revenues		23,157		23,157	 23,285		128
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Public ways and facilities		20,132		20,132	 23,969		(3,837)
Total expenditures		20,132		20,132	23,969		(3,837)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		3,025		3,025	(684)		(3,709)
Net change in fund balances		3,025		3,025	(684)		(3,709)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year		6,628		6,628	 6,628		
End of year	\$	9,653	\$	9,653	\$ 5,944	\$	(3,709)

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Morgan Ranch Assessment District 2003-1 Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:	<u></u>						
Taxes and assessments	\$	2,128	\$	2,128	\$ 2,128	\$	-
Use of money and property		30		30	649		619
Total revenues		2,158		2,158	2,777		619
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public ways and facilities		20,028		20,028	 499		19,529
Total expenditures		20,028		20,028	 499		19,529
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		(17,870)		(17,870)	 2,278		20,148
Net change in fund balances		(17,870)		(17,870)	2,278		20,148
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year		20,759		20,759	20,759		
End of year	\$	2,889	\$	2,889	\$ 23,037	\$	20,148

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Morgan Ranch West Reassessment District 2010-1 Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Amour	 Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:						
Taxes and assessments	\$ 2,175	\$	2,175	\$ 2,175	\$	-
Use of money and property	 18		18	 390		372
Total revenues	 2,193		2,193	2,565		372
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public ways and facilities	 615		615	 500		115
Total expenditures	 615	_	615	500		115
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	 1,578		1,578	2,065		487
Net change in fund balances	1,578		1,578	2,065		487
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year	 12,310		12,310	 12,310		
End of year	\$ 13,888	\$	13,888	\$ 14,375	\$	487

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Morgan Ranch West Landscape & Lighting No 1988-2 Annex Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	 Budgeted Original		ts Final	A	Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	 						
Taxes and assessments	\$ 1,478	\$	1,478	\$	1,478	\$	-
Use of money and property	 10		10		213		203
Total revenues	 1,488		1,488		1,691		203
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public ways and facilities	 6,378		6,378		312		6,066
Total expenditures	 6,378		6,378		312		6,066
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	 (4,890)		(4,890)		1,379		6,269
Net change in fund balances	(4,890)		(4,890)		1,379		6,269
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	 6,646	-	6,646		6,646		
End of year	\$ 1,756	\$	1,756	\$	8,025	\$	6,269

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Ventana Sierra Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amoun	ts				nce w/Final ositive
	Original		Final		Actual	(N	egative)
REVENUES:	 _						_
Taxes and assessments	\$ 4,732	\$	4,732	\$	4,732	\$	-
Use of money and property	 15		15		261		246
Total revenues	 4,747		4,747		4,993		246
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public ways and facilities	 9,035		9,035		4,688		4,347
Total expenditures	 9,035		9,035		4,688		4,347
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	 (4,288)		(4,288)		305		4,593
Net change in fund balances	(4,288)		(4,288)		305		4,593
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	 8,755		8,755		8,755		
End of year	\$ 4,467	\$	4,467	\$	9,060	\$	4,593

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Scotia Pines Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Amou	ints Final	 Actual	P	nce w/Final ositive egative)
REVENUES:						
Taxes and assessments	\$ 3,655	\$	3,655	\$ 3,655	\$	-
Use of money and property	10		10	 346		336
Total revenues	 3,665		3,665	 4,001		336
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Public ways and facilities	 12,155		12,155	9,123		3,032
Total expenditures	 12,155		12,155	9,123		3,032
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (8,490)		(8,490)	 (5,122)		3,368
Net change in fund balances	(8,490)		(8,490)	(5,122)		3,368
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year	 11,395		11,395	 11,395		
End of year	\$ 2,905	\$	2,905	\$ 6,273	\$	3,368

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Balance Sheet Block Grant Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

ASSETS	CDBGC		CDBG Revolving		Revolving Loan		04-STBG 1960	
Cash and investments	\$	(1,639)	\$	71,571	\$	60,876	\$	-
Receivables:								
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Loans/Notes receivable				539,010		279,794		271,146
Total assets	\$	(1,639)	\$	610,581	\$	340,670	\$	271,146
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -
Total liabilities						-		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Unassigned (deficit)		(1,639)		610,581		279,794 -		271,146
Total fund balances		(1,639)		610,581		340,670		271,146
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	(1,639)	\$	610,581	\$	340,670	\$	271,146

86-ST	BG 217	91-5	STBG 467	95-STBG 897		97-S	TBG 1118	99-5	STBG 1362
\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	37		49,925		28,007		69,292		110,000
\$	37	\$	49,925	\$	28,007	\$	69,292	\$	110,000
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Φ	<u>-</u> _	Ф	<u>-</u> -	Ф	- - -	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	Φ	<u> </u>
	37		49,925		28,007		69,292		110,000
	37		49,925		28,007		69,292		110,000
\$	37	\$	49,925	\$	28,007	\$	69,292	\$	110,000

(continued)

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Balance Sheet Block Grant Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

ASSETS	CDE	3G Doris Dr	CDE	3G Housing	 Totals		
Cash and investments Receivables: Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 130,808		
Loans/Notes receivable		43,769		73,060	 1,464,040		
Total assets	\$	43,769	\$	73,060	\$ 1,594,848		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ - -		
Total liabilities				_			
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Unassigned (deficit)		43,769		73,060	1,535,611 (1,639)		
Total fund balances		43,769		73,060	 1,594,848		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	43,769	\$	73,060	\$ 1,594,848		

(concluded)



City of Grass Valley, California Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Block Grant Special Revenue Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

		ann a	cp.p.	a n	-		0.4.6	TTD G 1060
DEVENIUE		CDBG	CDB	G Revolving	Revo	lving Loan	04-8	TBG 1960
REVENUES:	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	Ф	(15)	Þ	5,807	Φ	7,919	Φ	886
Total revenues		(15)		5,807		7,919		886
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development		0		10,717		741		
Total expenditures		-		10,717		741		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(15)		(4,910)		7,178		886
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		0		45,254		_		-
Transfers out		-		<u>-</u>				(1,200)
Total other financing sources and uses		-		45,254		-		(1,200)
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER								
FINANCING (USES)		(15)		40,344		7,178		(314)
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year		(1,624)		570,237		333,492		271,460
End of year	\$	(1,639)	\$	610,581	\$	340,670	\$	271,146

86-S	TBG 217	91-STBG 467	95-STBG 897	97-STBG 1118	99-STBG 1362
\$	- 52	\$ - 408	\$ - 956	\$ - 1,275	\$ -
	52	408	956	1,275	
	52	408	956	1,275	
	-		-	-	
	(2,392)	(1,600) (1,600)	(3,588)	-	-
	(2,340)	(1,192)	(2,632)	1,275	-
	2,377	51,117	30,639	68,017	110,000
\$	37	\$ 49,925	\$ 28,007	\$ 69,292	\$ 110,000

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Block Grant Special Revenue Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

	CDB	G Doris Dr	CDB	G Housing	Totals
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _
Use of money and property		300		-	17,588
Total revenues		300			 17,588
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Community development		-		-	 11,458
Total expenditures					 11,458
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		300	,		 6,130
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in					45,254
Transfers out		(3,519)		-	(12,299)
Total other financing sources and uses		(3,519)		-	32,955
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		(3,219)		-	39,085
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year		46,988		73,060	1,555,763
End of year	\$	43,769	\$	73,060	\$ 1,594,848

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual CDBG Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	Φ.		Φ.		•		Φ.	
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(15)	\$	(15)
Use of money and property						(15)		(15)
Total revenues						(15)		(15)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:		14,303		14 202				14 202
Community development				14,303				14,303
Total expenditures		14,303		14,303				14,303
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(14,303)		(14,303)		(15)		14,288
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out		15,000		15,000		- -		(15,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		15,000		15,000				(15,000)
Net change in fund balances		697		697		(15)		(712)
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year		(1,624)		(1,624)		(1,624)		
End of year	\$	(927)	\$	(927)	\$	(1,639)	\$	(712)

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual CDBG Revolving Block Grant Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amou	nts		Variance w/Final Positive	
	 Original		Final	 Actual	(N	legative)
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$ 3,500	\$	3,500	\$ 5,807	\$	2,307
Total revenues	 3,500		3,500	 5,807		2,307
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Community development	 10,000		10,000	10,717		(717)
Total expenditures	 10,000		10,000	 10,717		(717)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (6,500)		(6,500)	 (4,910)		1,590
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	24,460		24,460	45,254		20,794
Transfers out	 (15,000)		(15,000)	-		15,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 9,460		9,460	45,254		35,794
Net change in fund balances	2,960		2,960	40,344		37,384
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year	 570,237		570,237	570,237		
End of year	\$ 573,197	\$	573,197	\$ 610,581	\$	37,384

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Revolving Loan Block Grant Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	 Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final		Actual	Variance w/Fina Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	 Original		Tillal	Actual		(11	cgative)
Use of money and property	\$ 7,000	\$	7,000	\$	7,919	\$	919
Total revenues	7,000		7,000		7,919		919
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community development	1,000		1,000		741		259
Total expenditures	 1,000		1,000		741		259
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	 6,000		6,000		7,178	1	1,178
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	-		-		-		-
Transfers out	(6,000)		(6,000)				6,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,000)		(6,000)				6,000
Net change in fund balances	-		-		7,178		7,178
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	333,492		333,492		333,492		-
End of year	\$ 333,492	\$	333,492	\$	340,670	\$	7,178

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual 04-STBG 1960 Block Grant Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:	<u></u>						
Use of money and property	\$	895	\$	895	\$ 886	\$	(9)
Total revenues		895		895	 886		(9)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community development					 		
Total expenditures					 		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		895		895	 886		(9)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(1,176)		(1,176)	 (1,200)		(24)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,176)		(1,176)	 (1,200)		(24)
Net change in fund balances		(281)		(281)	(314)		(33)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year		271,460		271,460	271,460		
End of year	\$	271,179	\$	271,179	\$ 271,146	\$	(33)

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual 86-STBG 217 Block Grant Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amour	nts				ce w/Final sitive
	(Original		Final		Actual	(Ne	gative)
REVENUES:	<u>-</u>					_		
Use of money and property	\$	175	\$	175	\$	52		(123)
Total revenues		175		175		52		(123)
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Community development								
Total expenditures								
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		175		175		52		(123)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(2,025)		(2,025)		(2,392)		(367)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,025)		(2,025)		(2,392)		(367)
Net change in fund balances		(1,850)		(1,850)		(2,340)		(490)
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year		2,377		2,377		2,377		
End of year	\$	527	\$	527	\$	37	\$	(490)

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual 91-STBG 467 Block Grant Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$	350	\$	350	\$ 408	\$	58
Total revenues		350		350	 408		58
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Community development		_			 _		
Total expenditures					 		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		350		350	408		58
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(350)		(350)	 (1,600)		(1,250)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(350)		(350)	 (1,600)		(1,250)
Net change in fund balances		-		-	(1,192)		(1,192)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year		51,117		51,117	51,117		
End of year	\$	51,117	\$	51,117	\$ 49,925	\$	(1,192)

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual 95-STBG 897 Block Grant Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:		original		1 mai	 retuar	(1)	egative
Use of money and property	\$	375	\$	375	\$ 956	\$	581
Total revenues		375		375	 956		581
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Community development				-			
Total expenditures					 		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		375		375	956		581
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(375)		(375)	(3,588)		(3,213)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(375)		(375)	 (3,588)		(3,213)
Net change in fund balances		-		-	(2,632)		(2,632)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year		30,639		30,639	 30,639		
End of year	\$	30,639	\$	30,639	\$ 28,007	\$	(2,632)

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual 97-STBG 1118 Block Grant Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amour	nts				ce w/Final sitive
	Original		Final		Actual	(Ne	gative)
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$ 1,282	\$	1,282	\$	1,275	\$	(7)
Total revenues	 1,282		1,282		1,275		(7)
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Community development	 						_
Total expenditures	 			_			
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 1,282		1,282		1,275		(7)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out							
Total other financing sources (uses)	 				_		_
Net change in fund balances	1,282		1,282		1,275		(7)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	68,017		68,017		68,017		
End of year	\$ 69,299	\$	69,299	\$	69,292	\$	(7)

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual 99-STBG 1362 Block Grant Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					A 1	Variance w/Final Positive	
REVENUES:		Original		Final		Actual	(Neg	gative)
Use of money and property	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total revenues						-		-
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development	-							
Total expenditures								
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		<u>-</u> _				<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)								
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year		110,000		110,000		110,000		
End of year	\$	110,000	\$	110,000	\$	110,000	\$	

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual CDBG Doris Dr Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			ce w/Final ositive
	(Original		Final	 Actual	(Ne	gative)
REVENUES:	·						
Use of money and property	\$	350	\$	350	\$ 300	\$	(50)
Total revenues		350		350	 300		(50)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community development							_
Total expenditures		<u>-</u>			 		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		350		350	 300		(50)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(3,534)		(3,534)	(3,519)		15
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,534)		(3,534)	 (3,519)		15
Net change in fund balances		(3,184)		(3,184)	(3,219)		(35)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year		46,988		46,988	 46,988		
End of year	\$	43,804	\$	43,804	\$ 43,769	\$	(35)

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual CDBG Housing Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:		Jigillai		I IIIai		Actual	(14)	egative
Use of money and property	\$	525	\$	525	\$		\$	(525)
Total revenues		525		525				(525)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development								
Total expenditures								
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		525		525				(525)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>	1			<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balances		525		525		-		(525)
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year		73,060		73,060		73,060		
End of year	\$	73,585	\$	73,585	\$	73,060	\$	(525)

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Balance Sheet Housing Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

	HOME Grant			OME 6272	HOME 8564	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	263,491	\$	-	\$	-
Receivables:						
Loans/Notes receivable		607,191		472,508		469,166
Total assets	\$	870,682	\$	472,508	\$	469,166
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	1,045	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds						
Total liabilities		1,045		-		-
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		607,191		472,508		469,166
Restricted		262,446		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)				-		-
Total fund balances		869,637		472,508		469,166
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	870,682	\$	472,508	\$	469,166

99-Н	OME 0369	Iousing abilitation	00-HOME 0461		Totals
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 263,491
	411,815	 364,437		1,683,277	4,008,394
\$	411,815	\$ 364,437	\$	1,683,277	\$ 4,271,885
\$	<u>-</u>	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$ 1,045
	-	-		-	1,045
	411,815 - 0 411,815	 364,437		1,683,277 - - 1,683,277	 4,008,394 262,446 - 4,270,840
\$	411,815	\$ 364,437	\$	1,683,277	\$ 4,271,885

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Housing Special Revenue Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

	НО	ME Grant	09-H	OME 6272	НО	ME 8564
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Use of money and property		4,851		11,659		12,584
Other revenues		0				
Total revenues		4,851		11,659		12,584
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Community development		10,681		-		
Total expenditures		10,681				
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES		(5,830)		11,659		12,584
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		270,598		-		-
Transfers out				(91,077)		(61,349)
Total other financing sources and uses		270,598		(91,077)		(61,349)
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER						
FINANCING (USES)		264,768		(79,418)		(48,765)
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year		604,869		551,926		517,931
End of year	\$	869,637	\$	472,508	\$	469,166

99-HOME 0369	Housing Rehabilitation	00-HOME 0461	Totals
\$ - 6,061	\$ - 6,040 -	\$ - 47,524	\$ - 88,719
6,061	6,040	47,524	88,719
	<u>-</u>		10,681
			10,681
6,061	6,040	47,524	78,038
(78,908)	(32,955)	(39,264)	270,598 (303,553)
(78,908)	(32,955)	(39,264)	(32,955)
(72,847)	(26,915)	8,260	45,083
484,662	391,352	1,675,017	4,225,757
\$ 411,815	\$ 364,437	\$ 1,683,277	\$ 4,270,840

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual HOME Grant - Housing Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property Other revenues	\$ 150	\$	150	\$	4,851	\$	4,701
Total revenues	 150		150		4,851		4,701
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community development	 12,000		12,000		10,681		1,319
Total expenditures	12,000		12,000		10,681		1,319
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (11,850)		(11,850)		(5,830)		6,020
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out	 - -		- -		- -		- -
Total other financing sources (uses)					-		
Net change in fund balances	(11,850)		(11,850)		(5,830)		6,020
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	 604,869		604,869		604,869		
End of year	\$ 593,019	\$	593,019	\$	599,039	\$	6,020

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual 09-HOME 6272 Grant - Housing Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	\$	13,000	\$	13,000	\$	11,659	c	(1.241)
Use of money and property	<u> </u>	13,000	3	13,000	\$	11,039	\$	(1,341)
Total revenues		13,000		13,000		11,659		(1,341)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community development				-				<u>-</u>
Total expenditures								
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		13,000		13,000		11,659		(1,341)
Net change in fund balances		13,000		13,000		11,659		(1,341)
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year		551,926		551,926		551,926		
End of year	\$	564,926	\$	564,926	\$	563,585	\$	(1,341)

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual HOME 8564 Grant - Housing Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance w/Final Positive		
	(Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES:									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Use of money and property		15,000		15,000		12,584		(2,416)	
Other revenues									
Total revenues		15,000		15,000		12,584		(2,416)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Community development								_	
Total expenditures									
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES		15,000		15,000		12,584		(2,416)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out									
Total other financing sources (uses)								-	
Net change in fund balances		15,000		15,000		12,584		(2,416)	
FUND BALANCES:									
Beginning of year		517,931		517,931		517,931		_	
End of year	\$	532,931	\$	532,931	\$	530,515	\$	(2,416)	

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual 99-HOME 0369 Grant - Housing Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

DEVENYER	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance w/Final Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES: Use of money and property	\$	150	\$	150	\$	6,061	\$	5,911
Total revenues		150	Ψ	150		6,061		5,911
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community development						0		<u>-</u> _
Total expenditures								
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		150		150		6,061		5,911
Net change in fund balances		150		150		6,061		5,911
FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year		484,662		484,662		484,662		_
End of year	\$	484,812	\$	484,812	\$	490,723	\$	5,911

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Housing Rehabilitation - Housing Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance w/Fina Positive	
	(Original	Final		Actual		(1)	legative)
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$	5,200	\$	5,200	\$	6,040	\$	840
Total revenues		5,200		5,200		6,040		840
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Community development								
Total expenditures								
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		5,200		5,200		6,040		840
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(11,000)		(11,000)		(32,955)		(21,955)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(11,000)		(11,000)		(32,955)		(21,955)
Net change in fund balances		(5,800)		(5,800)		(26,915)		(21,115)
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year		391,352		391,352		391,352		
End of year	\$	385,552	\$	385,552	\$	364,437	\$	(21,115)

City of Grass Valley, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual 00-HOME 0461 Grant - Housing Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance w/Final Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual	(1	Negative)	
REVENUES:	_		_				_		
Use of money and property	\$	47,524	\$	47,524	\$	47,524	\$		
Total revenues		47,524		47,524		47,524			
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Community development							-		
Total expenditures								-	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		47,524		47,524		47,524			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out						(39,264)		(39,264)	
Total other financing sources (uses)						(39,264)		(39,264)	
Net change in fund balances		47,524		47,524		8,260		(39,264)	
FUND BALANCES:									
Beginning of year		1,675,017		1,675,017		1,675,017			
End of year	\$	1,722,541	\$	1,722,541	\$	1,683,277	\$	(39,264)	



NON-MAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS

Fund Fund	Description
Elizabeth Daniels	Accounts for funds received for the Elizabeth Daniels Park.
Animal Shelter	Accounts for funds received for the Animal Shelter.

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds June 30, 2019

		Permai	nent Fun	ds		
ASSETS	_	izabeth Daniels	_	Animal Shelter	Pe	on-Major ermanent nds Totals
Cash and investments	\$	99,203	\$	30,739	\$	129,942
Total assets	\$	99,203	\$	30,739	\$	129,942
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total liabilities		_		_		-
Fund Balances: Restricted Assigned Total fund balances		91,583 7,620 99,203		28,650 2,089 30,739		120,233 9,709 129,942
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	99,203	\$	30,739	\$	129,942

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Permane			
		zabeth aniels	nimal helter	Non-Major Permanent Funds Totals	
REVENUES: Use of money and property		2,939	\$ 911	\$	3,850
Total revenues		2,939	 911		3,850
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Total expenditures REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		2,939	- - 911		3,850
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		2,939	911		3,850
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year		96,264	 29,828		126,092
End of year	\$	99,203	\$ 30,739	\$	129,942



City of Grass Valley, California Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2019

Whispering Pines Morgan Ranch Redemption		Balance ly 1, 2018		Additions		Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	60	\$	63	\$	(60)	\$	63
Total assets	\$	60	\$	63	\$	(60)	\$	63
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to (from) others		60		63		(60)		63
Total liabilities	\$	60	\$	63	\$	(60)	\$	63
Whispering Pines Morgan Ranch Reserve 2001 ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	3	\$	(92,874)	\$	(3)	\$	(92,874)
Cash and investments held by trustees		277,265		178,354		(277,265)		178,354
Total assets	\$	277,268	\$	85,480	\$	(277,268)	\$	85,480
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	615	\$	-	\$	615
Due to (from) others		277,268		84,865		(277,268)		84,865
Total liabilities	\$	277,268	\$	85,480	\$	(277,268)	\$	85,480
Whispering Pines Morgan Ranch Redemption 2001								
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	158,508	\$	273,043	\$	(158,508)	\$	273,043
Cash and investments held by trustees	Ψ	33	Ψ	10	Ψ	(33)	Ψ	10
Receivables:						()		
Assessments		7,399		759		(7,399)		759
Total assets	\$	165,940	\$	273,812	\$	(165,940)	\$	273,812
LIABILITIES								
Deposits payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to (from) others		165,940		273,812		(165,940)		273,812
Total liabilities	\$	165,940	\$	273,812	\$	(165,940)	\$	273,812

City of Grass Valley, California Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Balance					Balance	
Totals	Ju	ly 1, 2018	Α	Additions Deductions			June 30, 2019	
ASSETS		_		_				
Cash and investments	\$	158,571	\$	180,232	\$	(158,571)	\$	180,232
Cash and investments held by trustees		277,298		178,364		(277,298)		178,364
Receivables:								
Assessments		7,399		759		(7,399)		759
Total assets	\$	443,268	\$	359,355	\$	(443,268)	\$	359,355
LIABILITIES								
Due to (from) others	\$	443,268	\$	358,740	\$	(443,268)	\$	358,740
Total liabilities	\$	443,268	\$	359,355	\$	(443,268)	\$	359,355